

0175

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Clark, Charles P.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0176

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Hunt, Wilson G.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0177

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Trowbridge, E.H.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0178

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Bishop, William

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0179

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Wheeler, Nathaniel

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0180

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Robinson, Henry C.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0 18 1

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Reed, Edward M.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0182

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Park, Joseph

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0183

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Depew, Chauncey M.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0184

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Lee, Henry S.

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0185

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Rockefeller, William

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0186

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Brainard, Leverett

**DATE:**

03/31/91



3964

0187

POOR QUALITY ORIGINAL

577 *Wells* *criminal*  
Pleas 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, & 12 *Not guilty (May 27)* *61D*

Counsel.

Filed

day of

March 1891

Pleas

*31* *defendants appear by counsel*  
*refuses to plead or demur*  
*upon the court order*  
THE PEOPLE *guilty* *April 13, 1891*

- vs.
- 1. Charles P. Clark, v.
- 2. William G. Hunt, v.
- 3. E. M. ...
- 4. William D. ...
- 5. Nathaniel ...
- 6. James C. Robinson, v.
- 7. ...
- 8. ...
- 9. ...
- 10. ...
- 11. William ...
- 12. ...

*Wells means*  
*1891*  
*1891*  
*1891*  
*1891*

JOHN R. FELLOWS

June 24, 1891 District Attorney.

No. 2 Indictment dismissed

TRUE BILL.

*Alfred ...*

June 24, 1891 Foreman.

Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 all  
tried and 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, & 12  
and acquitted and  
No. 1 acquitted



STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroners Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, the 25th day of February 1891, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91.

before DANIEL HANLY, Coroner, of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of Michael Mullane

now lying dead at Twelve Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said Michael Mullane came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said Michael Mullane came to his death by.

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST: That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND: We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD: We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

Station at the  
end of the  
tunnel

and I have  
been called

STATION  
SECOND: We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel. We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel.

THIRD: We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel. We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel.

FOURTH: We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel. We have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 10th inst. in relation to the proposed change in the position of the station at the end of the tunnel.

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.



TESTIMONY.

I have made *M. D., being duly sworn, says:*  
of the body of  
now lying dead at  
and from such  
and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of  
death is

*Wm A. Conway*  
*M. D.*

Sworn to before me,  
this *20<sup>th</sup>* day of *Feb* 18*90*  
*Richard L. King* CORONER.



MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
14 Years - Months - Days	N. Y. City	Brooklyn	Feb. 20 1891

St. James Place  
84 West 4th St.

W. L. July  
No. 615  
1891

AN INQUIRY

On the VIEW of the BODY of

Michael Mallone (No. 3)

whereby it is found that he came to his death by <sup>by</sup> ~~Compliment~~ <sup>fracture</sup> of leg & arm (right) & several of body & face. Caused by collision between M. J. H. H. Local & name of empty train <sup>was</sup> ~~was~~ of same road at <sup>at</sup> ~~at~~ 5 P. M., Feb. 20/91.

Concluded on the 5<sup>th</sup> day of March 1891 before DANIEL HANNEY, Coroner.

65

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroner's Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17<sup>th</sup> Ward of the City of

New York, in the County of New York, the 24<sup>th</sup>, 25<sup>th</sup>, 26<sup>th</sup> days of February, A.D. 1891

in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91

before *Ferdinand Levy*

*Ferdinand Levy* DANIEL HANLY, Coroner,  
of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *William Anton Zeilner*

now lying dead at

*Twelve* Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of  
good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and  
sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the  
said *William Anton Zeilner* came to his death, do upon  
their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *William Anton Zeilner*  
came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. ~~Supple~~ Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Mencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and

...of the ... of the ... in the ... of ...  
...for the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...

...of the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...

...the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...  
...the ... of the ... and ...

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

*Handwritten signatures and notes in the left margin.*

1887  
The undersigned Jurors, after reading the foregoing  
and hearing the evidence, do hereby certify that the  
contents of the foregoing report are true and correct  
to the best of their knowledge and belief.

page 8  
/

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition  
set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

<i>Wm. W. ...</i> 338 Lexington av	<i>Andrew Miller</i>
<i>J. Dever Page</i>	<i>Isaac Hamburger</i>
<i>Joseph J. Prokaw</i>	<i>1 East 79 St</i>
<i>John M. Elliot</i>	<i>Brooklyn</i>
<i>Wm. S. ...</i>	<i>Brooklyn</i>
<i>Andrew Miller 65 78 St</i>	
<i>Gustav N. Schwab</i> 145 78 St	
<i>Jordan G. Mott</i>	<i>Richard Levy</i> Coroner. U. S.
<i>Charles Warren</i>	

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says:

I have made

of the body of  
now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of  
death is Fracture Right Arm, Fracture of Skull  
and Burns of Nose & Face, Penetrating Wound  
of Back thru arm of seat.

Wm. A. Conway  
(M. D.)

Sworn to before me,

this 20<sup>th</sup> day of

Feb 1891

Frederick R. King CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE		PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
Years 1	Months 20	Days	New York City, Marine from Samuel	Feb 20 1891
840 20th St Ave.				

Boiler purchased by [unclear]  
 written by [unclear]  
 932-1st Ave.

W. L. D. [unclear]  
 S. A. E. [unclear]

Chgo. 636

1st Ave. 1891

AN INQUISITION

On the view of the BODY of one  
 Anderson man (X-2)  
 W. L. D. [unclear]

whereby it is found that he came to  
 his death by [unclear]  
 by [unclear] of N. Y. City  
 of H. Board [unclear]  
 and of Board [unclear]  
 board at 715 [unclear]  
 his [unclear] at 811 [unclear]  
 of the [unclear]

Sydney [unclear]  
 Chicago [unclear] 1891 before  
 DANIEL BARTLEY  
 Coroner.

636

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
18 Years 1 Month 20 Days	New York City	at the corner of 11th Ave. & 4th St. N.Y.C.	March 2, 1891

Body preserved by Alderman  
 in the City of New York  
 932-1st Ave.

(2)  
 N.Y. State  
 No. 630  
 1891

AN INQUISITION

On the VIEW of the BODY of an  
 Unknown man (No. 2)  
 Wm. Anthony Gilmer

whereby it is found that he came to  
 his death by injuries received  
 by collision of N.Y. N.H.  
 T.H. Brennan with employ-  
 ees of Boston Express found  
 lying at 7th St. on Feb 27/91  
 in tunnel at 8th St and  
 4th Ave.

Exhibited  
 Original on the 5th day  
 of March 1891 before  
 DANIEL FARMLEY, Coroner.

630

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroners Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February 1891, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91

before DANIEL HANLY, Coroner, of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of John Murray now lying dead at

Twelve good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said John Murray came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said John Murray came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Millane, James R. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James R. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we



*[Faint, illegible text, possibly a stamp or header]*

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. Westman 33 Lexington	Gustav H. Schwan
J. Seaman Bay	Andrew Miller
Julien M. Elliot, 20 Broadway	Isaac Hamburger
John D. Cunningham 40 & 68 Street	
Isaac V. Prokhan 1 East 79 St	
Jedon G. Mott 2122 - 5th Ave	
Charles W. Moore 1 East 28th St	
Attest: <i>[Signature]</i>	F. R. Wilbur
	Coroner. U. S.

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says :

I have made

of the body of

now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of

death is Suffocation, Double Fractures of ribs  
and arms, and Burns of face and  
back.

Wm A Conway,  
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this 20<sup>th</sup> day of

Feb 1891  
Frederick L. King

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
49 Years — Months — Days	Ireland	Marine from	Febr 2 1892
by tunnel at 84 <sup>W</sup> & 4 <sup>W</sup> Ave			

W. L. J. [Signature]

No. 613

1891

AN INQUISTION

On the view of the body of an

unknown man (No. 1.)

the [unclear] as

of the [unclear]

whereby it is found that, he came to,

by [unclear] [unclear]

of the [unclear] [unclear]

Investigation on the 5<sup>th</sup> day  
of March 1891 before  
[Signature] Coroner.

613



STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroners Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February 1891

in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91 before DANIEL HANLY, Coroner, of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of James J. Flynn

now lying dead at

Twelve good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said James J. Flynn came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said James J. Flynn came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Mencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND: We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. this setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD: We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we



In witness whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. Wickham	John H. Sewall
J. Seaver	Chadwick Hill
John M. [unclear]	Isaac Handerson
James T. Brokaw	1 East 79 St
John A. [unclear]	W. W. [unclear]
Joseph G. [unclear]	Essex [unclear]
Schuyler Warren	Ferdinand [unclear]

Coroner. L. S.

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says:

I have made

of the body of  
now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of  
death is *Asphyxiation, Burns & fractured ribs*

*Wm. A. ...*  
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this 20<sup>th</sup> day of

*February 1896*

*Frederick ...*

CORONER.



MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
50 Years 2 Months 2 Days	Groton, Ct.	Orange Row	Feb. 20 1891

Found at 84<sup>th</sup> St at 9<sup>th</sup> Ave

Wife lived 695 - 3<sup>rd</sup> Ave

Feb. 21 1891

Mr. C. B. G. 1891

AN INQUISITION

On the VIEW of the BODY of one  
unknown man (No. 4)  
identified as  
James B. Flynn

whereby it is found that, he came to  
his death by injuries received  
during collisions of N. Y. & N. H.  
R. "Local" with empty cars  
of "Boston Express" going north  
on same track at 7<sup>th</sup> St N. Y. & N. H. R.  
1891 at tunnel at 84<sup>th</sup> St  
N. Y. & N. H. R.

Concluded  
Inquest on the 5<sup>th</sup> day  
of March 1891 before  
J. H. Munnell Esq.  
BARRISTER AT LAW, GROTON, CT.

629

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroner's Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February & 3rd day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91 before

FERDINAND LEVY, Coroner

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of John H. Hencke now lying dead at

Twelve Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said John H. Hencke came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said John H. Hencke came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND: We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD: We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

...for the...  
...New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately re-  
...and we further find that the New York  
...of engineer Fowler to quadruplicate the danger sig-  
...and others heretofore mentioned, because of the fact  
...immediately reasonable for the safety of New York & Hartford  
...Railroad Company the officers and directors are im-

SECOND:

...  
...of the accident upon the fact passed the danger  
...Fowler did not read the signal in time on the day  
...it is further reported by the jury that engineer  
...Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal  
...engineer Fowler of the New York & Hartford  
...in the tunnel due to the presence of too much smoke and  
...thereby being owing to the opening of the atmosphere  
...ed from on the morning of Sep. 30, and the jury re-  
...New York & Hartford Railroad Company failed to a reason-  
...engineer were obviously not in danger at the time the  
...the presence of evidence shows that the

FIRST:

...  
...the morning of Sep. 30, 1881 at  
...Wm. B. Ryan, and John H. ... in the  
...M. H. ... John H. ... Mich-  
...the cause of death of Peter J. ...  
...the coroner John ... of Colonel ...

AERDICE:

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all  
times. We further recommend that such outgoing  
and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel  
be advised of the train immediately preceding it  
and also its reasonable headway. And we further  
recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted  
for all trains and engines passing through the  
tunnel.

mirrored text bleed-through from the reverse side of the page, appearing as a faint, inverted image of the document's content.

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the **CORONER**, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

<i>Wm. Williams</i> 338 Lexington	<i>Andrew Miller</i>
<i>J. Sever</i>	<i>George H. Schwan</i>
<i>Julien M. Witt</i> 6	<i>Isaac Hamburger</i> 109 E. 78th
<i>James J. Prokav</i>	<i>East 79 St</i>
<i>Charles ...</i>	<i>W. ...</i>
<i>Joseph M. Holt</i>	<i>...</i>
<i>John ... Warren</i>	<i>Fred ... Levy</i> Coroner. N. Y.

TESTIMONY.

Wm. T. Jenkins

M. D., being duly sworn, says;

I have made an examination of the body of

John H. Hencke

now lying dead at

Presbyterian Hospital and from such Examination

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of

death is Shock - Traumatic amputation of

left tibia and fibula, and compound comminuted

fracture right tibia and fibula simple fracture

right femur, burns of body; injuries received

in collision in tunnel 4<sup>th</sup> Ave and 84<sup>th</sup> St

Feb. 20<sup>th</sup> 1891 - 7.10 Am.

Wm. T. Jenkins, M.D.

Sworn to before me

this 20<sup>th</sup> day of February 1891

Ferdinand R. [Signature]

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
19 Years 0 Months 1 Days	N.Y. City	Presbyterian Hospital	Feb. 20 1899

Statement  
 Presbyterian  
 Hospital

F. L.

1012

1012

1012

1899

AN INQUISTION

On the VIEW of the BODY of

John St. Sencke

whereby it is found that he came to

his death by

Chock - Fracture of

amputation of left tibia

and fibula - and compound

comminuted fracture of

right tibia and fibula, simple

fracture right femur, bones

body, injuries received

the following in tunnel 4 1/2

feet and 8 1/2 in. Feb. 20 1899

1899, at 7.10 AM.

Very closely 15 1/2 days

Original taken on the

of 1899

FERDINAND LEVY, Doctor.

1012

Statement  
 Presbyterian  
 Hospital

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
19 Years 5 Months 5 Days	Wm. City	Presbyterian Hospital	Feb. 20 1891

MEMORANDA.

*John*  
 F. I.  
 No. 612  
 1st Dec. 1890

AN INQUISITION  
 On the VIEW of the BODY of

*John A. Neucke*

whereby it is found that he came to  
 his death by  
 Shock - Traumatic  
 amputation of left tibia  
 and fibula - and compound  
 comminuted fracture of  
 right tibia and fibula, simple  
 fracture right femur, trans  
 body, iniquity received  
 the collision in tunnel  
 Ave and 4th St. Feb. 20 1891  
 at 7.10 AM.

Very truly  
 Obedient servant on the day  
*Fernald* 1891 before  
 FERDINAND LEVY, Coroner.

1612

## STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

## AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Borough Office*No. *124* *Second Avenue* in the *17<sup>th</sup>* Ward of the City of  
New York, in the County of New York, this *24<sup>th</sup>* day of *February*, *1891*.in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *91*  
*before* *Richard**Levy*  
DANIEL HANEY, Coroner,of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *Helen Theresa Supple*  
*now lying dead at*

Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of

*Twelve* good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and  
sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner thesaid *Helen Theresa Supple* came to *her* death, do upontheir Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *Helen T. Supple*came to *her* death by

## V E R D I C T:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy, to inquire into the cause of the death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Feilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue Tunnel, on the morning of February 20th, 1891, do find:

## F I R S T:

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of February, 20th, and that the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel, due to the presence of fog and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

## S E C O N D:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger

02 19

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroner's Office  
No. 124 Second Avenue  
New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February, 1891, before me, Daniel Haney, Coroner, of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of Helen Theresa Supple, now lying dead at

Levy  
in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91

Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of

Levy good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said Helen Theresa Supple came to her death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said Helen T. Supple came to her death by

V E R D I C T:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy, to inquire into the cause of the death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Feilner, John H. Hercke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue Tunnel, on the morning of February 20th, 1891, do find:

FIRST:

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of February, 20th, and that the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel, due to the presence of fog and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger

0220

0221

signal at 72nd Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford railroad company is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York New Haven and Hartford railroad company, thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

would  
We urge the Legislature to compel the New York Central & NHudson River railroad company to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

0222

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Mr. Kitchman  
338 City Hall St

Joseph [unclear]

Julien M. [unclear]

John [unclear]

Isaac J. Prokan

Gustav H. Schwaab

Joseph G. Mott

Charles [unclear]

Andrew [unclear]

Isaac [unclear]

Et Alia

1 East 79<sup>th</sup> St

Dr. [unclear]

Richard [unclear]  
Coroner. L.S.

0223

TESTIMONY.

*Wm A Conway* M. D., being duly sworn, says:

I have made an examination of the body of *Selen D. Supple* now lying dead at *the morgue* and from such examination and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of death is *Burns of Body & Face & Fracture of* *Ribs - High*

*Wm A Conway*  
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this *20th* day of *Feb* 189*7*

*Frederick Levy* CORONER.

0224

MEMORANDA.

AGE			PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
36	Years	Months - Days	N. Y. State	Manhole from Tunnel at 84 <sup>th</sup> St & 4 <sup>th</sup> Ave.	Febr 20 1891

Box 575 44<sup>th</sup> Ave  
with husband Richard Smith

W. D. [Signature]

1891

AN INQUISITION

On the view of the body of an unknown woman (Mrs) been found as Helen Spence Sipple

whereby it is found that she came to her death by poisoning received during collection of No. 4, N.Y. St. & Canal with empty cans of Boston & Bayview's pig wall on same heels in canal 84<sup>th</sup> St & Canal. It will be shown by the following  
Feb 20 1891

Original taken on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of February 1891 before Daniel Hanney, Coroner.

[Signature]

0225

Reb 589 4611  
with husband Richard Sipple

J. L. Sipple  
D.E.

1891

AN INQUISITION

On the VIEW of the BODY of an  
unknown woman (No. 8)  
inter-posed as  
Nellen Thuse Sipple

whereby it is found that she came to  
her death by Spinae, received  
during collection of No. 4.  
Nelle H. "Local" writes  
empty card of "Bartons  
Express" my notes on same  
books in journal of 4<sup>th</sup> 1891  
of live about 7<sup>th</sup> 1891  
February 1891

Completed  
Inquest held on the 15<sup>th</sup> day  
of March 1891 before  
DAVID HAYES, CORONER.

6111

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
36 Years - Months - Days	N. Y. State	Marysville	Feb 20 1891

Journal at West of the case.

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE  
Of the City and County of New York.

.....

The People of the State of New York "

--against-- "

Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt, E.H.  
Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathan-  
iel Wheeler, Henry C.Robinson, Edward  
M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew,  
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and  
Leverett Brainard.  
.....

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,  
by this Indictment accuse Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt,  
E.H.Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry  
C.Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chaunsey M.Depew,  
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of a  
Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the twentieth day of  
February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hun-  
dred and ninty-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford  
Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had  
been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing  
under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut,  
\_\_\_\_\_ and on the day and in  
the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said

corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

And on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, the said Charles P. Clark late of the City and County aforesaid was the President and a Director of the said corporation, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, all late of the City and County aforesaid, were directors of the said corporation, and the said Charles P. Clark as such President and Director, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee,

0228

mirrored text from the reverse side of the page, appearing as bleed-through.

William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, as such, directors --- (being and composing the Board of Directors of the said corporation)--- then and there had the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of the trains and cars operated and used by the said steam railroad for the purposes thereof as aforesaid, and among other things of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains of the said steam railroad and so hauled and run by it as aforesaid, and particularly of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains hauled and run by the said steam railroad for the conveyance and transportation of passengers in, by, over and along the said portion of the said line of railroad so being within the said City and County of New York.

A n d the said Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew, Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance and permission of them the said Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt,

0229

and operation of the equipment, management and operation  
and construction) --- upon the facts and the evidence  
for --- (equal to, compare the books of directors of the  
WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER and TOLSON, DISTRICT, as above stated ---

E.H.Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry  
C.Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew,  
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller, and Leverett Brainard, for  
the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the  
said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that por-  
tion thereof lying within the City and County of New York  
aforesaid, --- the number of said passenger trains and of  
the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as  
aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown ---  
and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passen-  
ger cars to be heated, --- not for temporary use in case of  
accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual  
method of heating such cars while the same were in actual  
use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid, and  
in motion, --- by means of stoves kept inside of such cars,  
none of the said cars having been or being then equipped  
with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from  
the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a spec-  
ial car; against the form of the statute in such cases made  
and provided, and against the peace of the People of the  
State of New York, and their dignity.



HENRY C. ROBINSON, EDWARD M. REED, JOSEPH PARK, CHAUNCEY  
 M. DEPEW, HENRY S. LEE, WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER AND LEVERETT  
 BRAINARD, PLAINTIFFS, vs. THE NEW YORK AND WESTCHESTER RAILROAD COMPANY, DEFENDANT.

portion to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also  
 within the said City and County of New York.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt,  
 E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler,  
 Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey  
 M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett  
 Brainard on the said twentieth day of February, in the year  
 aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully  
 heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other  
 than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of  
 and composing divers passenger trains then and there run,  
 hauled, used and operated for the conveyance of passen-  
 gers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in  
 by, over and along that portion thereof lying within  
 the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of  
 said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on,  
 of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand  
 Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and  
 permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for tem-  
 porary use in case of accident or other emergency but as  
 the regular and usual method of heating such cars while  
 the same were in actual use and service and being hauled  
 and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves  
 kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been  
 or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam,  
 hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or draw-  
 ing the same or from a special car; against the form of

0232

V. H. S. THE SAID CHARLES P. CLARK, WILSON G. HUNT

ATTORNEY THE SAID GREAT AND COMMON OF NEW YORK

POSITION TO WIT: FOR WRITERS SPECIALLY AND INDIVIDUALLY FOR THE SAID

the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

THIRD COUNT

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Thowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward H. Reed, Joseph Park, Chamcey M. Depew, Henry C. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

Heretofore, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut; and on the day and in the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the

of the...  
...of the...  
...of the...

a-1

said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit; twenty six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

the  
And the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains to wit; divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, <sup>used</sup> and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance and permission of the said the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but

0234

of the said

degrees of the people of the State of New York, but such  
the degree of such cases which have been brought, but which may be

0. -1

said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was  
and yet is doing business in this State and in the City  
and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and run-  
ning of trains of cars for the conveyance and transporta-  
tion of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a  
certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit;  
twenty six miles thereof and upwards being within this State,  
and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being  
also within the said City and County of New York.

the  
And the said New York, New Haven and Hartford  
Railroad Company on the said twentieth day of February,  
in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid,  
did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam  
railroad on other than mixed trains to wit; divers passen-  
ger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains  
then and there run, hauled, <sup>used</sup> and operated by the said steam  
railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance  
and permission of the said the New York, New Haven and  
Hartford Railroad Company for the conveyance of passengers  
in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in,  
by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the  
City and County of New York aforesaid (the number of said  
passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of  
and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand  
Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer  
and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for  
temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but

0235

... of the ... for the ... and ...  
... is ... in ... and ...  
... along ...

as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car;

And on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, the said Charles P. Clark, late of the City and County aforesaid, was the President and a Director of the said corporation, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard all late of the City and County aforesaid, were Directors of the said corporation, and the said Charles P. Clark, as such President and Director, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, as such Directors, (being and composing the Board of Directors of the said corporation) then and there had the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of the trains and cars operated and used by the said steam railroad for the purposes thereof as afore-

0236

...of the City and County of New York, and among other things of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains of the said steam railroad and so hauled and run by it as aforesaid, and particularly of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains hauled and run by the said steam railroad for the conveyance and transportation of passengers in, by, over and along the said portion of the said line of railroad so being within the said City and County of New York.

And so being such *president and directors* as aforesaid, and so having the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of its trains and cars as aforesaid, and of the heating of its passenger cars as aforesaid, the said

*Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Frowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Braward,*

## II

then and there, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, were unlawfully concerned in the commission of the said crime and misdemeanor by the said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and there unlawfully did aid and abet in its commission by the said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and there unlawfully did directly counsel, command, induce and procure the said corporation so to commit the said crime and misdemeanor in manner and form aforesaid; against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

## FOURTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. - Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller, and Leverett - Brainard, of the same misdemeanor, committed as follows:  
H e r e t o f o r e,      t o w i t :      o n t h e s a i d t w e n t i e t h

day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut \_\_\_\_\_ ; and on the day and in the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof, to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards, being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards, being also within the said City and County of New York.

A n d the said the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and

there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance and permission of the said The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car;

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, \_\_\_\_\_

0240

I4

all late of the City and County aforesaid, then and there  
to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the  
City and County aforesaid, were unlawfully concerned in the  
commission of the said crime and misdemeanor by the said  
corporation, in manner and form aforesaid, and then and  
there unlawfully did aid and abet in its commission by the  
said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and  
there unlawfully did directly counsel, command, induce and  
procure the said corporation so to commit the said crime  
and misdemeanor in manner and form aforesaid, against the  
form of the statute in such case made and provided, and  
against the peace of the People of the State of New York,  
and their dignity.

## FIFTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and for a long time prior thereto, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard did and yet do operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad was and yet is doing business in this State, and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof, to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew,

Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement direction, sufferance and permission of them, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a special car; against the form of the statute in such cases made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

## SIXTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

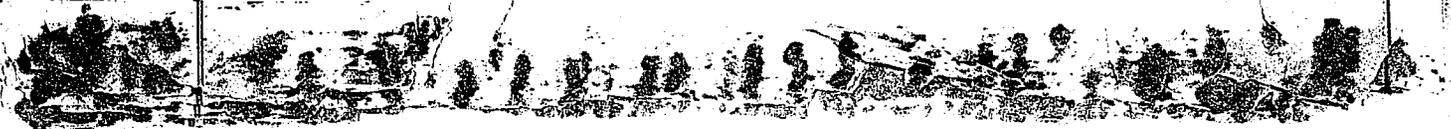
H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: On the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the said Charles P. Clark, late of the City and County aforesaid, being the President and a Director of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, all late of the same place, being Directors of the said corporation, which said corporation then, and for a long time prior thereto, operated, maintained and used and yet does operate, maintain and use, a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad and which said steam railroad then and there did business in this State in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, ten miles thereof and upwards being within the City and County of New York, at the

City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully cause and procure, suffer and permit the said steam railroad to heat its passenger cars on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad, and in, by, over and along that portion thereof so lying and being within the said City and County, by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water, or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a special car, (the number of said passenger trains, and of the said passenger cars, on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown), against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SEVENTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and for a long time prior thereto, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge,



William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard all late of the City and County aforesaid, did and yet do operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, which said steam railroad then and there did and yet does business in this State in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight, in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, ten miles thereof and upwards lying and being within the City and County aforesaid.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, F.H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully cause and procure, suffer and permit the said steam railroad to heat its passenger cars on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad, and in, by, over and along that portion thereof so lying and being within the said city and county, (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency, but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion ) by means of stoves kept inside

0246

of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car; against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

De Lancey Nicoll,  
District Attorney.

0247

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Clark, Edward A.

**DATE:**

03/26/91



3964

630

Counsel, *Edw. A. Clark*  
Filed *May 18 1899*  
Pleads, *Alfred C. ...*

THE PEOPLE  
vs.  
Edward A. Clark  
alias  
Albert Sprague  
(Defendant)

Forgery in the Second Degree.  
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL  
JOHN R. FELLOWS

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

*Alfred C. ...*

Foreman.

Witnesses:  
*Robert H. Seering*

0249

Police Court, First District.

City and County of New York, ss. of No. 217 East 36 Street, aged Richard H. Stephens 44 years, occupation Carpenter and Builder being duly sworn, deposes and says, that on the 28 day of January 1891, at the City of New York, in the County of New York.

Edward A. Clark (now here) did wilfully forge and utter as true a certain paper (viz note) with intent to defraud on the following facts to wit: That deponent is informed by Peter J. G. Seaving of No 69 Fulton Street, who is a member of the firm of H. B. Kirk and Co that on or about the 28th day of January 1891 the said defendant came into his place of business at the said address, and stated to said Peter J. G. Seaving that he was the son-in-law of deponent, and was desirous of buying a quantity of liquors and cigars as the deponent his father-in-law was about starting him in business at Huntington Long Island. And that deponent is further informed by the said Peter J. G. Seaving, that the said defendant did then and there give and hand to said Peter J. G. Seaving - an instrument or paper (viz note) hereto annexed and marked Exhibit A stating at the said time that the maker of said note whose name R. H. Stephens is signed thereto was his father in law, and had given him the said note to pay for the bill of Liquors which he had contracted for and had bought from the said firm of H. B. Kirk and Company, and at the same time requested to have the goods he had ordered, to be sent to Edward A. Clark, Huntington Long Island. And deponent is further informed by said Peter J. G. Seaving, that on or about the 31st day of January 1891 the said defendant came to his place of business, and stated that he was in need of the goods, and would take

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

District,

188	Magistrate.	Officer.	Clerk.	Street,	Street,	Street,	Sessions
-----	-------------	----------	--------	---------	---------	---------	----------

of  
York, in the County of New York,

the same away with him. and that the said Peter J. L. Searing relying on the representations of the said defendant that the said R. H. Stephens was his father in law. and was the master of the note, which the defendant had given in payment for said goods, did then and there give and allow the said defendant to take away the said property. And deponent further says that the said defendant had no right or authority to use his name, in any transactions whatever that he is not his son in law. nor any relations whatever of his, that such representations were made for the purpose of cheating and defrauding that the note hereto annexed and signed R. H. Stephens (Marked Exhibit A) is a false forged, paper. uttered for the purpose of cheating and defrauding. and was not made by him nor was it made by any authority given to any one - by deponent. Deponent therefore charges the defendant with having committed a Forgery. and asks that he be held and dealt with as the Law may direct -

Sworn to before me this  
19 day of March 1891

Richd W. Stephens

*[Signature]*  
Justice -

0251

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

*Peter J. Scaring*  
*Lynn is*

aged *44* years, occupation \_\_\_\_\_ of No. \_\_\_\_\_

*69 Fulton*

Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of

*Richard A. Stephens*

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this

day of

*March* 19 *91*  
188

*Peter J. Scaring*

*[Signature]*  
Police Justice.

0252

Sec. 198-200.

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

*Albert Sprague* being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Albert Sprague*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *27 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *New York*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *223 West 66 Street 10 Months*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Real Estate*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

*I am not guilty -  
Albert Sprague*

Taken before me this  
day of *March* 19*19*  
188*9*

Police Justice.

*[Signature]*

State of New York  
 City & County of New York 1/3 P.

Richard W. Stephens of the City of New York  
 being duly sworn says that he resides at 66  
 West 112<sup>th</sup> St. New York City.

That he does not know any person of the  
 name of Edward A. Clark and that he never  
 signed any promissory note to the order of  
 said Edward A. Clark

Deponent further says that he has been shown  
 three promissory notes. One dated January  
 28. 1891 for \$276<sup>50</sup> payable 30 days after  
 date to the order of Edward A. Clark - One  
 dated Feb 5. 1891 for \$220<sup>00</sup> payable  
 thirty days after date to the order of Edward  
 A. Clark - and one dated February 5. 1891  
 for \$85<sup>00</sup> payable thirty days after date  
 to the order of Edward A. Clark. and  
 all three of them signed R. W. Stephens

Deponent swears that he never signed these  
 said notes or authorized anyone to sign  
 them for them -

That he never saw said notes before this  
 day.

That he knows nothing about them in any  
 way or about any Edward A. Clark and  
 that he has no relative of that name

Sworn to before me this  
14<sup>th</sup> day of March 1891

R.W. Stephens

Thos. Keller

NOTARY PUBLIC (141)  
NEW YORK COUNTY, N. Y.

Received New York Jan'y 25 1893 from the clerk  
of the Court of Special Sessions Thom (3) notes as follows  
one dated Jan'y 28/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of  
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$226.<sup>50</sup> dolls  
one dated July 5/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of  
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$270.<sup>00</sup> dolls  
one dated July 7/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of  
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$85.<sup>00</sup> dolls with  
copies of Petition attached -

H.B. Nink  
for R.W. Stephens  
by J. Nelson  
7/14

0255

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of not entry Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated March 19 1891 [Signature] Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named \_\_\_\_\_ to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named \_\_\_\_\_ guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

24 March 200  
2:30 PM  
\$2000.00 bail  
[Signature]

635/637 389  
Police Court *Miss* District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

*Richard W. Stephens*  
*Edward A. Clark*

2  
3 *San Antonio*  
4

Office *J. J. [Signature]*

Dated *March 19 91*  
*Hay* Magistrate.  
*Reap and Trade* Officer.  
*C. J.* Precinct.

Witnesses *Peter J. L. Leaning*

No. *19 Fulton* Street.  
No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.  
No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.  
\$ *2000* to answer



*Com*

*N. J. [Signature]*

BAILED,  
No. 1, by \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.  
No. 2, by \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.  
No. 3, by \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.  
No. 4, by \_\_\_\_\_  
Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

0257

*Miss John A. Weston*  
*115 Canal St. N. York.*

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS, PART III.

----- x  
 :  
 The People of the State of New York, :  
 :  
 against : Before  
 : Hon. Rufus B. Cowing,  
 Edward A. Clark. : and a Jury.  
 :  
 :  
 ----- x

Indictment filed March 26, 1891.  
 Indicted for forgery in the third degree.  
 New York, April 17, 1891.

A P P E A R A N C E S:

For the People,  
 Asst. District-Attorney Wauhope Lynn;  
 For the Defendant,  
 Edward M. Lee, Esq.

FREDERICK ODELL, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I live in the City of New York. I am employed by the house of H. E. Kirk & Company, wine dealers in Fulton Street in this city. That concern has a place of business at No. 69 Fulton Street and also at No. 9 Warren Street. They do a wholesale and retail business in wines, liquors and cigars. On or about January 28 of this year the defendant came to our store in Fulton St. I saw him. He came in with another man and he was introduced as a son-in-law of one Mr. R. W. Stevens. He said that he was going to open a place on Long Island. The name by which he was introduced was Edward A. Clark. He told us of his intention to open a road-house at Hunting-

ton, Long Island and he at once began to select the stock which he wanted. He selected, for instance, a barrel of whiskey,--we showed him six or seven different sorts of whiskey -- and finally he picked out the one he wanted. Then we came to brandy, and he selected four or five different kinds of brandies. So it went on with other articles in the store which he selected. There was a man named Parmelee who was with Mr. Clark on that morning and it was he who introduced Clark to me. After he had completed the selection of articles I told him I would make out his bill. He said he would come the next day, and pay for the goods, and he asked me if we gave thirty days. I told him we would take a note for thirty days. After he had gone we looked up R. W. Stevens and we found his credit to be good. On the following morning the defendant came into our store and handed me the note which is now produced. When he handed it to me it had been endorsed in the name of Edward A. Clark. I put it through our bank and afterwards found out that it was no good.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION:

- Q How long had you known this man Parmelee ? A About five weeks.
- Q Had Mr. Parmelee any business transaction before that time with you ? A Yes, sir; two or three.
- Q You ascertained that R. W. Stevens was good and for that reason you accepted the note ? A Yes, sir.
- Q No statement was made by Clark as to whether the note was good or not ? A No, sir.

Q You had never met Clark before Parmelee introduced him to you ? A No, sir; I did not.

Q Clark didn't tell you he was the son-in-law of Mr. Stevens ? A Yes, sir; certainly he did.

Q In what language ? A He said: "I am his son-in-law".

Q Is it not a matter of fact that you have since been paid for those goods which the defendant took away ? A I don't know, sir, anything about that.

PETER J. SEARING, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I am a member of the firm of W. E. Kirk & Company doing business at 69 Fulton Street in this city. I have been fourteen years in that business. I saw the defendant first about the 28th. of January at our Fulton Street store. Mr. Odell brought him to the office to me and I talked with him. Mr. Odell said: "Here is Clark, the one that left the note here the other day for those goods which he wanted to buy". I had the note in my hand at the time. I recognize the note now shown me as the same note. I asked Clark if the note was all right and he said: "Yes; my father-in-law is going to help me in business".

Q Did he say who his father-in-law was ? A Yes, sir; his father-in-law Mr. Stevens. I looked up the matter and found that Mr. Stevens was rated pretty highly. I said it was all right and accepted the note. The defendant a few days afterwards called at the store with a wagon and took the goods away on them.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q The defendant Clark said he was the son-in-law of Mr. Stevens ? A Yes, sir.

Q And that Mr. Stevens made the note ? A He said: "This is my father-in-law's note", and he gave it to me.

Q You have been paid for these goods haven't you ? A Yes, sir; we have been paid, but not by Clark.

Q Your firm was induced to give them these goods after learning that the maker of this note was financially responsible ? A Yes, sir; that was one of the inducements.

Q Wasn't that the only inducement ? A It was the principal one.

Q The endorsement of Edward A. Clark was upon the note when the defendant presented it to you ? A Yes, sir.

RICHARD W. STEVENS, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I reside at No. 66 West 112th. Street in this city. I am a carpenter by occupation and have my shop at No. 215 and 217 East 36th. Street. I do not know the defendant Edward A. Clark. I never saw him in my life until I saw him at Police Headquarters in Mulberry Street. He is not my son-in-law. I am sure of that because my eldest daughter is only eight years old. I have no daughter married. The signature upon the note which is now shown me is not my signature. I didn't make it, nor did I authorize it to be made by the defendant or any other person.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q Do you occupy the entire premises 215 East 36th. Street ?

A Yes, sir.

Q Are you there nearly every day ? A Yes, sir.

Q How many notes have you out at this time ? A I have four or five notes.

Q Have you not on more than one occasion whenever any of your notes came due sought to avoid payment of them by saying that they were forgeries ? A No, sir.

Q Are your initials R. W. Stevens ? A Yes, sir.

Q Do you sign that or your full name ? A R. W. Stevens.

Q You are quite positive that this is not your signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q Do you know a man by the name of George H. Parmelee?

A No, sir; I never knew him nor was he ever introduced to me by any person.

## DEFENSE:

THOMAS A. McGLYNN, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I am acquainted with the gentleman last upon the stand, Mr. R. W. Stevens. The note which is now handed me is a note which I know to have been made by him. It was given to the firm with which I am connected. It might have been given to him January 20 or 25, probably somewhere around there.

## CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q Where do you live ? A No. 245 Henry Street.

Q And what is your business ? A I am collector for Frank A. Hall, wholesale bedding house, Centre and Baxter Streets.

Q Is Mr. Hall here ? A Yes, sir; he is in court.

Q Do you say that you saw Mr. Stevens about this note of \$135 ? A Yes, sir.

Q And you showed him the signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q You asked him if that was his signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q What else did you ask him ? A That was all I was after.

Q You know nothing about the facts of this case, do you ?

A No, sir.

FRANK A. HALL, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I am a manufacturer in this city. I have my ware-rooms at 168 Centre Street in this city. I am not acquainted with the person named George H. Parmelee.

EDWARD A. CLARK, the defendant, sworn, testified:

My real name is Edward A. Sprague. On or about the 24th. day of January I was introduced to one George H. Parmelee and two or three days afterwards I went down to the Real Estate Exchange in Liberty Street, which I occasionally visit and do business at, and this man Parmelee came to me with some notes that he had received from Mr. Stevens, as he told me. He asked me if I could negotiate those notes. He said he would give me twenty per cent. if I did negotiate them. I asked him if the notes were all right and he told me they were. I told him I would meet him the next day and I would see

0264

7

what I could do with them. He gave me the notes the following day and I kept them in my pocket some three or four days and never did anything with them. Three or four days afterwards he told me he had been to a liquor house in Fulton Street named H. E. Kirk & Company and had made arrangements there to buy a bill of goods for the amount of the notes, or one of the notes, and three or four days after that he took me down and introduced me as Clark. He said to Mr. Searing about the goods and I had no conversation with either of these gentlemen. Mr. Parmelee made all the arrangements. The day after I went down there and they showed me some goods and some liquors. I told them I wanted to get goods to the amount of the note and Mr. Odell told me that I could pick out whatever I wanted and he would let me know what the brands of liquors were. I told him I was not an expert about the liquors, that he could sell me most anything, and if the note was a good bankable note why I would like to get the goods from him. He told me to call in three or four days, which I did. That morning when I came in Mr. Odell bid me the time of day and asked me to sit down. This man Parmelee was with me and he told me that he had done business with this Mr. Odell and that that was the reason he took the note. They sold me a bill of goods and I took the note out of my pocket and handed it to him. He took it over to the cashier's desk and gave me a receipt. He told me I could call for

the goods at any time through the afternoon. I didn't say to Mr. Odell or any other person connected with that firm that I was about to open a road-house at Huntington, Long Island, or anywhere else. I was introduced as Edward A. Clark. I knew at that time that that was not my right name, but I didn't think there was any harm done in it if the note was a straight, honest and legitimate one. Inasmuch as he had introduced me as Clark, I was not going to make a liar of him, and I therefore endorsed the note as Edward A. Clark. Outside of that I had no conversation with anyone in that concern.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

- Q Your name is Edward A. Sprague ? A Yes, sir.
- Q You gave your name as Albert Sprague in the Police Court, did you not ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Your name is not Edward A. Clark ? A No, sir.
- Q What business are you in ? A The real estate business I have been in.
- Q Did you take those goods to Huntington, Long Island ?  
A No, sir; and I never made any such statement.
- Q You took them away in an express wagon ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Mr. Odell is not mistaken about that ? A No, sir.
- Q He is mistaken in other things ? A Yes, sir; I don't deny that I took the things.
- Q Where did you take them to ? A I took them in a wagon and Mr. Parmelee told me to take them to a place in the Bowery near Chatham Street.

- Q A liquor store ? A Yes, sir; kept by a man named Wintermeyer.
- Q This man Parmelee was with you ? A Yes; he did all the talking.
- Q Were the goods left there ? A Yes, sir.
- Q You went afterwards to Fulton Street ? A Yes, sir.
- Q And you got more goods, did you ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Where did you take those goods to ? A To the same place on the Bowery.
- Q You did all this at the direction of Parmelee ? A Yes, sir.
- Q How long have you known Parmelee ? A I was was introduced to him about the 24th. or 25th. of January.
- Q Were the notes all made payable to the same person ?  
A Yes; they were all endorsed and made in the same way.
- Q Did they have Edward A. Clark on them ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Did you endorse them at all ? A No, sir.
- Q How much did you receive for those goods from Wintermeyer?  
A \$120.
- Q Did you share that money with Parmelee ? A I got my share of it from him as we had agreed upon.
- Q You collected the money from Wintermeyer for Parmelee ?  
A I did, as I was looking for my commission.
- Q Do you recollect the amount of the first bill of goods that was made up by Mr. Odell or H. E. Kirk & Company ?  
A About \$225.

THOMAS EWING RIDDELL, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I reside in Philadelphia. I am acquainted with the defendant. I believe him to be a perfectly straightforward, honest young man and have found him so in all the business dealings I have had with him.

JOHN L. MASON, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I reside in Brooklyn. I have known the defendant two years. I have always regarded him as an honorable young man.

RICHARD W. STEVENS, re-called:

Q Mr. Stevens, you heard the testimony given by the witness McGlynn that he called on you and showed you that signature Defendant's Exhibit No. 1, and asked you if that was your signature and you said it was: Is that true? A No, sir.

Q Did he ever call on you? A Yes, I have seen him once near my shop at 36th. Street. He came up to me and shook hands with me and said he would be glad if I would pay that note, or something to that effect. I asked him to show me the note and he said he didn't have it.

Q He didn't have the note with him? A Yes, sir; that is all that I remember about him.

BERNARD WINTERMEYER, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I am a liquor dealer, doing business at 15

0268

11

Bowery. I have seen the defendant before. In company with a man named Parmelee he came to my store. He was introduced to me by Parmelee as Mr. Clark. Parmelee had a little flask of whiskey with him and after some discussion I agreed to buy some of the whiskey. The defendant, from time to time, came to my store afterwards to collect the money. I paid \$156. I afterwards had to pay the firm of H. B. Kirk & Company \$548.

The jury returned a verdict of "Guilty of Forgery in the third degree".

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against  
Edward A. Clark, otherwise  
called Albert Sprague

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse  
Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague  
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise  
called Albert Sprague,  
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the  
5<sup>th</sup> day of February in the year of our Lord  
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, with force and arms, at the City and  
County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly  
act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, to wit: a

promissory note for the payment of money  
which said forged promissory note  
is as follows, that is to say:

\$ 85.00  
100  
New York February 5<sup>th</sup> 1891.  
30 Days after date I promise to pay to  
the order of Edward A. Clark,  
Eighty five 100 Dollars  
at 215 East 36<sup>th</sup> Street N. Y. City  
Value received  
Dues March 5<sup>th</sup> / 1891  
R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and  
against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0270

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, to wit:

a promissory note for the payment of money, which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

~~\$85.00~~  
\$85.100  
New York, February 5th, 1891  
30 Days after date I promise to pay to the order of Edward A. Clark Eighty five ~~100~~ dollars at 215 East 36th Street N. Y. City.  
Value received  
Due March 5th 1891  
R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud, the said Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
~~JOHN R. FELLOWS,~~  
District Attorney.

0271

637  
Counsel,  
Filed *Ed. J. Mack* day of *March* 19*41*  
Pleas, *Induly*

FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE.  
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

THE PEOPLE

vs.

*Edward A. Clark,*  
alias  
*Albert Sprague*  
(if case)

~~STANLEY W. COLL,~~  
~~JOHN R. HILLIAMS,~~

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

*Alfred J. ...*

Foreman.

Witnesses:

*Walter J. ...*

0272

**Court of General Sessions of the Peace**

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

*Edward A. Clark, otherwise  
called Albert Sprague.*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse  
*Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague*  
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague,*

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the  
*Twenty-eighth* day of *January* in the year of our Lord  
one thousand eight hundred and *Twenty-one*, with force and arms, at the City and  
County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly  
act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, *to wit: a*

*promissory note for the payment of money,*

which said forged *promissory note*  
is as follows, that is to say:

*\$226.<sup>50</sup>/<sub>100</sub> New York, January 28th 1891*  
*30 Days after date I promise to pay to*  
*the order of Edward A. Clark*  
*Two hundred & Twenty Six & Fifty-cents Dollars*  
*at 215 East 36<sup>th</sup> N.Y. City*  
*Value received*  
*R.W. Stephens*  
*One Saturday Feb 28/91*

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and  
against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0273

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, to wit: a promissory note for the payment of money,

which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

\$ 2.26.<sup>50</sup> New York, January 28<sup>th</sup> 1891  
30 Days after date I promise to pay to the order of Edward A. Clark Two hundred & twenty six & fifty cents, Dollars at 215 East 36<sup>th</sup> N.Y. City Value received.  
Due Saturday Feb. 28/91 R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud; the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
~~JOHN R. FELLOWS,~~  
District Attorney.

Witnesses:

Peter J. d. Learning

1936 W. B. Mason  
Joseph Grant

Counsel,  
Filed  
Pleas.  
1891

THE PEOPLE

26 Nov 91  
229

Edward A. Clark,

alias

Albert Sprague  
(17 cases)

Forgery in the Second Degree.  
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

off Jerm

A True Bill.

Alfred C. Mason

Part III April 1791 Foreman.

Issued and certified  
under seal of Court - 39

Edwin R. P.

0275

**Court of General Sessions of the Peace**

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against  
*Edward A. Clark, otherwise  
called Albert Sprague.*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse  
*Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague*

of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Edward A. Clark, otherwise  
called Albert Sprague,*  
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the  
*fifth* day of *February* in the year of our Lord  
one thousand eight hundred and ~~ninety-one~~, with force and arms, at the City and  
County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly  
act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, *to wit: a*

*promissory note for the payment of money,*  
which said forged *promissory note*  
is as follows, that is to say:

*\$220.<sup>00</sup>/<sub>100</sub>*      *New York, February 5<sup>th</sup> 1891*  
*30 Days after date I promise to pay to*  
*the order of Edward A. Clark*  
*Two hundred and Twenty — Dollars*  
*at 215 East 36th N.Y. City.*  
*Value received*  
*due March 5/91*      *R.W. Stephens*

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and  
against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, to wit:

a promissory note for the payment of money

which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

\$220.00 New York February 5<sup>th</sup> 1891  
30 Days after date I promise to pay to the order of Edward A. Clark  
Two hundred and Twenty Dollars  
at 215 East 36<sup>th</sup> N. Y. City  
Value received  
Due March 5/91 R. W. Stephens

with intent to defraud the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
~~JOHN R. FELLOWS,~~  
District Attorney.

0277

**BOX:**

430

**FOLDER:**

3964

**DESCRIPTION:**

Clegg, William H.

**DATE:**

03/09/91



3964

0278

Witnesses:

Chas. S. Crossman

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

*J. C. Sherry*  
155 W. 4th St. Brooklyn

Counsel  
Filed  
Plead  
*J. C. Sherry*

THE PEOPLE  
vs.  
Grand Larceny Second Degree  
[Sections 528, 587, 532 Penal Code.]

William H. Clegg

*W. H. Clegg*

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
District Attorney.

Part I. 16th

A True Bill.

*John C. ...*  
Foreman.  
*John C. ...*  
Em. J. ...  
Collector

20



0280

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

2

Brooklyn, ..... 189

sentenced to imprisonment in the Penitentiary of Kings County for a term of six months, which term he has just served. When arrested he frankly informed the officer where he had stolen the articles which were found in his possession, thus furnishing the evidence which led to his conviction. I mention this circumstance as being one which indicates to my mind, and will doubtless to yours, that the boy is not a thief and respectfully submit that a man may steal and yet not be a thief.

Your Honor will notice that the larceny for which he is before you for sentence was committed August 7th. 1890, just six days after leaving his sister's home, and all larcenies which he committed were within that period; may it not be said in reason that he has suffered enough, in the circumstances that he has been taught a lesson which will last him through life and cause him to lead hereafter an honest life and live down the disgrace which he has brought upon himself and his entire family.

Had he committed a crime after having been punished for one theretofore committed I should believe he was bad at heart and did not intend to reform; as it is, I believe he is fully penitent and that if your Honor will, or can see your way clear, to suspend sentence, he will return to his home with his father (who is here) and become a respected and useful member of society. I plead with you for him on account of his father,

0281

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, ..... 189

mother, sisters, brothers and on his own account as well.

Eight years experience on the bench in a criminal court enables me to discriminate to an extent as between hardened criminals and misguided young men. I believe young Clegg to be of good heart and worth saving.

I submit herewith some affidavits of persons who have known him all his life in his home, also; a letter from his brother and an affidavit of his sister showing when he arrived at and left her home. I trust your Honor will pardon the length of this communication, I feel over word I say and respectfully ask such leniency as your sense of duty and justice will permit.

Sincerely yours,

*F. J. Massey*

*This is a copy of a letter which I have written the  
Judge. Let me see what is left of your  
father's relation to your father or myself  
to answer in court*

*F. J. Massey*

Delaware County ss

David W. Hendry being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield is a farmer Aged 38 years was acquainted with William Clegg when he resided in this place he has worked for me he worked very well at the time, about one year and half ago he was taken with a fit his mother called to me and I went and assisted to bring him to <sup>was not</sup> be conscious for a good while I should think half an hour or more. His usual health was not very good I do not think quite nervous, I never knew or heard any thing against his moral character while he resided here I was surprised when I heard he had been arrested for stealing, as I never thought he was he was that kind of person when here he used to go in <sup>good</sup> as <sup>+</sup> society as any of the young men in the place, in any entertainments & Exhibitions <sup>he was a</sup> good hand to get it along usually a leading character

David W. Hendry  
sworn before me this 12<sup>th</sup> day of Feb  
1891.  
Richard Magee  
Justice of the Peace

I, Richard Magee Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Delaware do hereby make the following statement in relation to William H. Elegg who formerly resided in Harpersfield I have known him from infancy and never knew or heard while living here anything against his moral character. He was a peace officer of my Court for one term and for anything that I see or knew he always conducted himself properly he was a steady sober young man and went in good society and was well thought of in the community his health was not always very good but for light labor he generally gave good satisfaction to his employers. Myself among many of his friends and neighbors were astonished at hearing the troubles he got into after leaving here we are really sorry for the young man.

Richard Magee  
Justice of the Peace

0284

Richard Bayes

Justice

Delaware County ss

Rolla G. Nichols being duly sworn  
says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware  
County N.Y. and a farmer am 24 years  
old have been in the Mercantile business

I was pretty well acquainted with  
William H. Clegg when he resided  
here. He worked for me in my store  
for about two months he was taken  
sick while there. I waited two weeks  
for him to get well and had to hire  
another man I liked his work well  
I never heard or knew anything against  
his moral character since I have  
known him till he got into trouble  
since leaving here. I did not  
think he would be a person that  
would be likely to go into any such  
business, so far as I knew he  
was generally pretty well liked  
in the neighborhood and generally  
went in good society

Rolla G. Nichols  
sworn before me this 15<sup>th</sup> day of  
February 1891

Richard Hayes  
Justice of the Peace

Delaware County 35

George W. Evans being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y. is a Mechanic have lived in this Town 31 years in April I know William, H. Coley who used to reside here have known <sup>him</sup> from infancy he was always very nervous and never done a great deal of hard labor. Deponent further says that he has never known or heard anything against his character until he got into trouble in Brooklyn N.Y. he was a quiet inoffensive young man. and generally liked in the neighborhood was sober and steady and went in good society.

George W. Evans

sworn to before me this 13th day of February 1891.

Richard Magee  
Justice of the Peace

0287

Delaware Countyss:

Catherine D. Blegg be duly sworn  
says she is the mother of William  
H. Blegg, he was born in the Town  
of Harpersfield Delaware County  
N.Y. and resided here the most  
of his life. She says he has never  
be arrested nor accused of any  
crime previous to the time he  
got into trouble last summer in  
Brooklyn. he always been a sickly  
nervous boy and a great care to me  
because of his health. his mind  
has been at times when I thought  
he would have to be confined in  
an Insane Asylum at one time  
I talked with one of the leading  
men in relation to sending him  
to an Asylum, he always prided  
himself on keeping up his good  
name in the community when he  
left here he only went to make  
visit to some friends in Connecticut  
it being the first time he ever  
was so far from his home

Catherine D. Blegg  
sworn to before me this 14th day of  
February 1891  
Richard Abner  
Justice of the Peace

0288

Catherine S. Clogg

Mother of  
Defendant

Delaware County ss

Joseph S. Denny being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y. is a Merchant Aged 26 years was well pretty well acquainted with William H. Blegg when he resided here was quite often in his Company we were together a good deal. he was not a very healthy young man at times he seemed quite forgetful he would go to do something, and seem to forget what he was going to do. he was quite nervous. as to his Moral Character I never seen anything that would lead me to think there was anything wrong morally. I never knew or heard anything against his Character while he resided here and would never have thought he was a person who would undertake any such business as report says he has been into since he left here he always while here he used to attend Church & Sunday school. and went in as good society as any young man in the place.

Joseph S. Denny  
sworn before me this 15th day of  
Feb 1891 Richard Moses  
Justice of the Peace

New London Conn  
March 17<sup>th</sup> 1891

This is to certify that I Mary  
I Lawrence of New London Conn  
am sister to W H Clegg of  
North Harpersfield New York  
That the said W H Clegg  
came to my residence in  
said city of New London  
Conn the 7<sup>th</sup> day of May 1890  
and visited with me and  
other relatives untill about  
August 1<sup>st</sup> 1890 and to the  
best of my knowledge the  
said W H Clegg was not out  
of the City of New London  
any 24 hours at one time  
from the 7<sup>th</sup> day of May 1890

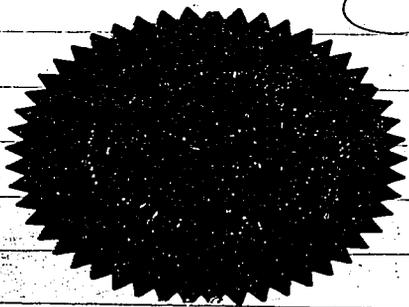
untill he left for New York  
about August 1<sup>st</sup> 1890

Mrs Mary Lawrence

State of Connecticut County of Middlebury  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this  
17 - day of March A.D. 1891

Reuben Lodge

Notary Public



0291

affidavit  
of  
Mr. D. Clegg  
Sister

0292

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

45—June. '90—12 M.

Station

189

Trust you have read ere this letter  
reaches you and I hope you will  
do all you can for him. He is  
very pained and his letters would  
melt the heart of a stone. Again  
I say I hope you free him for I  
certainly think he has been overly  
punished

Yours Truly  
E. J. O'Leary  
Agent M L & M Ry

0293

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

45-June. '90-12 M.

*Byant Lewis Station July 3rd 1891*

*J. A. Macey Esq  
Brooklyn N.Y*

Dear Sir,

Having learned that you are attorney for my Brother N.H. Clegg I desire say that we are all very anxious for his release and are awaiting the result anxiously. In view of the fact that previous to this trouble he was never known to take anything that did not belong to him. He has always held position of Trust being clerk in store in his native town and I don't say that no one in North Harpersfield Del. Co. N.Y. can or will say one word against his character. We have no money to procure his freedom as we all have to work for our living I sent my Mother some money she saying you required \$75.00 I

0294

From E. V. Chapp

Brother of Defendant

Wm. N. Chapp

Wm. N. Chapp

Delaware County ss

James A. Topping being duly sworn  
says he resides in Harpersfield  
Delaware County N.Y. and a farmer  
aged 38 years have known William  
H. Clegg when he resided here he  
worked for me occasionally his  
health at times was not very good  
I once knew him to fitts. He was  
of a very nervous temperament  
in fact he has always been sickly  
since I have known him since  
infancy and have never heard of  
I knew anything against his moral  
Character I have had a good deal  
of deal with and always found him  
honest. The very day he left here  
he called on me on his way to the  
P.R.R. and paid me a small amount  
he owed me. he would not be  
a person that I would think  
would go into any such business  
as report has it he was in after  
he left here. He used to go in as  
good Society as any of the young  
men here

J. A. Topping  
sworn before me this 12th day of  
February 1891

Richard Magee  
Justice of the Peace

0296

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, March 18th. 1891

The People &c. :  
vs. : Petit larceny.  
William D. Clegg, :

Hon. James Fitzgerald:-

My dear Judge:

Relying

upon our long acquaintance I take the liberty of addressing you in the interest of the above named defendant. If it was at all certain that my engagements would permit my attending before you on Friday when sentence is to be pronounced, I would present my plea in person.

This young man was born, brought up and lived in North Harpersfield, Delaware County, N. Y. all his life, where he was respected by all who knew him; his parents are poor, but honest and good people. On May 7th. 1890, he left home for the first time in his life to visit his married sister, Mrs Lawrence, who resides in the city of New London, Conn., remaining there and with her until about August 1st. 1890, he then came to New York, got in bad company and committed at the suggestion of evil minded associates several larcenies by visiting stores under pretence of purchasing. He came to Brooklyn and committed one larceny here, for which he was arrested and to the charge pleaded guilty, and was

0297

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

2

*Brooklyn*.....189

sentenced to imprisonment in the Penitentiary of Kings County for a term of six months, which term he has just served. When arrested he frankly informed the officer where he had stolen the articles which were found in his possession, thus furnishing the evidence which led to his conviction. I mention this circumstance as being one which indicates to my mind, and will doubtless to yours, that the boy is not a thief and respectfully submit that a man may steal and yet not be a thief.

Your Honor will notice that the larceny for which he is before you for sentence was committed August 7th. 1890, just six days after leaving his sister's home, and all larcenies which he committed were within that period; may it not be said in reason that he has suffered enough, in the circumstances, that he has been taught a lesson which will last him through life and cause him to lead hereafter an honest life and live down the disgrace which he has brought upon himself and his entire family.

Had he committed a crime after having been punished for one theretofore committed I should believe he was bad at heart and did not intend to reform; as it is, I believe he is fully penitent and that if your Honor will, or can see your way clear, to suspend sentence, he will return to his home with his father (who is here) and become a respected and useful member of society. I plead with you for him on account of his father,

0298

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, ..... 189

mother, sisters, brothers and on his own account as well.

Eight years experience on the bench in a criminal court enables me to discriminate to an extent between hardened criminals and misguided young men. I believe young Clegg to be of good heart and worth saving.

I submit herewith some affidavits of persons who have known him all his life in his home, also; a letter from his brother and an affidavit of his sister showing when he arrived at and left her home. I trust your Honor will pardon the length of this communication, I feel ever word I say and respectfully ask such leniency as your sense of duty and justice will permit.

Sincerely yours,

*Frederick S. Massey*

0299

Delaware County ss

James M. Sternberg being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County is a farmer. Aged 47 years. Knew William H. Clegg when he resided in Harpersfield always knew him from a child. he was not a very healthy young man I have seen him when I considered him a very sick person he used to have Cramping spells and of a very nervous temperament I never knew or heard of anything against his moral character while he resided here I would not have thought that he would be a party to any such business as report says he has since he left here he was generally pretty well liked in the neighborhood and went in as good society as most young men in the place

James M. Sternberg  
sworn before me this 12th day of  
February 1891

Richard Hayes  
Justice of the Peace

0300

Delaware County ss

William Titus being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y is a farmer Aged 47 years old was acquainted with William H. Clegg when he resided in Harpersfield he has worked for me at different times was satisfied with his work his health was not very good he has had spasms while at my house I have never heard or known of against his moral character While he lived here I always considered him an honest young man. and could scarcely have thought he would be a person that would engage in such business as report says was. he has always for anything I ever knew held a good position in society in this place. he attended church pretty regular here

William Titus

sworn before me this 10th day of February 1891

Richard Magee  
Justice of the Peace

0301

*Syndants Counsel*

FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

TELEPHONE No. 715 BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

0302

Police Court

District

Affidavit-Larceny.

City and County of New York, ss.:

Charles J. Crossman

of No. 25 Maiden Lane Street, aged 34 years, occupation Jeweler, being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 7th day of August 1887 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession of

deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz: two pair of earrings together of the value of thirty five dollars

the property of Charles J. Crossman, Jewelry

in which firm deponent is a member and that this deponent

has a probable cause to suspect and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen, and carried away by

William Clegg from the fact that said Clegg entered deponent's store examined a quantity of earrings and without purchasing departed

that subsequently deponent was informed by Detective John Kearney of the 2nd Precinct

City of Brooklyn that he arrested said Clegg in Brooklyn in the act of pawnbroking two pairs

of earrings found in deponent's store and that deponent has seen the

property found in the possession of Clegg and fully identifies it as having been stolen from his store

Sworn to before me, this 7th day of August 1887

of the City of New York, Police Justice.

John J. Crossman

0303

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

*John Kearney*  
aged \_\_\_\_\_ years, occupation *Police Officer* of No. *2nd Avenue* *Bllyn* Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of *Charles S. Crossman*  
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own  
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this *11*  
day of *August* 18*90* *John Kearney*

*A. J. White*  
Police Justice.

0304

Sec. 198-200.

1st

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

William Clegg being duly examined before the under-  
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to  
make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to  
enable him to see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him  
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used  
against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

William Clegg

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

23 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

U-S

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

North Harpursfield N.Y 23 years

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Clerk

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the  
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your  
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty and  
demand an Examination  
by Advice of my Counsel  
whose card is attached  
Wm Clegg

Taken before me this

day of

September 1891

Police Justice.

*[Signature]*

0305

State of New York, }  
COUNTY OF KINGS, } ss.  
CITY OF BROOKLYN.

Form No. 6

*James Oates* of No. *121* Precinct *New York City*  
being duly sworn says that he is acquainted with the handwriting of *A. J. White*  
the Police Justice, who issued the annexed Warrant and that  
the signature to this Warrant is in the handwriting of said *A. J. White*  
Sworn to before me this *20* day of *August* 188*8*

*James Oates*  
Police Justice of the City of Brooklyn.

This warrant may be executed in the City of Brooklyn

Dated this *20* day of *August* 188*8* *J. H. Nash*  
Police Justice.

0306

GLUED PAGE

Whereas, Complaint in writing, and upon oath, has been made before the undersigned, one of the *Police* Justices for the City of New York, by *Charles S. Crogerman* of No. *23 Maiden Lane* Street, that on the *1* day of *August* 18*87* at the City of New York, in the County of New York, the following article to wit:

*Jewelry*  
of the value of *thirty five* Dollars,  
the property of *Charles S. Crogerman*  
was taken, stolen and carried away, and as the said complainant has cause to suspect, and thus suspect and believe, by *William Hegg*

Wherefore, the said complainant has prayed that the said Defendant may be apprehended and bound to answer the said complaint.

These are therefore, in the name of the PEOPLE of the State of New York, to command you the said Sheriff, Marshals and Policemen, and every of you, to apprehend the body of the said Defendant and forthwith bring him before me, at the *1* DISTRICT POLICE COURT, in the said City, or in case of my absence or inability to act, before the nearest or most accessible Police Justice in this City, to answer the said charge, and to be dealt with according to law.

Dated at the City of New York, this *11* day of *August* 18*87*  
*Wm. Hegg* POLICE JUSTICE

0307

Police Court \_\_\_\_\_ District.

THE PEOPLE, & c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

vs.

Warrant-Larceny.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 188

Magistrate

Officer.

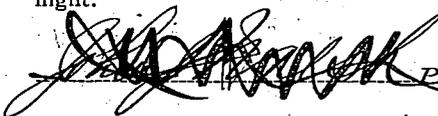
The Defendant \_\_\_\_\_

taken, and brought before the Magistrate, to answer the within charge, pursuant to the command contained in this Warrant.

Officer.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 188

This Warrant may be executed on Sunday or at night.

 Police Justice.

having been brought before me under this Warrant, is committed for examination to the  
WARDEN and KEEPER of the City Prison of the City of New York.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 188

Police Justice.

The within named

0308

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated Feb 24 1891 [Signature] Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named \_\_\_\_\_ to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named \_\_\_\_\_ guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated \_\_\_\_\_ 18 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

0309

at 2:30 p.m. July 24  
at request of defendant

BAILED,

No. 1, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 2, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 3, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 4, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

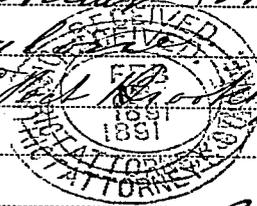
Police Court--- District 266

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Charles Crossman  
13 Chatham Lane  
William Oleg  
1  
2  
3  
4  
Offence  
Larceny

Dated July 19 1890  
Magistrate  
Oates  
15  
Officer  
Precinct

Witnesses  
No. 1 John Kearney  
2nd Precinct Brooklyn NY  
No. 2  
No. 3  
No. 4



\$ 500 to answer G.S.  
Cru

0310

LAW OFFICES  
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,  
FRANKLIN BUILDING,  
186 REMSEN STREET,

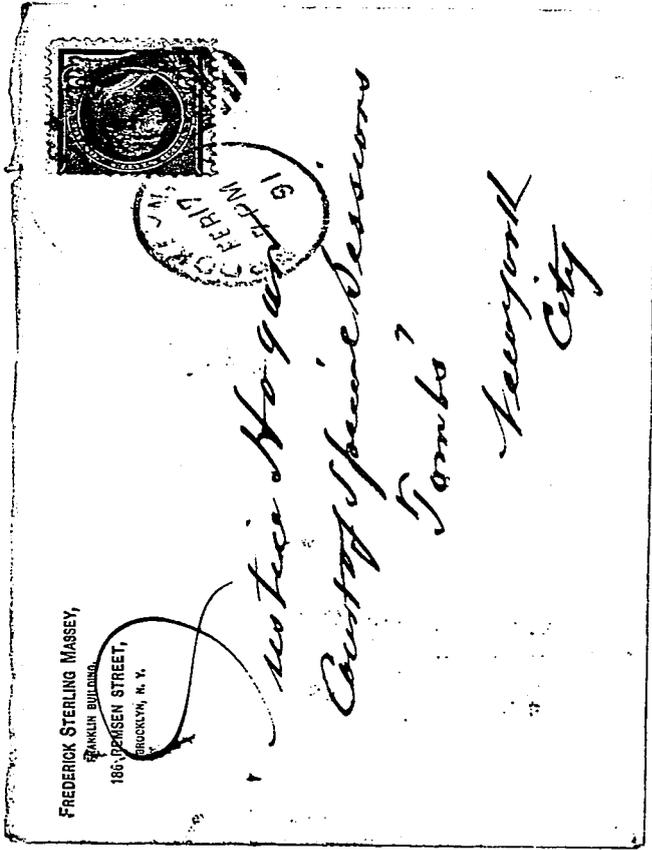
Brooklyn, Feb 17 1891

My Dear Judge

In a few days a young man  
will be arraigned before you for a charge  
of larceny. His mother who lives in Delaware  
County & who is a worthy woman has asked  
me to look after him. I will thank you  
very much if you will accept a plea of  
not guilty & fix a day for his examination  
after the 24th as may suit your conven-  
ience. The case is *The People vs Joseph  
of Charles S. Crossman vs William  
B. Legg*. I will appear on the day of his  
examination.

Sincerely Yours  
F. Massey

0311



0312

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY  
OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

*William N. Clegg*

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, by this  
indictment, accuse *William N. Clegg*

of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY in the *second* degree committed as follows:  
The said *William N. Clegg*

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *seventh*  
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety *—* at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the  
value of eighteen dollars each  
pair*

*7*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Charles S. Crossman*

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against  
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People  
of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

William N. Clegg

of the CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS, committed as follows:

The said William N. Clegg

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the value of eighteen dollars each pair*

*3*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one Charles S. Crossman

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said

Charles S. Crossman

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

William N. Clegg

then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

*District Attorney.*

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

William N. Clegg  
of the CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS, committed as follows:

The said William N. Clegg

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the value of eighteen dollars each pair*

*3*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one Charles S. Crossman

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said Charles S. Crossman

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

William N. Clegg  
then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
*District Attorney.*