

0175

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Clark, Charles P.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0176

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Hunt, Wilson G.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0177

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Trowbridge, E.H.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0178

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Bishop, William

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0179

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Wheeler, Nathaniel

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 180

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Robinson, Henry C.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 18 1

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Reed, Edward M.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 182

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Park, Joseph

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 183

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Depew, Chauncey M.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 184

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Lee, Henry S.

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0 185

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Rockefeller, William

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0186

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Brainard, Leverett

DATE:

03/31/91



3964

0187

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

597 *James M. ...*
Plea 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, & 12 Not guilty (May 27)

Counsel.
Filed 31 day of March 1891
Plead, *defendants appear by John D. ...*
refuses to plead or demur
upon the court order, upon which
THE PEOPLE *guilty, to be entered,*
April 13, 1891

- vs.
1. Charles P. Clark, v.
2. William G. Hunt, v.
3. C. H. ...
4. William D. ...
5. ...
6. ...
7. ...
8. ...
9. ...
10. ...
11. ...
12. ...

De Sa ...
JOHN R. FELLOWS

June 24, 1891 District Attorney.
No. 2 Indictment dismissed

TRUE BILL.
John R. ...

June 24, 1891 Foreman.
Nos. 1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11 & 12 all
tried and 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, & 12
and acquitted and
No. 1 acquitted

0188

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

Louis L. Foster

Am Wellington

Edw J. Preen

John Jones

Witnesses: Paul Sweeney

Am H. Brimpton

Dr Martin A. McGovern

Daniel M. Ceebrette

Lucius Tuttle

Am D. Bishop W

Howard H. Bates

Chas H. Platt

John W. Franklin

Am D. Brown

Jos Morrissey

Am D. Bishop W

Edw Hutchinson

Jos Scofield

Jos Deaver

Orry M. Shepard

Gene Roy Stone

Gene John Newton

Am Allen Squire

Chas. T. Hempsted

Am M. Manus

Am D. Conway

Chas P. Clark

Am D. Bishop W

Am D. Bishop W

Am D. Bishop W

Am D. Bishop W

Am D. Bishop W

Am D. Bishop W

Counsel.

Filed

day of

1891

Plead

THE PEOPLE

Charles P. Clark, v
Wilson G. Hunt, v
Edw. J. Preen, v
William D. Bishop, v
Nathaniel Wheeler, v
Henry C. Robinson, v
Edward M. Reed, v
Joseph D. Clark, v
George W. Bates, v
John W. Franklin, v
Am D. Brown, v
Jos Morrissey, v
Am D. Bishop W, v
Edw Hutchinson, v
Jos Scofield, v
Jos Deaver, v
Orry M. Shepard, v
Gene Roy Stone, v
Gene John Newton, v
Am Allen Squire, v
Chas. T. Hempsted, v
Am M. Manus, v
Am D. Conway, v
Chas P. Clark, v
Am D. Bishop W, v

Midmeander

JOHN R. FELLOWS

June 24, 1891 District Attorney.

No. 2

A TRUE BILL.

June 24, 1891 Foreman.

Nos. 1. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11 & 12

and 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11, & 12

and accounted and

No. 1. accounted

Witness Squire Tuttle of New Haven, Conn.
also Pled by Austin G. Bin, 190 Broadway, N. Y. City

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroners Office*

No. *124* *Decus Avenue* Street, in the

New York, in the County of New York, the *24th* day of *February*

in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *91*

17th Ward of the City of

27th days of *February*

27th days of *March*

before *Ferdinand*

DANIEL HANLY, Coroner,

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *Michael Mullane*

now lying dead at

Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of

Twelve

good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and

sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the

said *Michael Mullane*

came to his death, do upon

their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *Michael Mullane*

came to his death by.

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST:

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

1. The first of these is the fact that the
 2.
 3.
 4.
 5.
 6.
 7.
 8.
 9.
 10.
 11.
 12.
 13.
 14.
 15.
 16.
 17.
 18.
 19.
 20.
 21.
 22.
 23.
 24.
 25.
 26.
 27.
 28.
 29.
 30.
 31.
 32.
 33.
 34.
 35.
 36.
 37.
 38.
 39.
 40.
 41.
 42.
 43.
 44.
 45.
 46.
 47.
 48.
 49.
 50.
 51.
 52.
 53.
 54.
 55.
 56.
 57.
 58.
 59.
 60.
 61.
 62.
 63.
 64.
 65.
 66.
 67.
 68.
 69.
 70.
 71.
 72.
 73.
 74.
 75.
 76.
 77.
 78.
 79.
 80.
 81.
 82.
 83.
 84.
 85.
 86.
 87.
 88.
 89.
 90.
 91.
 92.
 93.
 94.
 95.
 96.
 97.
 98.
 99.
 100.
 101.
 102.
 103.
 104.
 105.
 106.
 107.
 108.
 109.
 110.
 111.
 112.
 113.
 114.
 115.
 116.
 117.
 118.
 119.
 120.
 121.
 122.
 123.
 124.
 125.
 126.
 127.
 128.
 129.
 130.
 131.
 132.
 133.
 134.
 135.
 136.
 137.
 138.
 139.
 140.
 141.
 142.
 143.
 144.
 145.
 146.
 147.
 148.
 149.
 150.
 151.
 152.
 153.
 154.
 155.
 156.
 157.
 158.
 159.
 160.
 161.
 162.
 163.
 164.
 165.
 166.
 167.
 168.
 169.
 170.
 171.
 172.
 173.
 174.
 175.
 176.
 177.
 178.
 179.
 180.
 181.
 182.
 183.
 184.
 185.
 186.
 187.
 188.
 189.
 190.
 191.
 192.
 193.
 194.
 195.
 196.
 197.
 198.
 199.
 200.
 201.
 202.
 203.
 204.
 205.
 206.
 207.
 208.
 209.
 210.
 211.
 212.
 213.
 214.
 215.
 216.
 217.
 218.
 219.
 220.
 221.
 222.
 223.
 224.
 225.
 226.
 227.
 228.
 229.
 230.
 231.
 232.
 233.
 234.
 235.
 236.
 237.
 238.
 239.
 240.
 241.
 242.
 243.
 244.
 245.
 246.
 247.
 248.
 249.
 250.
 251.
 252.
 253.
 254.
 255.
 256.
 257.
 258.
 259.
 260.
 261.
 262.
 263.
 264.
 265.
 266.
 267.
 268.
 269.
 270.
 271.
 272.
 273.
 274.
 275.
 276.
 277.
 278.
 279.
 280.
 281.
 282.
 283.
 284.
 285.
 286.
 287.
 288.
 289.
 290.
 291.
 292.
 293.
 294.
 295.
 296.
 297.
 298.
 299.
 300.
 301.
 302.
 303.
 304.
 305.
 306.
 307.
 308.
 309.
 310.
 311.
 312.
 313.
 314.
 315.
 316.
 317.
 318.
 319.
 320.
 321.
 322.
 323.
 324.
 325.
 326.
 327.
 328.
 329.
 330.
 331.
 332.
 333.
 334.
 335.
 336.
 337.
 338.
 339.
 340.
 341.
 342.
 343.
 344.
 345.
 346.
 347.
 348.
 349.
 350.
 351.
 352.
 353.
 354.
 355.
 356.
 357.
 358.
 359.
 360.
 361.
 362.
 363.
 364.
 365.
 366.
 367.
 368.
 369.
 370.
 371.
 372.
 373.
 374.
 375.
 376.
 377.
 378.
 379.
 380.
 381.
 382.
 383.
 384.
 385.
 386.
 387.
 388.
 389.
 390.
 391.
 392.
 393.
 394.
 395.
 396.
 397.
 398.
 399.
 400.
 401.
 402.
 403.
 404.
 405.
 406.
 407.
 408.
 409.
 410.
 411.
 412.
 413.
 414.
 415.
 416.
 417.
 418.
 419.
 420.
 421.
 422.
 423.
 424.
 425.
 426.
 427.
 428.
 429.
 430.
 431.
 432.
 433.
 434.
 435.
 436.
 437.
 438.
 439.
 440.
 441.
 442.
 443.
 444.
 445.
 446.
 447.
 448.
 449.
 450.
 451.
 452.
 453.
 454.
 455.
 456.
 457.
 458.
 459.
 460.
 461.
 462.
 463.
 464.
 465.
 466.
 467.
 468.
 469.
 470.
 471.
 472.
 473.
 474.
 475.
 476.
 477.
 478.
 479.
 480.
 481.
 482.
 483.
 484.
 485.
 486.
 487.
 488.
 489.
 490.
 491.
 492.
 493.
 494.
 495.
 496.
 497.
 498.
 499.
 500.
 501.
 502.
 503.
 504.
 505.
 506.
 507.
 508.
 509.
 510.
 511.
 512.
 513.
 514.
 515.
 516.
 517.
 518.
 519.
 520.
 521.
 522.
 523.
 524.
 525.
 526.
 527.
 528.
 529.
 530.
 531.
 532.
 533.
 534.
 535.
 536.
 537.
 538.
 539.
 540.
 541.
 542.
 543.
 544.
 545.
 546.
 547.
 548.
 549.
 550.
 551.
 552.
 553.
 554.
 555.
 556.
 557.
 558.
 559.
 560.
 561.
 562.
 563.
 564.
 565.
 566.
 567.
 568.
 569.
 570.
 571.
 572.
 573.
 574.
 575.
 576.
 577.
 578.
 579.
 580.
 581.
 582.
 583.
 584.
 585.
 586.
 587.
 588.
 589.
 590.
 591.
 592.
 593.
 594.
 595.
 596.
 597.
 598.
 599.

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

...on the basis of the collection ...
 ...the ... to the ...

...
 ...
 ...
 ...
 ...

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition
 set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. G. Graham	Arthur W. Miller
Isaac F. Fogg	Isaac Hamburger
Julius M. Elliot	...
Wm. C. Levinson	
Isaac F. Brokaw	East 79 St
Gustav H. Luwab	Dr. W. L. ...
Jordan W. Mott	...
...	Ardenwood Lang
	Coroner. L. S.

TESTIMONY.

I have made

M. D., being duly sworn, says:

of the body of
now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of
death is

Wm A. Conway
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this 20th day of

Feb 1890
Frederick Leroy CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
14 Years - Months - Days	N. C. City	Morgue from Yannell 84-108 & Ave.	Feb. 20 1891

W. L. J. H. 1

Mr. 615

Mr. 1891

AN INQUISITION

On the view of the BODY of

Michael Wallace (1893)

whereby it is found that he came to
his death by Confrontation between
of leg & arm (right) &
death of body & face.
caused by collision between
the 1. H. H. H. local & many
young men & some words of
have been at 1891. H.
Feb. 20/91.

Received
Signed in the
of Michael Wallace 1891 before
DANIEL HANLEY, CORONER.

615

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
			July 20

Years — Months — Days

PLACE OF NATIVITY

WHERE FOUND

Date
When Reported

My dear

h. y. ex

My dear Mr. Garrison,

Ms. A. 2. 2

On the VIEW of the BODY of

the VIEW of the BODY of
Michael Williams (H-3)

whereby it is found that he came to
his death by Conformal Trauma
of Left & arm (right) &
sides of body & face.
Caused by collision between
Mr. E. M. H. H. Local, & arm of
empty train going west of
same road about 5 P. M.,
Feb. 20/96.

Concluded

Inquest taken on the

5th day

of March 1891 before

J. F. [illegible]

Coroner.

~~PRINCE GEORGE~~ Coroner.

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroners Office*

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of

New York, in the County of New York, the 24th, 25th, 26th days of February + 3rd day of March
in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91, before *Edmund*

Levy DANIEL HANLY, Coroner,

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *William Anton Zeilner*
now lying dead at

Twelve Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of
good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and
sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the
said *William Anton Zeilner* came to his death, do upon
their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *William Anton Zeilner*
came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. ~~Supple~~ Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

1884.
 The undersigned Jurors, who have been sworn to try the
 within and above named case, do hereby certify that the
 within and above named case has been tried and
 the verdict of the jury is as follows: That the
 within and above named case is a case of
 manslaughter in the second degree, and that the
 defendant is guilty of the same.

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition
 set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. H. Ketchum
 338 Lexington av

Andrew Miller

J. Leaver Page

Isaac Hamburger

Esper. J. Prokawa

1 East 79 st

John M. Elliot

W. W. Willie

Wm. S. Cunningham

W. W. Willie

Andrew Miller 65 N 84

Gustav N. Schwab

140 W. 5th st

John G. Mott

Ferdinand Levy
 Coroner. U. S.

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says :

I have made

of the body of
now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of
death is ~~Fracture~~ ^{by} Fracture Right Arm, Fracture of Skull
and Burns of Head & Face, Penetrating Wound
of Back between arm & seat.

Wm. A. Conway
(M. D.)

Sworn to before me,

this 20th day of

Feb 1891

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE			PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
Years	Months	Days	New York City	Morgue from Samuel	Feb 20 1891
18	1	20		8400 20th St 4th Ave.	

Body prepared by O'Brien
written by John Doe
932-104 Ave.

AN INQUISITION

On the view of the BODY of our
Industrious man (X-2)
W. H. Anderson, alias

whereby it is found that he came to
his death by ...
by ... of ...
of H. ...
and of ...
house at ...
his ... at ...
of the ...

Subscribed
On the ... day
of ...
1891
DANIEL BARRY, Coroner.

630

AGE	1 Months 20 Days	PLACE OF NATIVITY	New York City	WHERE FOUND	at home from source	Date When Reported	Feb 2 Day
-----	------------------	-------------------	---------------	-------------	---------------------	--------------------	-----------

8400 25-8 of the Ave.

12)

1/27 Dec. 1891

On the VIEW of the BODY of an
unknown man (No 2)
by Wm. G. Anderson, M.D.

Interdicted on the
5th day
of March 1891 before
DANIEL HAWLEY, Coroner.

039
127

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroners Office*

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February 1891, at 5 o'clock of the day of the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91

Levy ~~DANIEL HANLY~~, Coroner,
of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *John Murray*

now lying dead at

Twelve good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said *John Murray* came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *John Murray* came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James R. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James R. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

SECOND:

THIRD:

RECOMMEND:

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

[Faint, illegible text, likely a stamp or header from the reverse side of the page.]

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Mr. Nathan 33 Lexington	Gustav H. Schwan
George Papp	Andrew Miller
Julien M. Elliot, 60 Broadway	Isaac Hamburger
John D. Cunningham	440 & 68 Street
Isaac V. Brokaw	1 East 79 St
Isaac H. Mott	2122 - 5th Ave
Charles W. Warr	1 East 30th St
Frederick W. Wilber	
Frederick W. Wilber	Coroner. L. S.

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says :

I have made

of the body of

now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of death is Suffocation, Double ^{my} Fractures of right arms, and Burns of Face and Body,

Wm. A. Conway,
M. D.

M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this 20th day of

my
✓ cv

189.6

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
49 Years — Months — Days	Ireland	Morgue from	Febr 2 1892
		by tunnel at 84 th & 4 th Ave	

AN INQUISTION

On the view of the body of an
unknown man (No. 1.)
ice, found as

of John Murray

whereby it is found that, he came to,
his death by of the same vessel
during collection of the
with the local "wild country"
and of "Boston Express" party
would in some cases at 1891
Febr 20/90 at 84th & 4th Ave
of Ave.

Investigated by J. H. day
On request on the
of March 1891 before
of the coroner.
DANIEL H. H. CORONER.

6/13

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
Years — Months — Days	<i>Ireland</i>	<i>Murphy from</i>	<i>Feb 20</i>

dy Mural at 84th & Hth Ave

6/17

PLACE OF NATIVITY

Distance
Miles from

Date
When Reported

On the VIEW of the BODY of an
unknown man (No. 1.)
well figured and

John Murray

whereby it is found that, he came to
his death by Ignorance & Unbelief
during Collection of W.L.
Dr. H. W. H. Love "will supply"
Care of Boston Express Com-
pound on same line at 12 1/2
Feb 20-190 at 84-107
4-10-10.

Inquest taken on the 5th day of March 1891 before
 Edmund F. Earl
 Justice of the Peace
 for the County of Franklin
 State of New York
 Coroner.

~~DANIEL HAYLEN~~ Coroner.

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroners Office*

No. *124 Second Avenue*

New York, in the County of New York, this *24th* day of *February* 1891

in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *91*

Levy

~~DANIEL HANLY~~, Coroner,

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *James P. Flynn*

now lying dead at

Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of

Twelve

good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and

sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the

said *James P. Flynn*

came to his death, do upon

their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *James P. Flynn*

came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

6106012

• • • • •

Abstract

(2)

Wm. Graham 334 Lexington
 J. Saver Page 101 Fulton
 John M. West
 Isaac T. Parker 1 East 79 St
 John A. Williams
 Jordan H. Mott
 Schuyler Warren
 Gustav H. Schwan
 Andrew Hill
 Isaac Handwerker
 Dr. Williams
 Dr. Williams
 Ferdinand Leop.
 Coroner. L. S.

TESTIMONY.

M. D., being duly sworn, says:

I have made

of the body of
now lying dead at

and from such

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of
death is *Asphyxiation, Burns & fractured ribs*

Wm. A. Conway,
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this 20th day of

February 1896

Frederick L. [Signature]

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
50 Years <u>u</u> Months <u>u</u> Days	Ireland.	Mogue from	Feb. 20 th 1891

Tunnel at 84th St & 4th Ave.

6710 Ave. 675-346

AN INQUISTION

On the VIEW of the BODY of one
unknown man (1891)
identified as
Daniel R. Sullivan

whereby it is found that, he came to
his death by violence received
during a riot of N. Y. H.
H. "Boat" with empty can
of "Boston Express" gin house
on June, 1891 at 77th St. & 14th
1891 at tunnel at 84th St.
& 4th Ave.

Concluded 5th day
of March 1891 before
DANIEL R. SULLIVAN, DISTRICT
CLERK.

629

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the Coroners Office

No. 124 Second Avenue Street, in the 17th Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, this 24th day of February + 3rd day of March in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and 91 before

FERDINAND LEVY, Coroner

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of John H. Hencke now lying dead at

Twelve good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the said John H. Hencke came to his death, do upon their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said John H. Hencke came to his death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand Levy to inquire into the cause of death of Helen T. Supple, William Anton Zeilner, John H. Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John Murray, in the 4th Avenue tunnel, on the morning of Feb. 20, 1891 do find:

FIRST That the preponderance of evidence shows that the signals were properly set at danger at the time the New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y passed them on the morning of Feb. 20, and the jury believes that owing to the density of the atmosphere in the tunnel due to the presence of fog, smoke and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. did not clearly see the signal; it is further believed by the jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if it rang on the day of the accident when his train passed the danger light.

SECOND: We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad company its officers and directors are immediately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple and others heretofore mentioned, because of the failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger signal at 72 Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford Railroad Co. is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad Co. thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD: We would urge the Legislature to compel the N. Y. Central & Hudson River Railroad Co. to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we

appropriate for the general public and the general membership of the National Association of Manufacturers and the American Federation of Labor. The National Association of Manufacturers and the American Federation of Labor are the two largest labor organizations in the United States. The National Association of Manufacturers is a non-profit organization that represents the interests of manufacturers in the United States. The American Federation of Labor is a labor union that represents the interests of workers in the United States. The National Association of Manufacturers and the American Federation of Labor are both important organizations in the United States. The National Association of Manufacturers is a non-profit organization that represents the interests of manufacturers in the United States. The American Federation of Labor is a labor union that represents the interests of workers in the United States. The National Association of Manufacturers and the American Federation of Labor are both important organizations in the United States.

[illegible][illegible]

earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

104 ST. JAMES ST. NEW YORK
JANUARY 1888
THE JURY OF THE CORONER'S COURT
IN AND FOR THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK
DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THE ABOVE NAMED
PERSONS WERE THE JURY AT THE INQUIRY
HELD AT THE CORONER'S COURT
ON THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY 1888
IN THE CASE OF THE BODY OF
JOHN J. BROWN
DECEASED
AND THAT THE VERDICT OF THE JURY
WAS THAT THE SAID BROWN
DIED OF A HEART DISEASE
ON THE 10TH DAY OF JANUARY 1888
AT NEW YORK CITY

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition
set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. H. Williams 338 E. 7th St.	Andrew Weiss
J. Sever	Gustav H. Schwan
Julien M. Witt	Isaac Hamburger 109 E. 78th
James J. Brokaw	1 East 79 St
Charles J. ...	Dr. Wells
Joseph W. Holt	William ...
John F. Warren	Fred. ...
	Coroner. L. S.

TESTIMONY.

Wm. J. Jenkins

M. D., being duly sworn, says;

I have made an examination of the body of

John H. Hencke

now lying dead at

Presbyterian Hospital and from such examination

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of

death is Shock - Traumatic amputation of

left tibia and fibula, and compound comminuted

fracture right tibia and fibula simple fracture

right femur, burns of body; injuries received

in collision in tunnel 4th Ave and 84th St

Feb. 20th 1891 - 7.10 A.M.

Wm. J. Jenkins, M.D.

Sworn to before me

this

20th

day of

February

1891

Ferdinand R. [Signature]

CORONER.

MEMORANDA.

AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
19 Years 2 Months 1 Days	N.Y. City	Presbyterian Hospital	Feb. 20 1899

Statement
Presbyterian
Hospital

F.L.

1899

1899

1899

AN INQUISTION

On the VIEW of the BODY of

John M. Stucke

whereby it is found that he came to

his death by

Shock - Fracture of

anastomosis of left tibia

and fibula - and compound

comminuted fracture of

right tibia and fibula, simple

fracture right femur, bones

body, injuries received

the collision in tunnel 4th

ave and 84th St. Feb. 20 1899.

1899, at 7.10 AM.

Very closely 15 4 day

Original taken on the

of 1899 before

FERDINAND LEVY, Doctor.

1612

AGE	PLAGE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
19 Years 6 Months 7 Days	Wm. City	Proctorian Hospital	7th, 20th 1891.

Statement
Prochytian
Hospital,

Fi

No. 6125

At Quar. 1899

AN INQUISITION

On the VIEW of the BODY of

John H. Henckes

whereby it is found that he came to
his death by
Shock - Traumatic
amputation of left tibia
and fibula - and compound
comminuted fracture of
right tibia and fibula; simple
fracture right femur, none
body, injuries received
the collision in tunnel ^{the}
one and of 4th 11. Feb. 28th 1917
at 7.10 AM.

Very Cluded
Enquest tapers on the
day

of March 1891 before

FERDINAND LEVY, Coroner.

✓ 612

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroner's Office*
 On the *12th* day of *December* 1891, at *17 1/2* Ward of the City of
 New York, in the County of New York, this *24th* day of *February* 1892, at *10 45* o'clock
 in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *91* before *Edmund*
Levy DANIEL HANEY, Coroner,
 of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *Helen Theresa Supple*
 now lying dead at

Twelve good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and
 sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the
 said *Helen Theresa Supple* came to her death, do upon
 their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *Helen T. Supple*
 came to her death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand
 Levy, to inquire into the cause of the death of
 Helen T. Supple, William Anton Feilner, John H.
 Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John
 Murray, in the 4th Avenue Tunnel, on the morning of
 February 20th, 1891, do find:

FIRST:

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the
 signals were properly set at danger at the time the
 New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y
 passed them on the morning of February, 20th, and
 the jury believes that owing to the density of the
 atmosphere in the tunnel, due to the presence of fog
 and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York,
 New Haven & Hartford railroad company did not clear-
 ly see the signal; it is further believed by the
 jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if
 it rang on the day of the accident when his train
 passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford rail-
 road company its officers and directors are imme-
 diately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple
 and others heretofore mentioned, because of the
 failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroner's Office*
 On the *12th* day of *December* in the *17th* Year of the City of
 New York, in the County of New York, this *24th* day of *February* 1891, at *10 o'clock*
 in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *91* before *Honorable*
Levy DANIEL HANEY, Coroner,
 of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *Helen Theresa Supple*
 now lying dead at

Twelve Upon the Oaths and Affirmations of
 good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and
 sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner the
 said *Helen Theresa Supple* came to her death, do upon
 their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *Helen T. Supple*
 came to her death by

VERDICT:

The Coroners jury summoned by Coroner Ferdinand
 Levy, to inquire into the cause of the death of
 Helen T. Supple, William Anton Feilner, John H.
 Hencke, Michael Mullane, James B. Flynn, and John
 Murray, in the 4th Avenue Tunnel, on the morning of
 February 20th, 1891, do find:

FIRST:

That the preponderance of evidence shows that the
 signals were properly set at danger at the time the
 New York, New Haven & Hartford train called 10 Y
 passed them on the morning of February, 20th, and
 the jury believes that owing to the density of the
 atmosphere in the tunnel, due to the presence of fog
 and steam, engineer Fowler of the New York,
 New Haven & Hartford railroad company did not clear-
 ly see the signal; it is further believed by the
 jury that engineer Fowler did not hear the gong if
 it rang on the day of the accident when his train
 passed the danger light.

SECOND:

We find that the New York, New Haven & Hartford rail-
 road company its officers and directors are imme-
 diately responsible for the death of Helen T. Supple
 and others heretofore mentioned, because of the
 failure of engineer Fowler to distinguish the danger

0221

signal at 72nd Street thus causing the collision with the shop-train; and we further find that the New York New Haven & Hartford railroad company is immediately responsible for the death by suffocation and burning of John Murray and James B. Flynn, which was caused by the upsetting of a car-stove in the Boston & Albany car under the charge of the New York New Haven and Hartford railroad company, thus setting fire to the wreck by reason of the collision.

THIRD:

would
We urge the Legislature to compel the New York Central & NHudson River railroad company to make additional openings in the tunnel in order to provide for better ventilation and light in said tunnel as from personal examination we find that the present ventilation and light are inadequate; and we do further believe that the use of anthracite coal when additional openings are made would contribute to the safety of the traffic. We further believe that the present system of the use of one man in the signal cabs in the tunnel is insufficient for safety, and we earnestly recommend the employment of two at all times. We further recommend that such outgoing and incoming trains when passing through the tunnel be advised of the train immediately preceding it and also its reasonable headway. And we further recommend that a uniform rate of speed be adopted for all trains and engines passing through the tunnel.

0222

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisition set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Wm. Kitchman
338 Lexington St.
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West

Andrew M. M.
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West
Isaac H. West

Coroner. L.S.

0223

TESTIMONY.

Wm A Conway M. D., being duly sworn, says :
I have made an examination of the body of
 Helen D. Supple now lying dead at
 the morgue and from such examination
and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of
death is Burns of Body & Face & Fracture of
Ribs - *7 high*

Wm A Conway
M. D.

Sworn to before me,

this *20th* day of

Feb 189*P*
Frederick Levy CORONER.

0224

MEMORANDA.

AGE			PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
36	Years	Months	Days	N. Y. State	Morgue from Tunnel at 84 th & 4 th Ave.

Not 5'8" 140 lbs
with buttoned shirt

W. L. H. V.

D. E.

Chas. B. H.

1891

AN INQUISITION

On the view of the body of an

unknown woman (Mrs)

born in New York

Helen Josephine Smith

whereby it is found that she came to

her death by suicide, received

during collection of N. Y.

with the "social" with

company and of "Boston

before a jury held on same

facts in January 1891

of the case above by the

February 1891

Original taken on the 15th day

of March 1891 before

DAVID HANCOCK, Coroner.

6107

Reb 589 4614 are
with husband Richard Japple

Journal at 84 West 9 Ave.

36 Years - Months - Days	N. Y. State	Margue Japple	Feb 20 1891
AGE	PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported

MEMORANDA.

J.L. 1119

DE.
1891

AN INQUISITION

On the VIEW of the BODY of an
unknown woman (No. 8)
interred as
Helen Marie Japple

whereby it is found that she came to
her death by Hunger, received
during collection of No. 4.
N.Y. H. "Local" with
empty card of "Bazons
Express" my notes on same
book in journal 84 West 9
Ave about 7/18/91
Feb 20 1891

Completed
Inquest on the 5th day
of March 1891 before
DANIEL HANES, CORONER.

0225

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE
Of the City and County of New York.

.....
The People of the State of New York

--against--

Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt, E.H.
Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathan-
iel Wheeler, Henry C.Robinson, Edward
M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew,
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and
Leverett Brainard.
.....

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK,
by this Indictment accuse Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt,
E.H.Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry
C.Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew,
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of a
Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the twentieth day of
February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hun-
dred and ninty-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford
Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had
been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing
under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut,
_____ and on the day and in
the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said

corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

And on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, the said Charles P. Clark late of the City and County aforesaid was the President and a Director of the said corporation, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, all late of the City and County aforesaid, were directors of the said corporation, and the said Charles P. Clark as such President and Director, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee,

0228

CELESTIN APESM XTIILOSQ WOLE FUSM LITFA MYJES JU TEBAPP SUG
COIBOLSPFOS QIG SUG AEP QOOS OBEZUPE' XTIILOSQ SUG HAE S

William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, as such, directors --- (being and composing the Board of Directors of the said corporation)--- then and there had the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of the trains and cars operated and used by the said steam railroad for the purposes thereof as aforesaid, and among other things of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains of the said steam railroad and so hauled and run by it as aforesaid, and particularly of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains hauled and run by the said steam railroad for the conveyance and transportation of passengers in, by, over and along the said portion of the said line of railroad so being within the said City and County of New York.

A n d the said Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew, Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance and permission of them the said Charles P.Clark, Wilson G.Hunt,

0229

and operation of the equipment, management and operation
and operation) --- when the same was the cause of conflict
for --- (being the cause of the loss of the property of the
William Rockefeller and Leveeoff, as shown by the

E.H.Trowbridge, William D.Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry
C.Robinson, Edward M.Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M.Depew,
Henry S.Lee, William Rockefeller, and Leverett Brainard, for
the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the
said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that por-
tion thereof lying within the City and County of New York
aforesaid, --- the number of said passenger trains and of
the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as
aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown ---
and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passen-
ger cars to be heated, --- not for temporary use in case of
accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual
method of heating such cars while the same were in actual
use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid, and
in motion, --- by means of stoves kept inside of such cars,
none of the said cars having been or being then equipped
with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from
the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a spec-
ial car; against the form of the statute in such cases made
and provided, and against the peace of the People of the
State of New York, and their dignity.

HENRY S. LEE, WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER, SUG LEVERETT, BISHOP, FOR
C. ROBINSON, EDWARD M. REED, JOSEPH PARK, CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW,
E. H. TROWBRIDGE, WILLIAM D. BISHOP, NATHANIEL WHEELER, HENRY

SECOND COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

Here to fore, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut; and on the day and in the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, and by over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a

HENRY C. ROBINSON, WILLIAM D. BISHOP, NATHANIEL WHEELER, HENRY C. ROBINSON, EDWARD M. REED, JOSEPH PARK, CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, HENRY S. LEE, WILLIAM ROCKEFELLER AND LEVERETT BRAINARD

portion to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car; against the form of

V. H. G. the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt,

against the said City and Council of New York.

Decision to wit: for writs of habeas corpus and mandamus per se

the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

THIRD COUNT

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Thowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward H. Reed, Joseph Park, Chamcey M. Depew, Henry C. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

Here to fore, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut; and on the day and in the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the

५१ मेरु ५२

pages of the books of the House of Lord John, and that
the authors to whom such names are known, and that the

said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit; twenty six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

the
And the said, New York, New Haven and Hartford
Railroad Company on the said twentieth day of February,
in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid,
did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam
railroad on other than mixed trains to wit; drivers passen-
ger cars on, of and composing drivers passenger trains
then and there run, hauled, ^{used} and operated by the said steam
railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance
and permission of the said the New York, New Haven and
Hartford Railroad Company for the conveyance of passengers
in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in,
by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the
City and County of New York aforesaid (the number of said
passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of
and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand
Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer
and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for
temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but

0234

of the said

degrees of the people of the State of New York, and that the
the people of the State of New York, and that the

said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was
and yet is doing business in this State and in the City
and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and run-
ning of trains of cars for the conveyance and transporta-
tion of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a
certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof to wit;
twenty six miles thereof and upwards being within this State,
and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being
also within the said City and County of New York.

the
And the said New York, New Haven and Hartford
Railroad Company on the said twentieth day of February,
in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid,
did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam
railroad on other than mixed trains to wit; divers passen-
ger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains
then and there run, hauled, ^{used} and operated by the said steam
railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance
and permission of the said the New York, New Haven and
Hartford Railroad Company for the conveyance of passengers
in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in,
by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the
City and County of New York aforesaid (the number of said
passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of
and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand
Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer
and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for
temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but

THE OFFICE OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL, IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF JAMES H. HARRIS, DECEASED.

as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car;

And on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, the said Charles P. Clark, late of the City and County aforesaid, was the President and a Director of the said corporation, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard all late of the City and County aforesaid, were Directors of the said corporation, and the said Charles P. Clark, as such President and Director, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, as such Directors, (being and composing the Board of Directors of the said corporation) then and there had the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of the trains and cars operated and used by the said steam railroad for the purposes thereof as afore-

...the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains of the said steam railroad and so hauled and run by it as aforesaid, and particularly of the heating of the passenger cars of, on and composing the passenger trains hauled and run by the said steam railroad for the conveyance and transportation of passengers in, by, over and along the said portion of the said line of railroad so being within the said City and County of New York.

And so being such *president and directors* as aforesaid, and so having the charge, control and supervision of the equipment, management and operation of the said steam railroad and of its trains and cars as aforesaid, and of the heating of its passenger cars as aforesaid, the said

Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry L. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Braward,

II

then and there, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, were unlawfully concerned in the commission of the said crime and misdemeanor by the said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and there unlawfully did aid and abet in its commission by the said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and there unlawfully did directly counsel, command, induce and procure the said corporation so to commit the said crime and misdemeanor in manner and form aforesaid; against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

FOURTH COUNT:

A n d the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. - Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller, and Leverett - Brainard, of the same misdemeanor, committed as follows:
H e r e t o f o r e, te wit: on the said twentieth

day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and for a long time prior thereto had been and yet is a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut _____ ; and on the day and in the year aforesaid and at all the times aforesaid, the said corporation did and yet does operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad of the said New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company was and yet is doing business in this State and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof, to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards, being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards, being also within the said City and County of New York.

A n d the said the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, on the said twentieth day of February in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and

there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement, direction, sufferance and permission of the said The New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car;

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. M. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, _____

I4

all late of the City and County aforesaid, then and there
to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the
City and County aforesaid, were unlawfully concerned in the
commission of the said crime and misdemeanor by the said
corporation, in manner and form aforesaid, and then and
there unlawfully did aid and abet in its commission by the
said corporation in manner and form aforesaid, and then and
there unlawfully did directly counsel, command, induce and
procure the said corporation so to commit the said crime
and misdemeanor in manner and form aforesaid, against the
form of the statute in such case made and provided, and
against the peace of the People of the State of New York,
and their dignity.

FIFTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and for a long time prior thereto, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard did and yet do operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length, and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad; and at all the times aforesaid, the said steam railroad was and yet is doing business in this State, and in the City and County of New York aforesaid, in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, a great portion thereof, to wit: twenty-six miles thereof and upwards being within this State, and a portion, to wit: ten miles thereof and upwards being also within the said City and County of New York.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew,

Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard on the said twentieth day of February, in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully heat the passenger cars of the said steam railroad on other than mixed trains to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad, by the act, procurement direction, sufferance and permission of them, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad and in, by, over and along that portion thereof lying within the City and County of New York aforesaid, (the number of said passenger trains and of the said passenger cars on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown) and did cause, procure, suffer and permit the said passenger cars to be heated (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a special car; against the form of the statute in such cases made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

SIXTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: On the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, the said Charles P. Clark, late of the City and County aforesaid, being the President and a Director of the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad Company, a corporation duly organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Connecticut, and the said Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, all late of the same place, being Directors of the said corporation, which said corporation then, and for a long time prior thereto, operated, maintained and used and yet does operate, maintain and use, a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad and which said steam railroad then and there did business in this State in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, ten miles thereof and upwards being within the City and County of New York, at the

City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully cause and procure, suffer and permit the said steam railroad to heat its passenger cars on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad, and in, by, over and along that portion thereof so lying and being within the said City and County, by means of stoves kept inside of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water, or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same, or from a special car, (the number of said passenger trains, and of the said passenger cars, on, of and composing the same as aforesaid, being to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown), against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SEVENTH COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this Indictment further accuse the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard of the same Misdemeanor, committed as follows:

H e r e t o f o r e, to wit: on the said twentieth day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, and for a long time prior thereto, the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E. H. Trowbridge,

William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard all late of the City and County aforesaid, did and yet do operate, maintain and use a certain steam railroad more than fifty miles in length and known as the New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad, which said steam railroad then and there did and yet does business in this State in the hauling and running of trains of cars for the conveyance and transportation of passengers and freight, in, by, over and along a certain line of railroad, ten miles thereof and upwards lying and being within the City and County aforesaid.

And the said Charles P. Clark, Wilson G. Hunt, E.H. Trowbridge, William D. Bishop, Nathaniel Wheeler, Henry C. Robinson, Edward M. Reed, Joseph Park, Chauncey M. Depew, Henry S. Lee, William Rockefeller and Leverett Brainard, on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, did unlawfully cause and procure, suffer and permit the said steam railroad to heat its passenger cars on other than mixed trains, to wit: divers passenger cars on, of and composing divers passenger trains then and there run, hauled, used and operated by the said steam railroad for the conveyance of passengers in, by, over and along the said line of railroad, and in, by, over and along that portion thereof so lying and being within the said city and county, (not for temporary use in case of accident or other emergency, but as the regular and usual method of heating such cars while the same were in actual use and service and being hauled and run as aforesaid and in motion) by means of stoves kept inside

0246

of such cars, none of the said cars having been or being then equipped with apparatus to heat by steam, hot water or hot air from the locomotive hauling or drawing the same or from a special car; against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

De Lancey Nicoll,

District Attorney.

0247

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Clark, Edward A.

DATE:

03/26/91



3964

Witnesses:

Robert H. Seering

Counsel,

Filed

Pleads,

De Lancey Nicoll
John R. Phillips

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Forgery in the Second Degree.
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

Edward A. Clark

alias

Albert Sprague
(*James*)

DE LANCEY NICOLL

JOHN R. PHILLIPS

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

Alfred J. ...

Foreman.

0249

Police Court, First District.City and County } ss.
of New York,of No. 217 East 36 Richard H. Stephens
Street, aged 44 years,
occupation Carpenter and Builder being duly sworn, deposes and says,
that on the 28 day of January 1891, at the City of New
York, in the County of New York.

Edward A. Clark (now here) did wilfully forge and utter as true a certain paper (viz note) with intent to defraud on the following facts to wit:

That deponent is informed by Peter J. G. Searing of No 69 Fulton Street, who is a member of the firm of H. B. Kirk & Co that on or about the 28th day of January 1891 the said defendant came into his place of business at the said address, and stated to said Peter J. G. Searing that he was the son-in-law of deponent, and was desirous of buying a quantity of liquors and cigars as the deponent his father-in-law was about starting him in business at Huntington Long Island.

And that deponent is further informed by the said Peter J. G. Searing, that the said defendant did then and there give and hand to said Peter J. G. Searing - an instrument or paper (viz note) hereto annexed and marked Exhibit A stating at the said time that the maker of said note whose name R. H. Stephens is signed thereto was his father in law - and had given him the said note to pay for the bill of Liquors which he had contracted for and had bought from the said firm of H. B. Kirk & Company, and at the same time requested to have the goods he had ordered, to be sent to Edward A. Clark, Huntington Long Island.

And deponent is further informed by said Peter J. G. Searing, that on or about the 31st day of January 1891 the said defendant came to his place of business, and stated that he was in need of the goods, and would take

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

District.

188	Magistrate.	Officer.	Clerk.	Street.	Street.	Street.	Sessions
-----	-------------	----------	--------	---------	---------	---------	----------

York, in the County of New York,

the same away with him. and that the said Peter J. L. Searing relying on the representations of the said defendant that the said R. H. Stephens was his father in law. and was the master of the note, which the defendant had given in payment for said goods, did then and there give and allow the said defendant to take away the said property. And deponent further says that the said defendant had no right or authority to use his name, in any transactions whatever that he is not his son in law. nor any relations whatever of his, that such representations were made for the purpose of cheating and defrauding that the note hereto annexed and signed R. H. Stephens (Marked Exhibit A) is a false forged, paper. uttered for the purpose of cheating and defrauding. and was not made by him nor was it made by any authority given to any one - by deponent. Deponent therefore charges the defendant with having committed a Forgery. and asks that he be held and dealt with as the Law may direct -

Sworn to before me this
19 day of March 1891

Richd W. Stephens

[Signature] Justice -

0251

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.
OF NEW YORK,

Peter J. L. Seaming
aged *44* years, occupation *Lynis* of No.

69 Fulton Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of *Richard A. Stephens*

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this

day of

March 188*8*
[Signature]
Police Justice.

Peter J. L. Seaming

0252

Sec. 198—200.

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.
OF NEW YORK,

District Police Court.

Albert Sprague being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is h right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against h —; that the statement is designed to
enable h — if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against h —
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that h — waiver cannot be used
against h — on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Albert Sprague*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *27 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *New York*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *223 West 66 Street 10 Months*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Real Estate*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty—
Albert Sprague

Taken before me this
day of *March* 19*19*
188*9*

Police Justice.

State of New York
City & County of New York *1/3* P.

Richard W. Stephens of the City of New York
being duly sworn says that he resides at 66
West 112th St. New York City.

That he does not know any person of the
name of Edward A. Clark and that he never
signed any promissory note to the order of
said Edward A. Clark

Deponent further says that he has been shown
three promissory notes. One dated January
28. 1891. for \$276⁵⁰ payable 30 days after
date to the order of Edward A. Clark - One
dated Feb'y 5. 1891 for \$220⁰⁰ payable
thirty days after date to the order of Edward
A. Clark - and one dated February 5. 1891
for \$85⁰⁰ payable thirty days after date
to the order of Edward A. Clark. and
all three of them signed R. W. Stephens

Deponent swears that he never signed these
said notes or authorized anyone to sign
them for them -

That he never saw said ~~notes~~ before this
day.

That he knows nothing about them in any
way or about any Edward A. Clark and
that he has no relative of that name

Sworn to before me this
14th day of March 1891

R.W. Stephens

Thos. A. Keller

NOTARY PUBLIC (141)
NEW YORK COUNTY, N. Y.

Received New York Jan'y 25 1893 from the clerk
of the Court of General Sessions Three (3) notes as follows
one dated Jan'y 28/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$226.⁵⁰ 1000
one dated Feb'y 5/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$270.⁰⁰ 1000
one dated Feb'y 7/91 signed R.W. Stephens to the order of
Edward A. Clark at thirty days for \$85.⁰⁰ 1000 with
notices of partial attachment -

A.B. Nix⁴⁵ &
for P.J. Seaming
by J. Nelson 6/91

0255

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named defendant

Not guilty guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Twenty Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.
Dated March 19 1891 [Signature] Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named _____
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named _____
_____ guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

0258

Ex March 20th
2:30 P.M.
\$2000.00 bail
J. J. H.

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

635/637 389
Police Court *Miss* District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Richard M. Stephens
Edward A. Clark

2

3

4

Dated

March 19 91

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

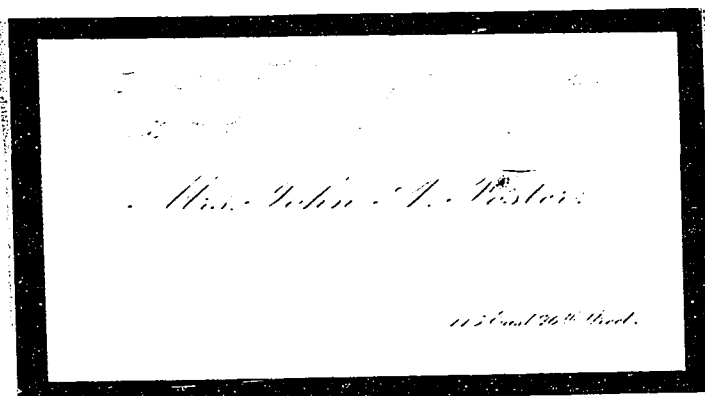
to answer



Corn

to answer

0257



ton, Long Island and he at once began to select the stock which he wanted. He selected, for instance, a barrel of whiskey,--we showed him six or seven different sorts of whiskey -- and finally he picked out the one he wanted. Then we came to brandy, and he selected four or five different kinds of brandies. So it went on with other articles in the store which he selected. There was a man named Parmelee who was with Mr. Clark on that morning and it was he who introduced Clark to me. After he had completed the selection of articles I told him I would make out his bill. He said he would come the next day, and pay for the goods, and he asked me if we gave thirty days. I told him we would take a note for thirty days. After he had gone we looked up R. W. Stevens and we found his credit to be good. On the following morning the defendant came into our store and handed me the note which is now produced. When he handed it to me it had been endorsed in the name of Edward A. Clark. I put it through our bank and afterwards found out that it was no good.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

- Q How long had you known this man Parmelee ? A About five weeks.
- Q Had Mr. Parmelee any business transaction before that time with you ? A Yes, sir; two or three.
- Q You ascertained that R. W. Stevens was good and for that reason you accepted the note ? A Yes, sir.
- Q No statement was made by Clark as to whether the note was good or not ? A No, sir.

Q You had never met Clark before Parmelee introduced him to you ? A No, sir; I did not.

Q Clark didn't tell you he was the son-in-law of Mr. Stevens ? A Yes, sir; certainly he did.

Q In what language ? A He said: "I am his son-in-law".

Q Is it not a matter of fact that you have since been paid for those goods which the defendant took away ? A I don't know, sir, anything about that.

PETER J. SEARING, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I am a member of the firm of W. E. Kirk & Company doing business at 69 Fulton Street in this city. I have been fourteen years in that business. I saw the defendant first about the 28th. of January at our Fulton Street store. Mr. Odell brought him to the office to me and I talked with him. Mr. Odell said: "Here is Clark, the one that left the note here the other day for those goods which he wanted to buy". I had the note in my hand at the time. I recognize the note now shown me as the same note. I asked Clark if the note was all right and he said: "Yes; my father-in-law is going to help me in business".

Q Did he say who his father-in-law was ? A Yes, sir; his father-in-law Mr. Stevens. I looked up the matter and found that Mr. Stevens was rated pretty highly. I said it was all right and accepted the note. The defendant a few days afterwards called at the store with a wagon and took the goods away on them.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q The defendant Clark said he was the son-in-law of Mr. Stevens ? A Yes, sir.

Q And that Mr. Stevens made the note ? A He said: "This is my father-in-law's note", and he gave it to me.

Q You have been paid for these goods haven't you ? A Yes, sir; we have been paid, but not by Clark.

Q Your firm was induced to give them these goods after learning that the maker of this note was financially responsible ? A Yes, sir; that was one of the inducements.

Q Wasn't that the only inducement ? A It was the principal one.

Q The endorsement of Edward A. Clark was upon the note when the defendant presented it to you ? A Yes, sir.

RICHARD W. STEVENS, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I reside at No. 66 West 112th. Street in this city. I am a carpenter by occupation and have my shop at No. 215 and 217 East 36th. Street. I do not know the defendant Edward A. Clark. I never saw him in my life until I saw him at Police Headquarters in Mulberry Street. He is not my son-in-law. I am sure of that because my eldest daughter is only eight years old. I have no daughter married. The signature upon the note which is now shown me is not my signature. I didn't make it, nor did I authorize it to be made by the defendant or any other person.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q Do you occupy the entire premises 215 East 36th. Street ?

A Yes, sir.

Q Are you there nearly every day ? A Yes, sir.

Q How many notes have you out at this time ? A I have four or five notes.

Q Have you not on more than one occasion whenever any of your notes came due sought to avoid payment of them by saying that they were forgeries ? A No, sir.

Q Are your initials R. W. Stevens ? A Yes, sir.

Q Do you sign that or your full name ? A R. W. Stevens.

Q You are quite positive that this is not your signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q Do you know a man by the name of George H. Parmelee?

A No, sir; I never knew him nor was he ever introduced to me by any person.

DEFENSE:

THOMAS A. McGLYNN, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I am acquainted with the gentleman last upon the stand, Mr. R. W. Stevens. The note which is now handed me is a note which I know to have been made by him. It was given to the firm with which I am connected. It might have been given to him January 20 or 25, probably somewhere around there.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

Q Where do you live ? A No. 245 Henry Street.

Q And what is your business ? A I am collector for Frank A. Hall, wholesale bedding house, Centre and Baxter Streets.

Q Is Mr. Hall here ? A Yes, sir; he is in court.

Q Do you say that you saw Mr. Stevens about this note of \$135 ? A Yes, sir.

Q And you showed him the signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q You asked him if that was his signature ? A Yes, sir.

Q What else did you ask him ? A That was all I was after.

Q You know nothing about the facts of this case, do you ?

A No, sir.

FRANK A. HALL, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I am a manufacturer in this city. I have my ware-rooms at 168 Centre Street in this city. I am not acquainted with the person named George H. Parmelee.

EDWARD A. CLARK, the defendant, sworn, testified:

My real name is Edward A. Sprague. On or about the 24th. day of January I was introduced to one George H. Parmelee and two or three days afterwards I went down to the Real Estate Exchange in Liberty Street, which I occasionally visit and do business at, and this man Parmelee came to me with some notes that he had received from Mr. Stevens, as he told me. He asked me if I could negotiate those notes. He said he would give me twenty per cent. if I did negotiate them. I asked him if the notes were all right and he told me they were. I told him I would meet him the next day and I would see

what I could do with them. He gave me the notes the following day and I kept them in my pocket some three or four days and never did anything with them. Three or four days afterwards he told me he had been to a liquor house in Fulton Street named H. E. Kirk & Company and had made arrangements there to buy a bill of goods for the amount of the notes, or one of the notes, and three or four days after that he took me down and introduced me as Clark. He said to Mr. Searing about the goods and I had no conversation with either of these gentlemen. Mr. Parmelee made all the arrangements. The day after I went down there and they showed me some goods and some liquors. I told them I wanted to get goods to the amount of the note and Mr. Odell told me that I could pick out whatever I wanted and he would let me know what the brands of liquors were. I told him I was not an expert about the liquors, that he could sell me most anything, and if the note was a good bankable note why I would like to get the goods from him. He told me to call in three or four days, which I did. That morning when I came in Mr. Odell bid me the time of day and asked me to sit down. This man Parmelee was with me and he told me that he had done business with this Mr. Odell and that that was the reason he took the note. They sold me a bill of goods and I took the note out of my pocket and handed it to him. He took it over to the cashier's desk and gave me a receipt. He told me I could call for

the goods at any time through the afternoon. I didn't say to Mr. Odell or any other person connected with that firm that I was about to open a road-house at Huntington, Long Island, or anywhere else. I was introduced as Edward A. Clark. I knew at that time that that was not my right name, but I didn't think there was any harm done in it if the note was a straight, honest and legitimate one. Inasmuch as he had introduced me as Clark, I was not going to make a liar of him, and I therefore endorsed the note as Edward A. Clark. Outside of that I had no conversation with anyone in that concern.

CROSS-EXAMINATION:

- Q Your name is Edward A. Sprague ? A Yes, sir.
- Q You gave your name as Albert Sprague in the Police Court, did you not ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Your name is not Edward A. Clark ? A No, sir.
- Q What business are you in ? A The real estate business I have been in.
- Q Did you take those goods to Huntington, Long Island ?
A No , sir; and I never made any such statement.
- Q You took them away in an express wagon ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Mr. Odell is not mistaken about that ? A No, sir.
- Q He is mistaken in other things ? A Yes, sir; I don't deny that I took the things.
- Q Where did you take them to ? A I took them in a wagon and Mr. Parmelee told me to take them to a place in the Bowery near Chatham Street.

- Q A liquor store ? A Yes, sir; kept by a man named Wintermeyer.
- Q This man Parmelee was with you ? A Yes; he did all the talking.
- Q Were the goods left there ? A Yes, sir.
- Q You went afterwards to Fulton Street ? A Yes, sir.
- Q And you got more goods, did you ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Where did you take those goods to ? A To the same place on the Bowery.
- Q You did all this at the direction of Parmelee ? A Yes, sir.
- Q How long have you known Parmelee ? A I was was introduced to him about the 24th. or 25th. of January.
- Q Were the notes all made payable to the same person ?
A Yes; they were all endorsed and made in the same way.
- Q Did they have Edward A. Clark on them ? A Yes, sir.
- Q Did you endorse them at all ? A No, sir.
- Q How much did you receive for those goods from Wintermeyer?
A \$120.
- Q Did you share that money with Parmelee ? A I got my share of it from him as we had agreed upon.
- Q You collected the money from Wintermeyer for Parmelee ?
A I did, as I was looking for my commission.
- Q Do you recollect the amount of the first bill of goods that was made up by Mr. Odell or H. E. Kirk & Company ?
A About \$225.

THOMAS EWING RIDDELL, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I reside in Philadelphia. I am acquainted with the defendant. I believe him to be a perfectly straightforward, honest young man and have found him so in all the business dealings I have had with him.

JOHN L. MASON, a witness for the defendant, sworn, testified:

I reside in Brooklyn. I have known the defendant two years. I have always regarded him as an honorable young man.

RICHARD W. STEVENS, re-called:

Q Mr. Stevens, you heard the testimony given by the witness McGlynn that he called on you and showed you that signature Defendant's Exhibit No. 1, and asked you if that was your signature and you said it was: Is that true? A No, sir.

Q Did he ever call on you? A Yes, I have seen him once near my shop at 36th. Street. He came up to me and shook hands with me and said he would be glad if I would pay that note, or something to that effect. I asked him to show me the note and he said he didn't have it.

Q He didn't have the note with him? A Yes, sir; that is all that I remember about him.

BERNARD WINTERMEYER, a witness for the People, sworn, testified:

I am a liquor dealer, doing business at 15

Bowery. I have seen the defendant before. In company with a man named Parmelee he came to my store. He was introduced to me by Parmelee as Mr. Clark. Parmelee had a little flask of whiskey with him and after some discussion I agreed to buy some of the whiskey. The defendant, from time to time, came to my store afterwards to collect the money. I paid \$156. I afterwards had to pay the firm of H. B. Kirk & Company \$548.

The jury returned a verdict of "Guilty of Forgery in the third degree".

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against
Edward A. Clark, otherwise
called Albert Sprague

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise
called Albert Sprague,
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
fifth day of February in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, with force and arms, at the City and
County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly
act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, to wit: a

promissory note for the payment of money
which said forged promissory note
is as follows, that is to say:

\$85.00
100

New York February 5th 1891.

30 Days after date I promise to pay to
the order of Edward A. Clark,

Eighty five 100 Dollars
at 215 East 36th Street N. Y. City

Value received

Due March 5th 1891

R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and
against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said *Edward A. Clark* otherwise called *Albert Sprague* of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Edward A. Clark*, otherwise called *Albert Sprague* late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, *to wit:* a promissory note for the payment of money,

which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

\$85.00
\$85.100 New York, February 5th 1891
30 Days after date I promise to pay to
the order of *Edward A. Clark*
Eighty five *100* dollars
at 215 East 36th Street N. Y. City.
Value received
Due March 5th 1891 *R.W. Stephens*

with intent to defraud, the said *Edward A. Clark*, otherwise called *Albert Sprague* then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
~~JOHN R. FELLOWS,~~

District Attorney.

0271

Witnesses:

Take for dearing

Counsel,

Filed

day of

Pleas,

Wm. H. H. H.

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Forgery in the Second Degree.
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

Edward A. Clark,

alias

Albert Sprague

(if cases)

ST. LAURENCE COLL.
JOHN R. FELLOWS

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

John R. Fellows

Foreman.

0272

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

*Edward A. Clark, otherwise
called Albert Sprague.*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague,*

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
Twenty-eighth day of *January* in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and *Twenty-one*, with force and arms, at the City and
County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly
act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, *to wit: a*

promissory note for the payment of money,
which said forged *promissory note*
is as follows, that is to say:

\$226.50

New York, January 28th, 1891

*30 Days after date I promise to pay to
the order of Edward A. Clark*

Two hundred & Twenty Six & Fifty-cents. Dollars
at 215 East 36th N.Y. City

Value received

R.W. Stephens

One Saturday Feb 28/91

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and
against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, to wit: a promissory note for the payment of money, which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

\$ 2.26. ⁵⁰/₁₀₀ New York, January 28th 1891
 30 Days after date I promise to pay to the order of Edward A. Clark
 Two hundred & Twenty Six & Fifty Cents, Dollars
 at 215 East 36th N.Y. City
 Value received.
 Due Saturday Feb. 2nd 91 R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud, the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
 JOHN R. FELLOWS,
 District Attorney.

Witnesses;

Peter J. L. Lanning

Counsel, *W. B. Mason*
Filed *Joseph Clark*
Pleas, *March 1891*
Myself

THE PEOPLE

26 W. 6th St.
New York

Edward A. Clark,

alias

Albert Sprague
(17 cases)

Forgery in the Second Degree.
(Sections 511 and 521, Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

off Jerm

A True Bill.

Alfred C. Mason

Foreman.

Part III April 17/91

Issued and certified

under seal of Court - 39

Elmer R. Ref.

0275

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against
 Edward A. Clark, otherwise
 called Albert Sprague.

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
 Edward A. Clark, otherwise called Albert Sprague
 of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark, otherwise
 called Albert Sprague,
 late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
 fifth day of February in the year of our Lord
 one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, with force and arms, at the City and
 County aforesaid, feloniously did forge, and cause and procure to be forged, and willingly
 act and assist in the forging a certain instrument and writing, to wit: a

promissory note for the payment of money,
 which said forged promissory note
 is as follows, that is to say:

\$220.00

New York, February 5th 1891

30 Days after date I promise to pay to
 the order of Edward A. Clark
 Two hundred and Twenty — Dollars
 at 215 East 36th N.Y. City.

Value received

Due March 5/91

R.W. Stephens

with intent to defraud, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and
 against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, *to wit:* a promissory note for the payment of money

which said forged promissory note is as follows, that is to say:

\$220.00 New York February 5th 1891
30 Days after date I promise to pay to the order of Edward A. Clark
Two hundred and Twenty ~~two~~ Dollars
at 215 East 36th N. Y. City
Value received
Due March 5/91 R. W. Stephens

with intent to defraud

the said Edward A. Clark otherwise called Albert Sprague then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL.
~~JOHN R. FELLOWS,~~

District Attorney.

0277

BOX:

430

FOLDER:

3964

DESCRIPTION:

Clegg, William H.

DATE:

03/09/91



3964

0278

Witness:

Chas. S. Greenwood

Counsel

Filed

Plead

THE PEOPLE

vs.

F

William H. Clegg

Grand Larceny Second Degree

[Sections 528, 537, 532 Penal Code.]

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

Part I. 16th

A True Bill.

Foreman.

20

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

0279
Brooklyn, March 18th. 1891

The People &c. :
vs. : Petit larceny.
William D. Clegg. :

Hon. James Fitzgerald:-

My dear Judge:

Relying upon our long acquaintance I take the liberty of addressing you in the interest of the above named defendant. If it was at all certain that my engagements would permit my attending before you on Friday when sentence is to be pronounced, I would present my plea in person.

This young man was born, brought up and lived in North Haverfield, Delaware County, N. Y. all his life, where he was respected by all who knew him; his parents are poor, but honest and good people. On May 7th. 1890, he left home for the first time in his life to visit his married sister, Mrs Lawrence, who resides in the city of New London, Conn., remaining there and with her until about August 1st. 1890, he then came to New York, got in bad company and committed at the suggestion of evil minded associates several larcenies by visiting stores under pretence of purchasing. He came to Brooklyn and committed one larceny here, for which he was arrested and to the charge pleaded guilty, and was

0280

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

2

Brooklyn, 189

sentenced to imprisonment in the Penitentiary of Kings County for a term of six months, which term he has just served. When arrested he frankly informed the officer where he had stolen the articles which were found in his possession, thus furnishing the evidence which led to his conviction. I mention this circumstance as being one which indicates to my mind, and will doubtless to yours, that the boy is not a thief and respectfully submit that a man may steal and yet not be a thief.

Your Honor will notice that the larceny for which he is before you for sentence was committed August 7th. 1890, just six days after leaving his sister's home, and all larcenies which he committed were within that period; may it not be said in reason that he has suffered enough, in the circumstances that he has been taught a lesson which will last him through life and cause him to lead hereafter an honest life and live down the disgrace which he has brought upon himself and his entire family.

Had he committed a crime after having been punished for one theretofore committed I should believe he was bad at heart and did not intend to reform; as it is, I believe he is fully penitent and that if your Honor will, or can see your way clear, to suspend sentence, he will return to his home with his father (who is here) and become a respected and useful member of society. I plead with you for him on account of his father,

0281

LAW OFFICES
 FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
 FRANKLIN BUILDING,
 186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, 189

mother, sisters, brothers and on his own account as well.

Eight years experience on the bench in a criminal court enables me to discriminate to an extent as between hardened criminals and misguided young men. I believe young Clegg to be of good heart and worth saving.

I submit herewith some affidavits of persons who have known him all his life in his home, also; a letter from his brother and an affidavit of his sister showing when he arrived at and left her home. I trust your Honor will pardon the length of this communication, I feel over word I say and respectfully ask such leniency as your sense of duty and justice will permit.

Sincerely yours,

F. S. Massey

*This is a copy of a letter which I have written the
 Judge. Let me see what we can do for you
 father mentioned to you for the or maybe
 tomorrow night*

F. S. Massey

Delaware County ss

David W. Hendry being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield is a farmer Aged 38 years was acquainted with William Elegg when he resided in this place he has worked for me he worked very well at the time, about one year and half ago he was taken with a fit his mother called to me and I went and assisted to bring him to ^{was not} conscious for a good while I should think half an hour or more. His usual health was not very good I do not think quite nervous, I never knew or heard any thing against his moral character while he resided here I was surprised when I heard he had been arrested for stealing, as I never thought he was he was that kind of person when here he used to go in ^{good} as ⁺ society as any of the young men in the place, in any entertainments & Exhibitions ^{he was a} good hand to get it along usually a leading character

David W. Hendry

sworn before me this 12th day of Feb
1891.

Richard Mayes
Justice of the Peace

I, Richard Magee Justice of the Peace in and for the County of Delaware do hereby make the following statement in relation to William H. Elegg who formerly resided in Harpersfield I have known him from infancy and never knew or heard while living here anything against his moral character. He was a peace officer of my Court for one term and for anything that I see or knew he always conducted himself properly he was a steady sober young man and went in good society and was well thought of in the community his health was not always very good but for light labor he generally gave good satisfaction to his employers. Myself among many of his friends and neighbors were astonished at hearing the trouble he got into after leaving here we are really sorry for the young man.

Richard Magee
Justice of the Peace

0284

Richard D. Hayes

Justice

Delaware County ss

Rolla G. Nichols being duly sworn
says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware
County N.Y. and a farmer am 24 years
old have been in the Mercantile business

I was pretty well acquainted with
William H. Clegg when he resided
here. He worked for me in my store
for about two months he was taken
sick while there. I waited two weeks
for him to get well and had to hire
another man I liked his work well
I never heard or knew anything against
his moral character since I have
known him till he got into trouble
since leaving here. I did not
think he would be a person that
would be likely to go into any such
business. so far as I knew he
was generally pretty well liked
in the neighborhood and generally
went in good society

Rolla G. Nichols
sworn before me this 15th day of
February 1891

Richard Chase
Justice of the Peace

Delaware County 35

George W. Evans being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y. is a Mechanic have lived in this Town 31 years in April I know William H. Clegg who used to reside here have known ^{him} from infancy he was always very nervous and never done a great deal of hard labor. Deponent further says that he has never known or heard anything against his character until he got into trouble in Brooklyn N.Y. he was a quiet inoffensive young man and generally liked in the neighborhood was sober and steady and went in good society.

George W. Evans

sworn to before me this 13th day of February 1891

Richard Magee
Justice of the Peace

Delaware Countyss

Catherine D. Blegg he duly sworn says she is the Mother of William H. Blegg. he was born in the Town of Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y. and resided here the most of his life. She says he has never been arrested nor accused of any crime previous to the time he got into trouble last summer in Brooklyn. he always been a sickly nervous boy and a great care to me because of his health. his mind has been at times when I thought he would have to be confined in an Insane Asylum at one time I talked with one of the leading men in relation to sending him to an Asylum. he always prided himself on keeping up his good name in the community when he left here he only went to make visit to some friends in Connecticut it being the first time he ever was so far from his home

Catherine D. Blegg
sworn to before me this 14th day of
February 1891
Richard M. Mace
Justice of the Peace

0288

Catherine S. Chogg

Mother of

Defendant

Delaware County ss

Joseph S. Denny being duly sworn
says he resides in Harpersfield
Delaware County N.Y. is a
Merchant Aged 26 years was well
pretty well acquainted with William
H. Blegg when he resided here
was quite often in his company
we were together a good deal. he
was not a very healthy young man
at times he seemed quite forgetful
he would go to do something, and seem
to forget what he was going to do.
he was quite nervous. as to his moral
character I never seen anything
that would lead me to think there
was anything wrong morally. I never
knew or heard anything against
his character while he resided
here and would never have
thought he was a person who
would undertake any such business.
as report says he has been into since
he left here he always while here
he used to attend Church & Sunday
school. and went in as good society
as any young man in the place.

Joseph S. Denny
sworn before me this 15th day of
Feb 1891 Richard H. Hager
Justice of the Peace

New London Conn
March 17th 1891

This is to certify that I Mary
I Lawrence of New London Conn
am sister to W H Clegg of
North Harpersfield New York
That the said W. H. Clegg
came to my residence in
said city of New London
Conn the 7th day of May 1890
and visited with me and
other relatives untill about
August 1st 1890 and to the
best of my knowledge the
said W H Clegg was not out
of the City of New London
any 24 hours at one time
from the 7th day of May 1890

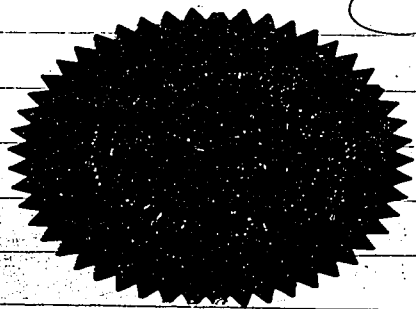
untill he left for New York
about August 1st 1890

Mrs Mary Lawrence

State of Connecticut County of New London ss
Subscribed and sworn to before me this
17 - day of March A.D. 1891

Deputy Judge

Notary Public



0291

affidavit
of
Mr. D. C. Clegg
Sister

0292

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

45—June. '90—12 M.

Station

189

Trust you have recd. ere this letter
 reaches you and I hope you will
 do all you can for him. He is
 very pained and his letters would
 melt the heart of a stone. Again
 I say I hope you free him for I
 certainly think he has been overly
 punished

Yours Truly
 E. J. O'Leary

Agent M L & M Ry

0293

MILWAUKEE, LAKE SHORE & WESTERN RAILWAY CO.

45-June. '90-12 M.

Bryant's Station July 3rd 1891

J. A. Macey Esq
Brooklyn N.Y.
Dear Sir,

Having learned that you are Attorney for my Brother N. H. Clegg, I desire say that we are all very anxious for his release and are awaiting the result anxiously. In view of the fact that previous to this trouble he was never known to take anything that did not belong to him. He has always held position of trust being clerk in store in his native town, and I don't say that no one in North Harpersfield Del. Co. N.Y. can or will say one word against his character. We have no money to procure his freedom as we all have to work for our living. I sent my Mother some money she saying you required \$75.00. I

0294

From E. V. Chag
Brother of Defendant

Wm. N. Chag
[illegible]

Delaware County ss

James A. Topping being duly sworn
says he resides in Harpersfield
Delaware County N.Y. am a farmer
aged 38 years have known William
H. Clegg when he resided here he
worked for me occasionally his
health at times was not very good
I once knew him to fitts. He was
of a very nervous temperament
in fact he has always been sickly
since I have known him since
infancy and have never heard of
knew anything against his moral
Character I have had a good deal
of deal with and always found him
honest. the very day he left here
he called on me on his way to the
P.R.R. and paid me a small amount
he owed me. he would not be
a person that I would think
would go into any such business
as report has it he was in after
he left here. he used to go in as
good society as any of the young
men here

J. A. Topping
sworn before me this 12th day of
February 1891

Richard Magee
Justice of the Peace

0296

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, March 18th. 1891

The People &c. :
vs. : Petit larceny.
William D. Clegg, :

Hon. James Fitzgerald:-

My dear Judge:

Relying

upon our long acquaintance I take the liberty of addressing you in the interest of the above named defendant. If it was at all certain that my engagements would permit my attending before you on Friday when sentence is to be pronounced, I would present my plea in person.

This young man was born, brought up and lived in North Harpersfield, Delaware County, N. Y. all his life, where he was respected by all who knew him; his parents are poor, but honest and good people. On May 7th. 1890, he left home for the first time in his life to visit his married sister, Mrs Lawrence, who resides in the city of New London, Conn., remaining there and with her until about August 1st. 1890, he then came to New York, got in bad company and committed at the suggestion of evil minded associates several larcenies by visiting stores under pretence of purchasing. He came to Brooklyn and committed one larceny here, for which he was arrested and to the charge pleaded guilty, and was

0297

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

2

Brooklyn, 189

sentenced to imprisonment in the Penitentiary of Kings County for a term of six months, which term he has just served. When arrested he frankly informed the officer where he had stolen the articles which were found in his possession, thus furnishing the evidence which led to his conviction. I mention this circumstance as being one which indicates to my mind, and will doubtless to yours, that the boy is not a thief and respectfully submit that a man may steal and yet not be a thief.

Your Honor will notice that the larceny for which he is before you for sentence was committed August 7th. 1890, just six days after leaving his sister's home, and all larcenies which he committed were within that period; may it not be said in reason that he has suffered enough, in the circumstances, that he has been taught a lesson which will last him through life and cause him to lead hereafter an honest life and live down the disgrace which he has brought upon himself and his entire family.

Had he committed a crime after having been punished for one theretofore committed I should believe he was bad at heart and did not intend to reform; as it is, I believe he is fully penitent and that if your Honor will, or can see your way clear, to suspend sentence, he will return to his home with his father (who is here) and become a respected and useful member of society. I plead with you for him on account of his father,

0298

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, 189

mother, sisters, brothers and on his own account as well.

Eight years experience on the bench in a criminal court enables me to discriminate to an extent ~~an~~ between hardened criminals and misguided young men. I believe young Clegg to be of good heart and worth saving.

I submit herewith some affidavits of persons who have known him all his life in his home, also; a letter from his brother and an affidavit of his sister showing when he arrived at and left her home. I trust your Honor will pardon the length of this communication, I feel ever word I say and respectfully ask such leniency as your sense of duty and justice will permit.

Sincerely yours,

Frederick S. Massey

Delaware County ss

James M. Sternberg being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County is a farmer. Aged 47 years. Knew William H. Clegg when he resided in Harpersfield always knew him from a child. he was not a very healthy young man I have seen him when I considered him a very sick person he used to have cramping spells and of a very nervous temperament. I never knew or heard of anything against his moral character while he resided here. I would not have thought that he would be a party to any such business as report says he has since he left here. He was generally pretty well liked in the neighborhood and went in as good society as most young men in the place.

James M. Sternberg
sworn before me this 12th day of
February 1891

Richard Hayes
Justice of the Peace

Delaware County ss

William Titus being duly sworn says he resides in Harpersfield Delaware County N.Y. is a farmer Aged 44 years old was acquainted with William H. Clegg when he resided in Harpersfield he has worked for me at different times was satisfied with his work his health was not very good he has had spasms while at my house I have never heard or known of against his moral character While he lived here I always considered him an honest young man. and could scarcely have thought he would be a person that would engage in such business as report says has. he has always for anything I ever knew held a good position in society in this place. he attended Church pretty regular here

William Titus

sworn before me this 12th day of February 1891

Richard Magee
Justice of the Peace

0301

Syndants Counsel

FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

TELEPHONE No. 715 BROOKLYN.

BROOKLYN, N. Y.

0302

Police Court—

/ District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,

of No. 25 Maiden Lane Charles J. Crossman Street, aged 34 years,
 occupation Jeweler being duly sworn
 deposes and says, that on the 7th day of August 1888 at the City of New
 York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
 of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

two pair of earrings together
of the value of thirty five
dollars

the property of Charles J. Crossman & Company

which firm deponent is a
member and that this deponent

has a probable cause to suspect and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
 and carried away by William Clegg from

the fact that said Clegg entered
 deponent's store examined a
 quantity of earrings and
 without purchasing departed
 that subsequently deponent was
 informed by Detective John
 Kearney of the 2nd Precinct
 City of Brooklyn that he arrested
 said Clegg in Brooklyn in
 the act of passing two pairs
 of earrings found deponent's
 hand out his person and
 that deponent has seen the
 property found in his possession
 of Clegg and fully identifies it as having
 been stolen from his store

Sworn to before me, this

day

of

1888

Police Justice.

John J. Crossman

0303

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

John Kearney
aged 21 years, occupation Police Officer of No. 2nd Avenue, Brooklyn Street, being duly sworn deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of Charles S. Grossman
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 11
day of August 1898 John Kearney
A. J. White
Police Justice.

0304

Sec. 198-200.

187 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.
OF NEW YORK,

William Clegg being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is h right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against h ; that the statement is designed to
enable h if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against h
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that h waiver cannot be used
against h on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. William Clegg

Question. How old are you?

Answer. 23 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. U - S

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. North Harpursfield N.Y. 23 years

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. Clark

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty and
demand an Examination
by Advice of my Counsel
whose card is attached
Wm Clegg

Taken before me this
day of September 1891

Police Justice.

0305

State of New York, }

COUNTY OF KINGS, }

ss.

Form No. 6

CITY OF BROOKLYN.

James Oates of ~~no~~ *1st* Precinct *New York City*
being duly sworn says that he has acquainted with the handwriting of *A. J. White*
the Police Justice, who issued the annexed Warrant and that
the signature to this Warrant is in the handwriting of said *A. J. White*
Sworn to before me this *20* day of *August* 188*8*

James Oates
Police Justice of the City of Brooklyn.

This warrant may be executed in the City of Brooklyn

Dated this *20* day of *August* 188*8* *J. H. Mosh*
Police Justice.

0306

GLUED PAGE

Whereas, Complaint in writing, and upon oath, has been made before the undersigned, one of the *Police*
Justices for the City of New York, by *Charles S. Rosenman*
 of No. *23 Maiden Lane* Street, that on the *1* day of *August*
 18*99* at the City of New York, in the County of New York, the following article to wit:

Jewelry
 of the value of *Thirty-five* Dollars,
 the property of *Charles S. Rosenman*
 was taken, stolen and carried away, and as the said complainant has cause to suspect, and does suspect and
 believe, by *William Hegg*

Wherefore, the said Complainant has prayed that the said Defendant may be apprehended and bound to
 answer the said complaint.

These are therefore, in the name of the PEOPLE of the State of New York, to command you the said
Sheriff, Marshals and Policemen, and every of you, to apprehend the body of the said Defendant
 and forthwith bring *him* before me, at the *1* DISTRICT POLICE COURT, in the said City, or in
 case of my absence or inability to act, before the nearest or most accessible Police Justice in this City, to answer the
 said charge, and to be dealt with according to law.

Dated at the City of New York, this *11* day of *August* 18*99*

[Signature] POLICE JUSTICE

0307

Police Court _____ District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

vs.

Warrant-Larceny.

Dated _____ 188

Magistrate

Officer.

The Defendant _____
taken, and brought before the Magistrate, to answer
the within charge, pursuant to the command con-
tained in this Warrant.

Officer.

Dated _____ 188

This Warrant may be executed on Sunday or at
night.

Police Justice.

having been brought before me under this Warrant, is committed for examination to the
WARDEN and KEEPER of the City Prison of the City of New York.

Dated _____ 188

Police Justice.

The within named

0308

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named..... defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated..... May 24 18 91..... [Signature] Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated..... 18..... Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated..... 18..... Police Justice.

0309

at 2:30 p.m. July 24th
on request of defendant

BAILED,

No. 1, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 2, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 3, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 4, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

Police Court---

266
District

THE PEOPLE, &c.,

ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Charles Rosenberg
73 Chatham Lane
William Oleg

1

2

3

4

Dated

February 19 1890
Magistrate.

Oates
Officer.

15th Precinct.

Witnesses.

John Kearney
No. 2nd Precinct Brooklyn 24th Street.

Off. M. A. [unclear]
No. 2nd Precinct Brooklyn 49th Street.

No. _____ Street.

No. _____ Street.

No. _____ Street.

No. _____ Street.

No. _____ Street.

\$ 500 to answer G. S.

03 10

LAW OFFICES
FREDERICK STERLING MASSEY,
FRANKLIN BUILDING,
186 REMSEN STREET,

Brooklyn, Feb 17 1891

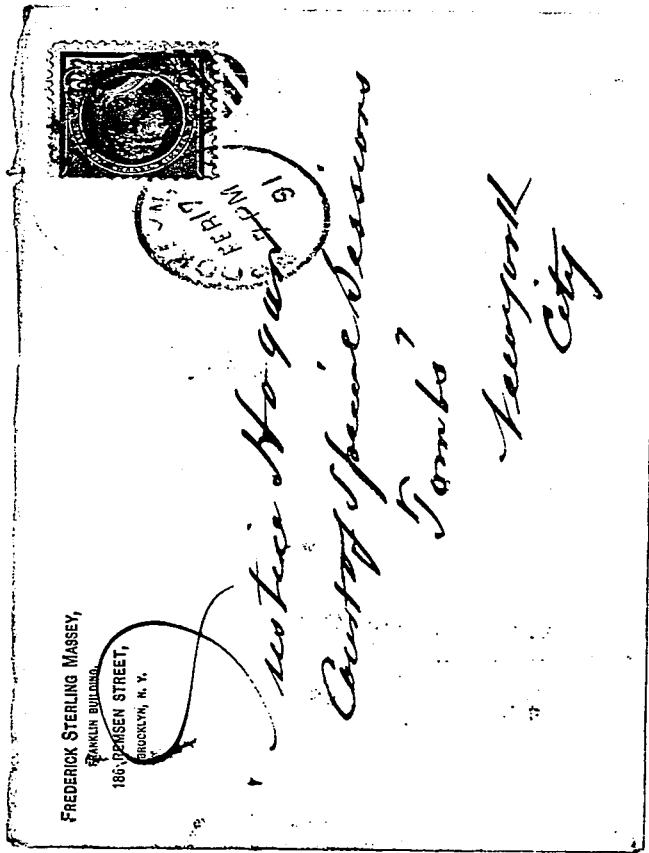
My Dear Judge

In a few days a young man
will be arraigned before you for a charge
of larceny. His mother who lives in Delaware
County & who is a worthy woman has asked
me to look after him. I will thank you
very much if you will accept a plea of
not guilty & fix a day for his examination
after the 24th as may suit your conven-
ience. The case is 2d People vs Corp'l
of Charles S. Crossman vs William
B. Legg. I will appear on the day of his
examination

Sincerely Yours

F. S. Massey

0311



0312

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE OF THE CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

William N. Clegg

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, by this
indictment, accuse *William N. Clegg*

of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY in the *second* degree committed as follows:

The said

William N. Clegg

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *seventh*
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety *—* at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the
value of eighteen dollars each
pair*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Charles S. Crossman

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People
of the State of New York and their dignity.

0313

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

— *William N. Clegg* —
of the CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS, committed as follows:

The said

William N. Clegg —

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the
value of eighteen dollars each
pair*

3
of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Charles S. Grossman

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said

Charles S. Grossman

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

— *William N. Clegg* —
then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

0314

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

William N. Clegg
of the CRIME OF RECEIVING STOLEN GOODS, committed as follows:

The said

William N. Clegg

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*two pairs of earrings of the
value of eighteen dollars each
pair*

3
of the goods, chattels and personal property of one Charles S. Crossman

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said

Charles S. Crossman

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

William N. Clegg
then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.