

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

300 Mulberry street.

New York March 6th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

An alarm was sent to all hospitals with which this Department has connection to ascertain if any person named F. C. Benner Jr. has been received Feb. 1st, 1895 and they all answered in the negative.

The records of the arrests accidents &c. in the Department have also been examined but the name does not appear thereon.

Inquiry has also been made through the Brooklyn Police at 134 State Street Brooklyn and a reply received that they have no knowledge of his whereabouts.

A general Alarm has not been sent to the force as the writers gives no description of the person and clothing of his son and may object to the publicity resulting. from such action

Photo is herewith returned.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

force as the writers gives no dis

A Gen

H. C. Bennett, Jr.

no knowledge of his whereabouts.

at 134 State Street Brooklyn and

Industry has also been

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The records of the ar

official answered in the negative

person named W. G. Bennett Jr. has

with which this Department has co

Police Department of the City of New York,
Superintendent's Office,
300. Mulberry St.

New York, March 8th 1895.

Job E. Steages, Esq.,
Secretary, Mayor's Office.

Dear Sir:—

I am directed by Supt. Byrnes to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of 4th inst., enclosing letter from Mrs. N. Woertendyke, Ogden, Utah, and to state that we have communicated with her, advising her to write to the Chief of Police of Durham, N. C., for the information she desires.

Respectfully
Maufrin
Sergt. of Police

Feb. 4/97

Dear Sir; Not knowing which
Department to write to I
address myself to you
& am. There is our empty
plot of ground at the
South East Cor. 117th St.
& Park Ave. and the snow
and ice has been allowed
to remain on walk since
Jan. 28th it is like glass
and the three thousand
members of St. Paul's Church

in 117th St. bet. Park & Lexington
Aves. have been compelled to
walk in the center of the
Avenue & Street to escape
slippings. There were sev-
eral held this evening
and I saw two women
get severe falls. There will
be amids held Friday
evening and it should
be summed at me
The Agents names on
the "For Sale" sign are

J. M. Adrian 472 Grand St.
J. P. Koch 179 E 96 St.

yours Respectfully

J. R. Farley

How. H. L. Strong

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March ,8th,1897.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

Replying to your favor of the 4th instt enclosing letter from
J. N. Farley(no address) complaining of non-removal of snow and ice
I would respectfully state that Captain Haughey reports:

In answer to the attached letter signed by J. N. Farley(who
could not be found) complaining of the non-removal of snow and ice
from the sidewalks and gutters at the N. E. corner 117th street and
Park avenue I would state that I have called the attention of all the
members of my command to the Ordinance relative to the non-removal of
snow and ice from sidewalks and gutters and complaints have been
forwarded to the Corporation Attorney and Department of Public Works
of the non removal of snow and ice from the sidewalk and gutter at the
location mentioned in the complaining letter.

Very respectfully

Thos Lawler
Chief Clerk.
Sp. Clerk

(Letter returned.)

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

300 Mulberry street

New York March 8th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

Referring to the annexed letter addressed to His Honor the Mayor, requesting information relative to one Alice Ermenoux, I would respectfully report that inquiry has been made, and we are informed that the young woman referred to is now living at 951 Race Street Philadelphia Pa. / care of Alice De Warley.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Copy.

Sergeant Bureau of Information

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

New York March 9th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

The annexed letters requesting information of Mrs. Frank B. McClelland, addressed to his Honor the Mayor, I would state that she is said to have only arrived in this City from San Francisco, last June her name or that of her husband could not appear in the City directories and these letters were hung up on the "Press" file, and should any information be obtained you will be promptly notified.

It might be well for the writer to go to some Advertising Agency in New Orleans and make arrangements to have advertisements inserted in the principal Newspapers of this City.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant in Command

of the Bureau of Information

Copy.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 9th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 2nd inst. enclosing letter from A. Mercier, I return original communication and a copy of report thereon. Reply has been forwarded to Monsieur Ermeneux father of the person referred to.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 9th, 1895.

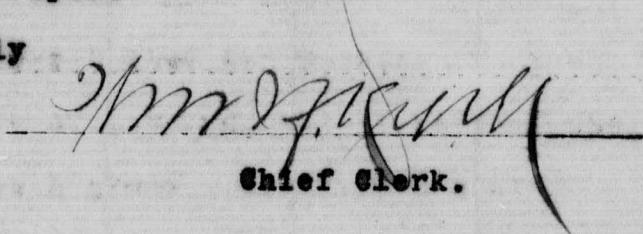
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 7th inst. enclosing communications from Dr. E.L. Bristol, 220 Madison Avenue, asking appointment as medical examiner of Police Force, and Miss Mary Simon 2055 William Street Philadelphia relative to whereabouts of John Murray. In reply I am directed to state that the communication from Dr. Bristol has been ordered on file. Communication from Miss . Mary Simon has been referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Elections

New York March 11th, 1895.

William H. Kipp Esq.,

Chief Clerk, Police Department.

Sir:-

With reference to communication from Job E. Hedges Esq., Sec. asking whether there is any particular dereliction on the part of " Frank S. Ryer, Inspector of Elections, 25th E. D. 11th A. D.", I herewith report that Mr. Ryer failed to sign the certificate on the last page of his Register that the book had been properly checked as required by Sec. 1866, Chapter 410, Laws 1882.

In such a case under the opinion of the Corporation Counsel the Chief of the Bureau of Elections must withhold his certificate from the pay roll.

Very respectfully

T. F. Redenbaugh

Chief of the Bureau of
Elections.

*Police Department
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street.*

Office of Superintendent.

New York, March 12th, 1895.

OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK

MAR 15 12 12 PM 1895

POLICE DEPARTMENT

RECEIVED

To the Board of Police,

Gentlemen:-

In compliance with your resolution to investigate and report upon the attached communication from His Honor the Mayor, relative to disorderly places said to be open, in violation of law, on Second Avenue, and that "they are well known to the police, but "no action has been taken"; and relative to complaints made personally and confidentially to His Honor that "our police officers (some of them) "continue to receive bribes from some of these gambling shops and "houses of ill-fame", I would respectfully state that I have caused a careful and thorough investigation to be made with regard to the matters complained of, and find, as the result thereof, that the statement made as to disorderly places on Second Avenue is absolutely untrue.

Relative to the "personal complaints" made confidentially to His Honor the Mayor, of police officers receiving bribes from the keepers of gambling houses, my investigation shows that there are no public gambling houses open in this city; and I have been unable to obtain any evidence that any members of this department are receiving bribes from the keepers of such places. If His Honor the Mayor, or any other citizen, has information or evidence to that effect, I shall be pleased to be furnished with the facts, for the purpose of taking prompt measures to bring any members of this department so offending

Police Department

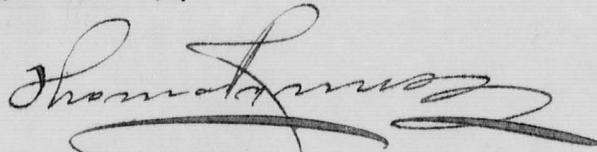
of the City of New York.

300. Mulberry Street.

Office of Superintendent.

to trial and punishment.

Respectfully,

A handwritten signature in cursive script, appearing to read "James L. Smith". The signature is written in dark ink and is positioned above the typed name.

Superintendent of Police.

Superintendent

March 12th 1895

Report on communication
from the Mayor. (FEB 28/95)
relative to complaints of
alleged gambling houses
and houses of ill fame
in operation in this city
with the knowledge of
the police

Copy of report to be filed
original to be forwarded

~~POLICE DEPARTMENT~~
to the Mayor

MAR 15 3 11 PM 1895

4
OFFICE OF CHIEF CLERK
BY ORDER OF THE BOARD,

Wm. J. Kelly
.....
CHIEF CLERK

Steele
Wm. J. Kelly
Summers

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct.No. 14

New York March 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police.

Sir:-

Relative to the cafe Waldorf No. 114 East 4th street mentioned in note herewith enclosed I would respectfully report that the said Cafe Waldorf was opened in January of this year and since then the place has been "raided" twice and the proprietor thereof is now under bail for permitting gambling on said premises.

Officers of my command detailed in citizens dress report that they visit the aforesaid Cafe Waldorf nightly and that they employ other means to obtain evidence of infractions of the law and should any law be violated arrests therefor will follow.

Respectfully

John Wiegand

Sergeant in Command

14th Precinct.

Police Department of the City of New York

Precinct No. 14

New York March 12th, 1895.

Alexander S. Williams Esq.,

Inspector of Police 1st District.

Sir:-

In answer to annexed communication I would state that the licensed premises No. 70 East 4th street known as Ruppiner Hall Charles W. Block Prop. a number of ledges known as Independent order of Odd Fellows, Ancient Order of Good Fellows, A. O. of Ferresters American Legion of Honor and 80 other Ledgers and sick benefit societies assemble in this hall during the month and is patronised by orderly and respectable people and comply strictly with the law.

From efforts made by officers of my command we have been unable to find at the address given (23 East 3rd street) the writer of the hereinmentioned communication to his Honor the Mayor.

Respectfully

John Wiegand

Sergeant in Command 14th Precinct.

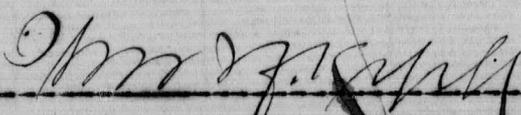
*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* **March 12th, 1895.**

**Job E. Hedges Esq.,
Secretary to the Mayor.**

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 6th inst. I transmit herewith copy of report of General Theo. F. Redenbough, Chief of the Bureau of Elections, relative to one Mr. Frank S. Ryer, an Inspector of Elections.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 12th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

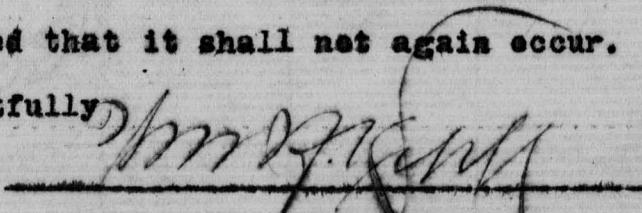
Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police I transmit herewith copy of report of Sergeant John Wiegand, 14th Precinct (dated March 12th 1895) upon the complaint of Mrs. Wagner, 112 East 4th street referred to this office in your communication of January 28th.

I have ascertained that the delay in this matter occurred in the Superintendent's Office, the complaint of Mrs. Wagner having become enfolded in a communication of same date relative to Charity Organization Society, but I am assured that it shall not again occur.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 12th, 1895.

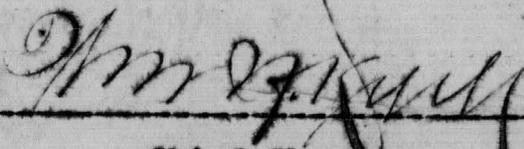
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 6th inst. I return original communication from G. H. Richards with copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

New York March 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police

Sir:-

The records of this Department have been examined but we fail to find that any person named John Murray, of the age given, has fallen into the hands of the police of this City since the date he is said to have left Hampton Va. neither is there any record of the man in any of the Institutions under the jurisdiction of the Department of Charities and Correction.

None of the bodies of the unknown dead received at the Morgue answer his description.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

Copy.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

300 Mulberry street

New York March 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police.

Sir:-

We are informed by Mr. Ezek Kate Janiter 217 West 28th street that the James Manny referred to in the annexed letter, lived there and went by the name of James Manning.

He was taken sick and applied for and received a pass from Superintendent William Blake of the Department of Charities and was admitted to the Colored hospital foot of 64th street East River, June 16th 1894, and died there ~~17th~~ four days later on June 20th, 1894 of Acute Pneumonia, and was buried in the City Cemetery.

To obtain a Certificate of his death the writer should comply with the instructions given in the annexed circular.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant Bureau of Information

Copy.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct No.

New York, Mar 13th 1895

Mr Healy
Marshal

Dear Sir

In compliance to orders received from you relation to cabs in W-35th St bet 5+6 aves I herewith submit the following Report:

I found two cabs in front of the New York Club house in perfect order

I also visited N: 6 same St Occupied as a Stable where I found one Cab only and that was in perfect condition

Respectfully

William M. O'Sullivan

Patrolman 3rd Precinct

Thoms. + 6-11-95
32⁵⁴

Report of
Officer Sullivan
in regard to conduct
of 30-24
compliment of Dr. Sedgwick

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

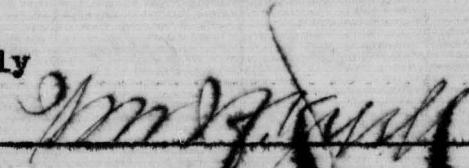
March 13th, 1895 .

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 11th inst., enclosing letter from Messrs. Tance & Co., complaining of Salvation Army located in 92nd street between Lexington and Park Avenues, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 14th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 12th inst., enclosing communication from members of "The Women's Prison Association of New York", and asking that the matters contained therein receive careful consideration, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully

Wm. H. Ripap
Chief Clerk,
for Stone

5
Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,

March 15th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

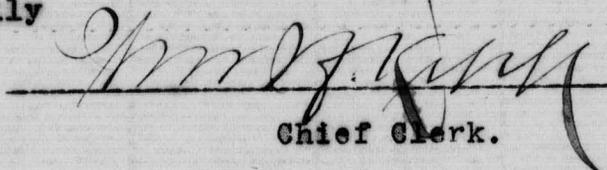
At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day
it was,

Resolved: That the attention of His Honor the Mayor is
called to the fact that at the present time 281 vacancies as
patrolmen exist in the Police Department; that one of the
recent amendments of the Civil Service Regulations provides
that no Department shall make a requisition on the Civil Service
Supervisory Board for names to fill more than ten vacancies
at any one time, and that in all cases the vacancies shall
be filled at the meeting of the appointing Board next after
the receipt of the names certified.

That the effect of these amendments will be to delay the
filling of the vacancies now existing in the Police Depart-
ment for a period of about five months, ^{and} the limited time within
which the appointments must be made after the receipt of the
names from the Civil Service Board will give the appointing

power, upon whom rests the responsibility of making proper appointments, no opportunity to investigate the character and fitness of the candidates.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.



Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,

March 15th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day your communication of the 14th inst., relative to character of Elbert Jansen and premises 213 Forsyth street, was referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 15th, 1895.

Hen. William L. Strong
Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day your communication of the 13th inst., relative to cooperation of Police Department with Street Cleaning Department in reference to moving ashes and garbage from sidewalks and also in reference to Scattering paper in the streets, was referred to the Superintendent for attention.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City. of New York

Precinct No. 8

New York March 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police

Sir:-

In compliance with your orders to investigate and report on attached postal card addressed to Honorable William L. Strong Mayer and signed John W. Curdyes, I herewith transmit the following

The premises 202 to 206 South 5th Avenue are occupied by George Kidney a dealer in empty packing cases, he has carried on business there for the past 20 years. Since assuming command of this Precinct January 12th, 1895 to date the members of my command have made 48 complaints against him for the violation of corporation Ordinances and also made one arrest for same offence committed in presence of the officer. In addition to this I personally appeared before Police Justice Tainter with the evidence of adjoining business merchants and laid the matter of complaint before the Magistrate with a view to have Mr. Kidney arrested for keeping and maintaining a nuisance the magistrate issued a summons on 11th inst. and after examination of several witnesses directed and requested Mr. Kidney to comply with the law which he promised to do at once, or failure on his part would certainly result in a warrant of arrest being issued I will continue my efforts to abate the evil complained of and cause arrests to be made where the evidence will warrant the same.

Respectfully

James K. Price

Captain 8th Precinct.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 16th, 1895.

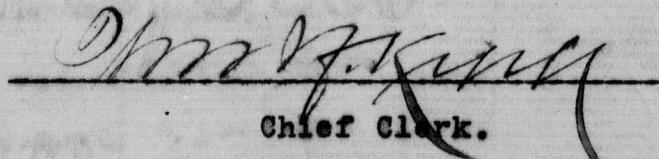
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 6th inst. enclosing communication from John Curdyes, I return original communication and copy of report thereon. As John Curdyes gives no address and as his name does not appear in the directory we are unable to communicate direct to him, as requested.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

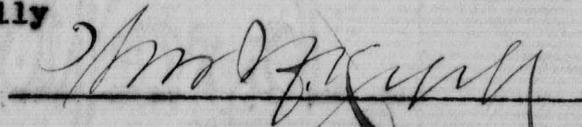
*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 16th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 4th inst. enclosing communication from Nathan Myrinsky, I herewith return original communication and a copy of report thereon. As will be seen by the report it will be impossible to comply with your request to communicate direct to the writer as no such person can be found.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300. Mulberry Street,
New York, March 18-1895

Howarth Strong
Mayor of NY
Dear Sir:

I am directed to acknowledge
the receipt of communication of the
16th inst. giving notice of the renewal
of license to John Stummel 291 and 292
Rowny. - The Superintendent has
been so advised.

Very respectfully
Mr. J. J. Smith
City Clerk

Police department of the City of New York.

300 Mulberry street

New York March 21st, 1895.

To the Board of Police,

Gentlemen:-

With reference to the accompanying communication from Mr. Job E. Hedges, Secretary to His Honor the Mayor, asking that an investigation be made "to ascertain the facts set forth" in the accompanying letter from Messrs. Sharpless Bros. Philadelphia, I would respectfully report that Irving McChesney who is the writer of the letter (attached) to Charles Sharpless, is now confined in the Tombs Prison awaiting trial in the Court of General Sessions, on a charge of bigamy-- it is said he has 3 wives living. McChesney stated to an officer of this Department that he knows nothing of Charles Sharpless other than that in 1889 or 1890 he met him in Philadelphia, and had a "good time" with him there, and at that time they both stopped at the Continental Hotel together. He says he has not seen Charles Sharpless since, nor heard of or from him until this matter was brought to his notice.

Respectfully

Thomas Byrnes

Supt. of Police.

Police department of the City of New York

Bureau of Information

New York March 22nd, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

I respectfully transmit herewith a list of all the persons named McGran and McGrann mentioned in the N. Y. and Brooklyn Directories as the writer may possibly obtain the desired information by communicating with each of the persons mentioned.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

Copy.

Detective Bureau

New York March 16th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes Esq.,

Superintendent of Police

Sir:-

Relative to the accompanying communication to His Honor the Mayor from James A. Brown, Carrabella, Fla, I would respectfully report that I caused an investigation to be made with reference to the same and find that the Frank Lee referred to is not known to the foreman or any of the Workmen in the New Haven R. R. repair shops although several of the men in that shop have been there for years.

Inquiry was also made of the number of people residing in that neighborhood and was found who knew Lee There are no blacksmith shops in the vicinity of the "New Astor Hotel" nor of the "New Amsterdam Hotel" . If the writer of the annexed letter will furnish us with any further data upon which a further search can be based I shall see that the same receives every possible attention.

Respectfully

Wm. W. McLaughlin

Inspector Detective Bureau.

Copy.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300. Mulberry Street,
New York, March 23rd, 1895.

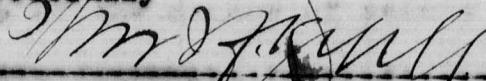
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further
reply to your favor of the 2nd inst. enclosing letter from
James A. Brown, Carrabelle, Florida, I return original letter and
a copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Office of the Superintendent

New York March 22nd, 1895.

To the Board of Police,

Gentlemen:-

In refernce to the accompanying communication to His Honor Mayor Strong, from the Women's Prison Association, signed by Sarah H. Emerson, First Director and others, I would respectfully state that the question of whether or not women lodgers are received at certain station houses of this Department depends on the accomodations that exist for them at the station houses.

The designation of station houses to which matrons are attached was made by the Board of Police, and, as I am informed, was governed by the adaptability of these various stations to be fitted up for the matrons' accomodations, and also as to the localities in which the population of the City was densest, and where there would therefore be likely to be a greater number of female prisoners than in other quarters not so thickly populated.

As to the patrol wagon service, I would state that preparations are now making under the direction of your Board to improve that service. I would state that while it is to be deplored that there are no seperate water closets for the matrons in the various station houses it is a matter that cannot be remedied by the Superintendent, and in which relief must come through your Board.

Thomas Byrnes, Supt.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 23rd, 1895.

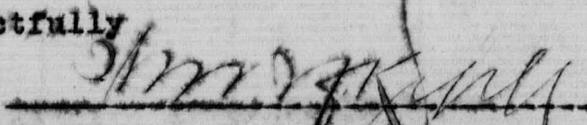
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 22nd inst. relative to letter from the "Women's Prison Association, asking increase of patrol wagon service also relative to water closets being placed in station houses for the use of Matrons, I return original letter with copy of the report of the Superintendent. The matter of furnishing suitable water closet accommodations for matrons in station houses to which they have been assigned was referred to the Committee on Repairs and Supplies, Commissioner Andrews Chairman.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

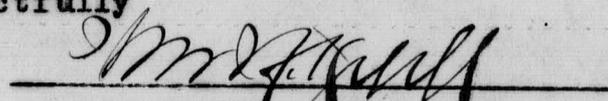
Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 23rd, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong
Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your communication of the 20th inst., requesting report as to the character etc. of E.A. Crandall 390 8th Avenue, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 23rd, 1895.

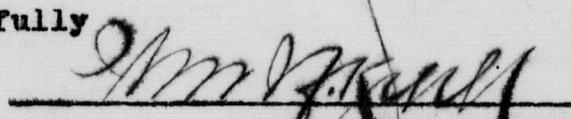
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day your communication of the 19th inst. enclosing communication from D. N. Botassi, Consul General of Greece, alleging improper treatment of Greeks who are push cart venders, was referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 23rd, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day your communication of the 20th inst., relative to alleged policy shop 190 Second street, was referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* March 23rd, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

At a meeting of the Board of Police held this day your communication of the 19th inst., enclosing complaint of Henry Meyers 110 East 92nd street concerning the Salvation Army, was referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 27

New York March 25th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes Esq.,

Superintendent

Sir:-

In answer to attached communication referred to me for investigation and report I respectfully submit the following report. The premises complained of at No. 107 East 92nd street is a one story brick structure which was formerly occupied as a church by a baptist congregation after after they left it was idle for five months when it was rented to the Salvation Army in January 1893 and they have occupied it since that time, since they have been there the property owners in that vicinity have been complaining of their presence they claim that the Army being stationed there ruin their property as people will not hire their apartments when they find the Army is located there, an officer from this station has been detailed at all their services which detail is still kept up and also the officer on that post has orders not to allow any person to loiter around the door of the Army Hall which orders have been faithfully carried out. I have made inquiry from all of my command and from personal visits I cannot find anything in their manner of conducting their religious services that would offend any person or that would justify any person in saying that the place is a public nuisance, the service consists of singing and preaching. The members of the Army and the congregation who attend service there act in a quiet and orderly manner the services commence at 7.30 and terminate at 10 P. M. . The property owners on that block have been told that their remedy laid in going before a magistrate or get an

injunction restraining the Army from holding service at said Hall as the Police could do nothing in the matter so long as the Army violated no law or ordinance of the City and County of New York.

Respectfully

William Dean

Sergeant in Command.

Salvation

Army

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 25th, 1895.

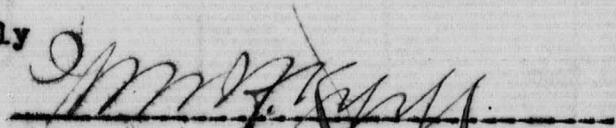
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 13th inst., enclosing letter from Messrs Sharpless Brothers, I return herewith original communication and copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

*East Hartford
Linen*

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 25th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 23rd inst. enclosing a letter from the Rev. J.T. Wilds, relative to disorderly boys, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for attention and report.

Very respectfully

Wm. J. Sullivan

Chief Clerk.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,
March 25th, 1895.

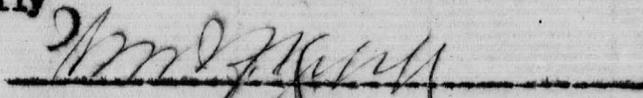
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 22nd inst. enclosing a communication signed "A Number of Clerks and Salesmen", relative to Sunday Closing Law, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for careful attention.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

East Warford
Linen

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 26th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further
reply to your favor of the 13th inst. relative to the Police
Force not giving any assistance to the street Cleaning Depart-
ment, I transmit herewith copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully


Chief Clerk.

Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York, March 26th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further
reply to your favor of the 15th inst. enclosing letter from
S.G. Meeteer, complaining of advertisements of bill posters on
house tops, I return original communication and copy of report
thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

March 26th, 1895.

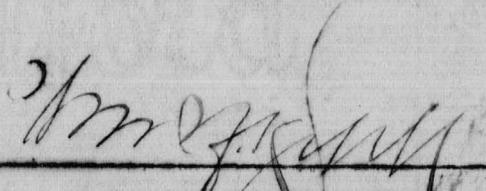
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 23rd inst., enclosing a communication from John S. Henry Sec. Central Labor Union concerning the death of a man named Gilbert, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for report.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Office of the Superintendent

New York, March 26th, 1895.

To the Board of Police,

Gentlemen:-

In reference to the accompanying communication from His Honor the Mayor, I would respectfully state that I had an interview with Col. Waring, Commissioner of Street Cleaning, concerning the matters referred to therein, and he informed me, among other things, that great annoyance was caused his Department by the droppings, in the streets, from dirt and sand carts, and carts and wagons used in connection with the digging out of cellars.

Since my interview with Col. Waring, I have called the commanding officers together at this office; and brought to their notice the matters referred to in His Honor's letter, and in my interview with Commissioner Waring. I also directed them to bring these matters to the attention of the members of their respective commands, and to instruct them to co-operate with the street Cleaning Department in every possible manner, and to be vigilant in preventing violations of the ordinances covering the matters referred to, and to promptly arrest any person found so violating.

Respectfully

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police.

Byrnes

March 25

in my interview with Commission
their notice the matters refer
commanding officers together
Since my interview wi
colliers.

and carts and wagons used in
ment by the droppings, in the
among other things, that I was
concerning the matters refer
interview with Col. Waring, D

Police Department of the City of New York.

Office of the Superintendent.

New York March 26th, 1895.

To the Board of Police,

Gentlemen:-

In reference to the attached communication from Job E. Hedges, Secretary to His Honor the Mayor, relative to billposting on roofs, etc., I would respectfully state that the complaint in question is one which comes entirely within the jurisdiction of the Department of Buildings.

Respectfully

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police.

Copy.

Police Department of the City of New York,

Bureau of Information

New York March 27, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir :-

Charles Kelly one of the persons referred to in the annexed letter, resides at 1646 Madison Avenue this City, and informs us that William J. Kelly the other one resides at 762 A. Greene Avenue Brooklyn. He also states that the writer knows his address and that of his brother but for family reasons he refrains from answering her letters.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Bureau of Information

350 Mulberry street

New York City March 28th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police.

Sir:-

As the writer does not give the name of the husband of the woman she is in search of the letter was hung up for the press and if it should produce any good results, you will be promptly notified.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

(Copy.)

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 29

New York March 26th, 1895.

Superintendent

Sir:-

In compliance with your order directing me to investigate and report full particulars regarding the death of Thomas W. Gilbert who died in a cell at this Station January 27th, 1895 I would state that at 240 P. M. on the date above mentioned Thomas W. Gilbert age 30 years born in United States and residing at No. 425 East 86th street was arrested at 129th street and Second Avenue and brought to this Station by Patrolman John H. Delaney of my command charged with intoxication. The prisoner having been assisted down the stairs of the Elevated Station at 128th street and second Avenue by John C. H. Blix of 115 Carrell street South Brooklyn and Charles Bauer of 220 East 89th street Employees of the Elevated Railroad, and left standing on the sidewalk where the two men left him he made an attempt to ascend the stairs again and fell backward from the second or third step thereof striking the ground, he was placed upon his feet by a citizen before the arrival of Patrolman Delaney who in a few seconds thereafter was on the spot and inquired of the prisoner if he was injured in any manner (no cuts or marks whatever being visible) he replied that he was not. The Officer then brought him to the station house as he was so much under the influence of liquor as to be unable to care for himself Sergeant Henry Hurlbut was on desk duty at the time and to him he gave his pedigree and made no complaint of being injured and was locked up. He was visited every half hour by Doorman Mark Hagerty who was on duty from 1 to 6 P. M. on that date and during that time no unusual change in his condition was observed other than that of an intoxicated

Police Department of the City of New York
person. Doorman Daniel W. Clemens, who relieved Doorman Hagerty
Precinct No. 23

at 6 P.M. also visited the prison every half hour and found him
New York Prison, 1895
asleep at 12:50 A.M. He had sobered up somewhat and appeared to

be dazed. The Doorman notified Sergeant Hurlbut a
condition, who immediately summoned an ambulance from Harlem Hos-

pital. Upon its arrival at 1:20 A.M. Surgeons Garvey, who was
in charge thereof, examined Gilbert and pronounced him intoxicated
and refused to take him to the Hospital. At about 3 A.M. Doorman
Clemens while going his rounds of the prison found the prisoner

from Harlem Hospital. Upon its arrival, Surgeon
who was in charge, made an examination of Gilbert and pronounced
him dead. In reference to the statement in the annexed communica-

tion from the Central Labor Union to His Honor, the Mayor, that
Gilbert was found dead in the cell with large cut in his head four
hours after he was locked up on a charge of intoxication, it is

on him when he was brought to the station before the arrival of
any when he was pronounced dead by Surgeon Garvey, and from all the
few records thereafter was on the spot and inspected of the prisoner

facts as stated, as a result of my investigation, I feel justified
if he was injured in any manner (no cuts or marks whatever being
fied in stating that the Police did their whole duty in this case.
Respectfully,

to the station house as he was
lidor as to
and to him he gave his badge and
made no complaint of being injured and was locked up. He was
visited every half hour by Doorman Mark Hagerty who was on duty
from 1 to 6 P.M. on that date and during that time no unusual change
in his condition was observed other than that of an intoxicated

Stratton March 18th 1895.

Honored Sir.

Enclosed find papers as received them. I ask you to place them in proper detective hands. That this scamp may be caught, and brought to the full answer of Public justice. Our Mails are full of his propositions, and we ask that he be ferreted out, and made to answer his devil's scenes of Robbery.

Most Respectfully Yours
O A Hutchins Esq^r

Police department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 26

New York March 29th, 1895.

Thomas F. McAvoy

Inspector 2nd District.

Sir:-

In answer to the enclosed communication of O. A. Hutchins relative to Green Goods circulars I herewith submit the following
From a personal investigation I have found 646 Amsterdam Avenue to be a vacant lot and no such person as Andrew Kent lives in that vicinity from information received from Mr. R.H. Carey Supt. of Branch Station of the Western Union telegraph company 644 Columbus Avenue he informs me no telegrams have been received at that office for Mr. Kent and in case he does receive any he has promised me he would promptly notify this station.

Respectfully

John Cooney

Sergeant in Command 26th Pct.

Copy.

railroad employees opened in Lenox Lyceum this morning the platform of principles, the discussion of which occupied all day yesterday, was again taken up and settled.

ARE THEY COUNTERFEITS?

That is a Problem the U. S. Treasury Experts are trying to Solve.

WASHINGTON, D. C.—It appears that again the counterfeiters have equaled, or even surpassed the Government Engravers in their latest work. It was claimed by the Chief of the Engraving and Printing Bureau that too much color and lathe work on the back of our Greenbacks, is the cause that counterfeiters are so hard to detect, and therefore are often received as genuine in the Redemption office. To overcome this, new plates have been made with the so called "skelton backs" on account of so little color and printing being on the backs of the Greenbacks printed from these plates and it was acknowledged by expert engravers, that these new bills were far superior to the old ones as far as protection against counterfeiting is concerned and the chief engraver was highly elated over his success in producing something at last, as he thought, no counterfeiter could do. But recent discoveries have changed his opinion entirely, because it is claimed that counterfeit ones and fives of this new issue have already been received in the redemption office as genuine. These so-called counterfeiters were not detected on account of poor workmanship or fibreless paper or wrong numbers or check letters but just by accident, while a clerk was cancelling some mutilated bills, he discovered that bills of the same number had previously been cancelled, and as the government does not issue duplicate numbers, of course something must be wrong. The bills were taken before the experts for examination, and as the experts could not see the bills previously cancelled, as they had been destroyed, they could only judge those before them, but they failed to see anything whatever the matter. The bills were all printed on the genuine paper with silk in it, and in every detail exactly like the genuine, including the "skeleton back," there was nothing left for the experts but to pronounce the bills before them as genuine, and the excuse was, that the bills which had previously been received and had been destroyed must have been the counterfeiters. "That is certainly a poor consolation for Uncle Sam to get from his high priced Experts."

Through the courtesy of Mr. Williams, chief of Bureau, our reporter was allowed to examine one of the bills in question; it certainly was in appearance as good as any bill and if it was a counterfeit as Mr. Williams hinted, those scoundrels who make and pass them will have no trouble in doing so, and thereby get rich in a short space of time. The chief added, as he glanced at the bill; "These are the best counterfeiters I have come across in my twenty years of experience here, and I see the check letters are all correct. We use four check letters said he; A, B, C and D, and to find what letter belongs on a bill you must divide the last two numbers of the whole number of the bill; for instance the number of a bill is 10,412, you divide the 12 by four; it comes out even, goes four times and no remainder left, so it is an o, and a D belongs on all bills which divide even; should the number be 13 there would be the letter A on the bill and if 14 the letter B and 15 the letter C; as an A stands for 1, B for 2 and C for 3, and D for an o, so you see how easy the key is when you know it." Mr. Williams further stated that it does not pay the counterfeiters to get up poor work, and that no doubt they must have spent a good deal of time and money for these plates, and as they seem to be able to get the genuine paper it is a hard matter for us to tell their work from the genuine "These scoundrels, no doubt, will be very careful with whom they deal or let pass their bills. As a rule the manufacturer of the "queer" seldom passes any of it himself, but sells it to other parties in large quantities only, and they go into the country and pass it off on ignorant storekeepers and farmers, and you can easily judge for yourself when counterfeiters are so fine that we cannot detect them, what chance have these people in the country, who often take money without even looking at it to see if it is good or bad. Of course the Government sustains a loss every year through counterfeiters being taken for genuine" but then he said, smiling: "we have a little margin to work on in favor of the Government, and that is, that there is lost every year by shipwreck, fire and otherwise thousands and thousands of Greenbacks which are never recovered and therefore do not have to be redeemed by the Government, as the people who have the misfortune to lose them must stand the loss. It seems hard that a rich Government should have such an advantage over poor people, but that is the law; perhaps that is the reason that sometimes people of high standing who were considered honest, have been found engaged in handling counterfeit money."

NOTICE.

Be Sure and word your TELEGRAM as follows;

ANDREW KENT,

No. 646 Amsterdam Avenue,

New York City.

Send **REMEDY** No. 389

P. S. Pay for all your Telegrams, and send them as Day Messages, that will insure quick Delivery and Prompt Attention, and as soon as I hear from you I will send you a S.A.M.P.L.E of my GOODS.

Use Western Union Telegraph Co. ONLY

CONFIDENTIAL.

Dear Sir:

Taking it for granted that the majority of mankind are desirous of increasing their earthly possessions I write this with the view of enlisting your services, and with the assurance that you will reap a large profit on your investment.

The enclosed newspaper clipping explains the nature of my business, and I am in possession of the Original Plates mentioned in the article, and from which the Notes are Printed. This is it in a nutshell and further explanation is unnecessary.

If you have conscientious scruples about entering into the business, dismiss them from your mind; for you are injuring no one but a rich government. Should you not be in the possession of the means, with which to make the purchase, and feel disposed to invest, I would suggest that you take into your confidence some reliable friend who has the money; then yourself or both of you, could come on and make the trade-your expenses being allowed.

Under no circumstances do I take money in advance as you will have the privilege of examining my Stock, and after being fully satisfied, make your own Selections, pay for the purchase, and take the goods with you.

Another important matter-Don't write me any letters, as I will not receive them. Simply send me a telegram as worded on the enclosed slip, with your password and number, which I have written opposite your name in my book.

Don't sign your full name-simply your initials or an assumed name. Pay for all telegrams, and send them as day messages; thus insuring quick delivery and prompt attention. Do not give your name to any telegraph operator, as it is not required and is none of his business. This is for your own protection as well as mine, On receipt of your telegram I will at once send you Prices, Sample of my Goods, and all other Particulars required.

Trusting no mistake has been made in laying this matter before you for your careful consideration, and awaiting your reply for further instructions I am

Faithfully Your Friend,

Police Department of the City of New York

Precinct. No. 4.

New York March 30th, 1895.

Alexander S. Williams

Inspector

Sir:-

In answer to the enclosed communication from his honor the Mayor referred to me for investigation and report I herewith submit the following.

On Sunday March 23rd, 1895 the Clerks at 59, 96, 99, 104 and 106 Canal Street were arrested by Officers of my command for violation of the Sabbath Law, and they were fined \$5 each in the Court of Special Sessions. Every Sunday I give personal instructions to the members of my command to see that the law is not violated at the above mentioned places and they have been unable to obtain any evidence of the law being violated since in said stores.

Moses W. Cortright

Captain.

Police department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 4

New York March 31st, 1895.

Alexander S. Williams

Inspector 1st District

Sir:-

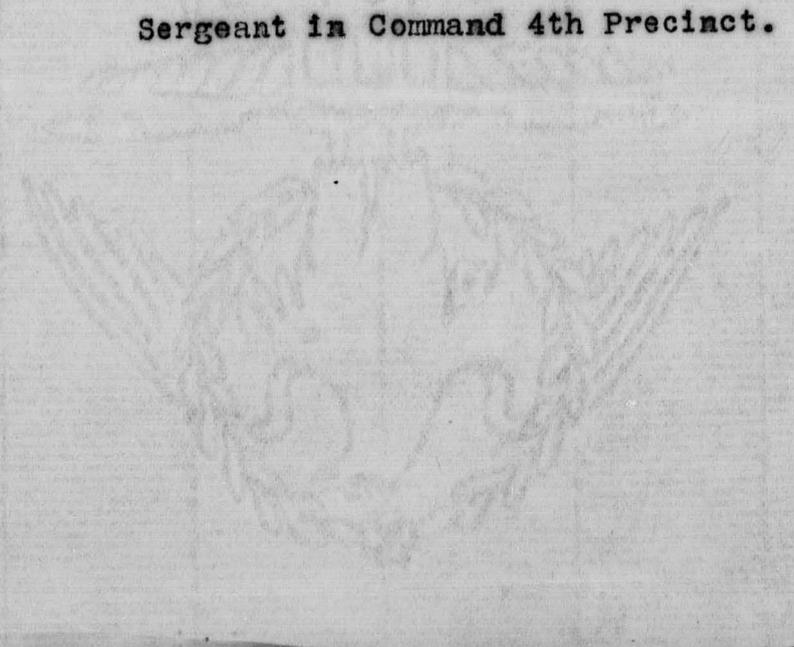
In compliance with your instructions I sent Patrolmen James H. McCrery and Wm. S. Barlow of my command to investigate relative to violation of Sunday law at wholesale dry goods and toy store No. 9 East Broadway and they report that they were unable to get into the place as the door was kept locked and they were refused admission I also visited the place myself found the door locked the proprietor and 4 men were inside and could be plainly seen through the window but there was no evidence as I could see that any law was being violated.

Respectfully

Edward Walsh

Sergeant in Command 4th Precinct.

Copy.



Police Department of the City of New York

Precinct No. 14

New York March 29th, 1895.

Alexander S. Williams

Inspector of Police

Sir:-

Relative to policy shop at 190 2nd street I would respectfully report that this place was raided Feb. 1st and the proprietor thereof is now under bail to answer for violation of the lottery law.

Officers of this Station in citizens attire visit this place daily and they report that they have thus far observed nothing to warrant police interference.

The alleged Policy shop is in a rear tenement house and the appearances are that the "business" has been abandoned.

Respectfully

John Wiegand

Sergeant in Command.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300. Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 3rd, 1895.

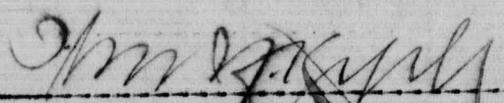
Hon. W. L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 20th inst., relative to a Police Shop at 190 Second street, I transmit herewith copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Office of the Society for the
Prevention of Crime
105 East 22 St. New York
April 1895

Resolutions adopted, concerning the
Bi-partisan police bill.

Resolved,

That we condemn the bi-partisan
police bill and that we direct our
executive committee to attend upon
the public hearing before the mayor
and to oppose the measure.

The principal grounds of our opposition
briefly stated are as follows:

The condition of the police depart-
ment is such that a radical change
is needed not only in its personnel
but also in its system. A measure
which does not radically change the
system that has produced our inspeakably
corrupt police force and which does not
reach the roots of the evil should not be
tolerated. There is a popular
demand for a law that will eliminate
politics from the system, that will prevent
the sale of ratings and appointments and

that will afford quick and sure methods of overhauling the executive heads of the department when they are derelict or corrupt. The bill in question does not meet one of the necessities of the case. Its most radical departure from existing law is its provision for the division of the Commissioners according to their political faith. Its designers evidently recognized no demand so urgent as that of dividing the patronage of the department.

It gives to the Superintendent certain powers, which he now substantially exercises; - but it does not provide any method of holding him accountable for his great powers, except to the politically constructed, evenly divided commission, one half of which is likely to be his friend if the other half is his enemy.

It exempts the department from the operation of the civil service law and gives to subordinate officers the key to the door of admission by making them the examiners of applicants for appointment.

Some of the worst scandals of the

department have been in connection with the examining boards of police officials. Dummies have passed for applicants and marks have been made to order. Knowing as we do, the unfitness of most of the officers from whose ranks the examining boards are to be made up, and considering the improbability of the passage of a reorganization bill, we think that to enact such a provision as this would be a lasting disgrace and that it would be an unfailling source of future evils.

In considering these questions we have now the light of great revelations, the force of a quickened public conscience, and a great popular demand for radical legislation.

This is the time to demand and secure the laws that are needed. We should throw the responsibility back upon the legislature, where it belongs. It holds in committee the carefully framed bills which the people want. Let us return to them this unworthy device, and demand before the people of the state, the legislation that we have formulated, that we need, and that we are entitled to have.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 3rd, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police I transmit herewith original communication signed "A number of Clerks and Salesmen" relative to Sunday closing law, with a copy of reports thereon.

Very respectfully

Wm. J. [Signature]

Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 12

New York April 3rd, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

In reference to the communication to His Honor the Mayor from Rev. J. T. Wilds complaining of being disturbed during the hours of worship by noisy boys also that the force under my command is insufficient but faithful in the discharge of their duties and that an extra force of 30 men is needed to give the desired protection.

I respectfully report that I agree with Rev. Dr. Wilds as to an increase of the force the number of officers allotted to this precinct is entirely too small but the house will not accommodate any more consequently we must wait until the contemplated new building is erected. In the mean time I will endeavor to give Rev. Dr. Wilds all the desired protection with the small force under my command. If absolute quiet is desired it cannot be obtained in this overcrowded locality.

William Schultz

Captain.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 6th, 1895.

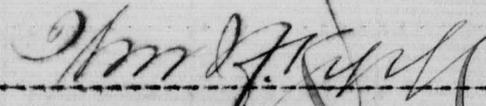
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police I return herewith letter
from Rev. J. T. Wilds with copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 7

New York April 4th, 1895.

A. S. Williams

Inspector 1st District

Sir:-

In answer to enclosed anonymous letter I would state there is no
policy shop at No. 9 Hamilton street. said premises is ~~occupied~~ ^{6 story}
tenement, store on first floor dwellings above. The store has been
vacant for some time, was formerly occupied as a tailor shop.

Respectfully

Donald Grant

Captain 7th Precinct.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 8th, 1895.

Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police I transmit herewith copy
of report relative to an alleged policy shop at No. 9 Hamilton St.

Very respectfully

John J. Sullivan

Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York

Bureau of information

New York April 2nd, 1895

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

Inquiry has been made of Mrs. Mary Cairns widow of A. Cairnes 419 Third Avenue the only person of that name mentioned in the City record and she informs us that she is 51 years old, that she has a daughter Maggie (now married) who is 29 years old and believes she is the person referred to in the annexed letter and thinks that it was written by; or at the investigation of her husband who deserted her some years ago and went to Cal.

Respectfully

John J. Harley

Sergeant B. of I.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,* April 8th, 1895.

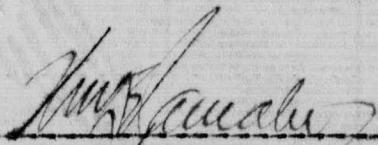
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police I return letter from Mrs. Marion Crawford, with copy of report thereon. Mrs. Crawford has been communicated with.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York

New York April 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

In answer to annexed communication relative to ball playing in West 19th street I would respectfully report that we have been short in our force for the past ~~for~~ fifteen days owing to the census I would also state that no person living in West 19th street has complained of ball playing in that neighborhood since I have been in command of this Precinct. I have instructed the officers on patrol in that neighborhood to give every attention to the complaint and remedy the same. Have sent officer in plain cloths and given such instructions to members of my command as will abate the nuisance in the future

Respectfully

P.H. Pickett

Captain.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 16th, 1895.

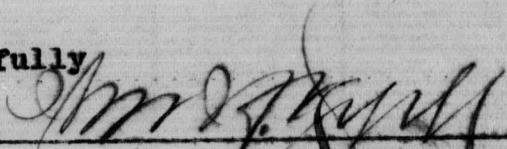
Hon. W. L. Strong

Mayer New York City.

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor I return original communication from J. F. Van Cott with copy of report thereon. Mr. Van Cott gives no address in West 19th street and his name not appearing the Directory we are unable to communicate with him.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

New York April 12th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

Sir:-

Referring to the annexed letter from Fred. S. Hall of Hilton N. J. addressed to His honor the Mayor requesting information relative to one Lizzie J. Bowne, widow of [&] Jeremiah Bowne I would respectfully report that as the name does not appear in the New York City Directory I have compiled a list of all persons named Bowen and Bown mentioned therein which is herewith transmitted and from which the writer may possibly be able to select some one having a knowledge of or being related to the person inquired for.

I would also state that Delancey street runs from the Bowery to the East River and Horatio street from Greenwich Avenue to the North River.

Respectfully

John J. Harley
Sergeant B. of I.

Copy

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 16th, 1895.

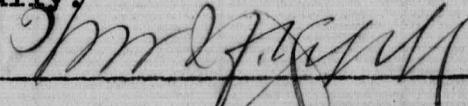
Hon. W.L.Strong

Mayor New York

Dear Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 9th inst., I return original communication from Fred. S.Hall, and a copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully,



Chief Clerk.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 17th, 1895.

Hon. William L' Strong

Mayor New York City.

Dear Sir:-

The Board of Police have directed me to acknowledge the receipt of your favor of the 17th inst. enclosing communication from F.D. Gilbert, Spokane, Washington, relative to his daughter, and in reply to state that the matter has been referred to the Superintendent for report, a copy of which report will be forwarded directed to Mr. Gilbert as per your request.

Very respectfully

Wm. J. Kelly

Chief Clerk.

Police Department of the City of New York.

Office of the Superintendent

New York April 19th, 1895.

To the Board of Police

Gentlemen:-

With reference to the attached communication of property owners and residents of that part of the 23rd ward, located in the 33rd precinct, adjacent to Westchester, Prospect, Union, Beach and Tinton Avenues, and East 152 to 156th streets, in which the petitioners ask that a new police station houses be located in the neighborhood mentioned, and state that they are almost wholly without police protection, I would respectfully state that the 33rd Precinct is bounded by the North by 170th street and Home street on the East by the Bronx River and Long Island Sound, on the South by the East and Harlem Rivers, on the West by Central Avenue, the whole covering an area of about 6 1/2 miles square. In certain parts of this territory the population has increased considerably during the past few years; but the increase of population in that part of the territory which is the subject of complaint, and which the petitioners desire the new station house to be located, has been comparatively small. I am informed by the Inspector of the District that in the neighborhood in question there have been recently erected from 100 to 130 houses, about one half of which are as yet unoccupied, and that the present station house of the 33rd precinct can be reached on foot in fifteen minutes from any part of the locality which is said to lack adequate police protection. I would therefore disapprove of locating a new police station house in the place in question.

Very respectfully

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent

P. S. I would however, recommend that the mounted patrol force of that precinct (33) be increased by ten men; this would permit the posts as they are at present constituted to be shortened, and would

afford all the additional police protection required in that neighborhood at present.

106
901

Hon. William L. Strong,
Mayor of New York City

Dear Sir:

The undersigned property owners and residents of the 23rd. Ward, living in the vicinity and adjacent to Westchester Avenue about Prospect, Union, Beach and Tinton Avenues, East 152nd., 153rd. and 156th. Streets, respectfully petition your Honor to erect a Police Station in this neighborhood as we are almost wholly without police protection.

In cases of emergencies the distance from this rapidly growing section to the 33rd. Precinct station is too great, and the great length of posts of the patrolmen, leaves us very nearly defenceless. Westchester Avenue about this point, is in the centre of the future population, and it is our earnest prayer that you kindly give this matter your consideration..

Joseph H. Henry
Fred P. Kearthy 1019 East 162 St
John Baker 763 Prospect Ave.
Mr Ogden 742 Prospect Ave
Conrad Hennrich 775 Prospect Ave
Emery F. Neale 776 Union Ave.
Henry A. Huff 156 Union Ave. 156 St
Signor Pels 728 Prospect Ave
Jakob Scheuer 728 Prospect Ave
John J. Brennan 1013 & 156 St
Louis Sander 1024 Westchester Ave
Fred G. Sabo 767 Prospect Ave.
Chas. Stearns 1029 Begett Ave

Louis Hammer 1043 Leggett ave
George Daly 1043 Leggett ave

William Burger 721 Prospect Ave.

John J. Curley 1041 E. 156th

George Gaynon 1000 E. 152nd st.

Joseph Bettinger 1000 E. 152nd st

Mrs B. Briseby 998 E 152nd st

Otis S. Heald 996 E 152nd st

J. Small 996 E. 152nd st.

Wm Wacker 994 E 152nd st

A. M. Mickel 913 Union Ave

J. Sigundo 719 Union ave

Abraham Pear 762 Union ave

George Harpet 768 Union Ave.

Laurence Harpet 768 Union ave.

R. Blapp 770 Union Ave

A. K. Lewando 773 Prospect Ave

Fredk Leidig do do do

John Leidig " "

Jacob Leitner 773 Prospect Ave

Joseph Leitner 773 Prospect Ave

Alto A. Heimrod 787 Prospect Ave

Stoloph Beken 779 Prospect Ave

Alfred Gilly 777 Prospect Ave

W. Manz 824. Cedar Place.

Daniel Kaus 725 Union Ave

Mr. William L. Brown
Mayor of New York City

Dear Sir:

The undersigned property owners and residents of
the 23rd Ward, living in the vicinity and adjacent to Post-
office Avenue about Prospect, Union, Beers and Third Aves-

Police Department of the City of New York
Superintendent's Office
300 Mulberry Street.

New York April 19th, 1895.

To the Board of Police

Gentlemen:-

I respectfully report that I have caused an investigation to be made relative to the attached letter of D.W. Botassi, Counsel General of Greece to His Honor Mayor Strong, in which complaint is made that the police do not recognize that "Greek push cart dealers and venders" who are regularly licensed in this City are entitled to any consideration. The investigation has not disclosed any specific act of injustice or lack of consideration on the part of the Police towards the class referred to. I have instructed commanding officers of precincts to see that the force of their respective commands accord to these people all the privileges they are entitled to under their license; and if any specific complaint is made against any officer of this Department in this connection I shall see that it is properly investigated and the offending officer placed on trial.

Respectfully

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent.

Police Department,

Board of Police Commissioners, of the City of New York,

Theodore Roosevelt,
President.
Avery D. Andrews,
Treasurer.
Frederick D. Grant,
Andrew D. Parker.

300 Mulberry Street,

New York, April 19, 1897

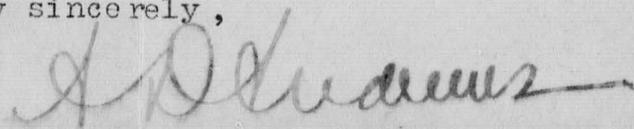
My dear Mr Mayor:

Referring to our conversation of this morning, you will be interested to know that Colonel Kipp, the Secretary of our Board, has just handed me a copy of the following resolution of the Board of Police, adopted January 23, 1882, and still remaining in force:

"Resolved, that in the absence of the President of the Board, the senior member present at Headquarters, shall act as President".

When the new Commissioner comes in, therefore, we will be in this position: either he or myself, as you shall prefer, or both of us if occasion requires, shall be nominated for President. If no election occurs, then by virtue of this resolution, I will be Acting-President as long as the deadlock continues. You will also notice that the resolution to which I have just referred cannot be rescinded or altered as long as the new man and myself vote together.

Yours very sincerely,



Hon. William L. Strong

Handwritten signature/initials

New York April 16th, 1895.

Thomas F. McAvey

Inspector

Sir:-

Replying to annexed communication I herewith submit the following report,

After a careful investigation I am unable to find the writer of annexed letter.

Since I have been in command of this Precinct I have arrested Daniel Meenan or his bartenders nine different times for violation of the excise law northwest corner of 52nd Sts. and 10th Avenue. There is no foundation for the statement made that policy playing is being carried on at this address. Should I find that the law is being violated I will take immediate steps to apprehend the guilty persons.

Respectfully

W .R. Haughey

Captain 22 Precinct.

Wm. Mayor.

Dear Sir

I would like to make it known
to you what is going on at the
North West corner of 52nd St 10th Ave.
is a liquor store kept by a
man by the name of D. Meenan
he also runs a policy business
at the side entrance.

as I know you would not allow
it, as it is a disgrace to the city
there is from 40 to 50 young and
old women going in every day.
also send their children to get
the slips kindly give it your
attention.

Respectfully

a lady

Living in
the Sany House

P.S.
afternoon is
the time

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 19th, 1895.

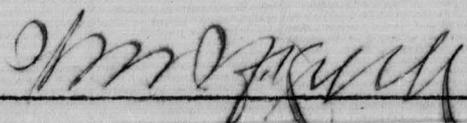
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City

Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your communication of the 8th inst. I return original letter signed "A. Lady" concerning Policy shop with copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.

OFFICE OF
D. J. HEASTON
ATTORNEY AT LAW

7

Bethany, Mo. April 20th 95.

J. W. Strong, Esq.
Mayor N.Y.

Dear Sir, A few days ago I received by mail the enclosed papers. If we can do anything to entrap the "Green goods man" I am willing to write as your detective may direct. If you think it is no use you can destroy the same.

Yours truly
D. J. Heaston.

A COUNTERFEITER GOES FREE.

THE COUNTRY FLOODED WITH \$2,000,000,000 OF COUNTERFEIT MONEY IN THE PAST YEAR, AND PRONOUNCED BY GOVERNMENT EXPERTS TO BE AS GOOD AS THE GENUINE GREENBACK.

The failure of the United States Court to convict Joseph Reed, alias Banks, alias Moore, and many other other aliases, one of the most skillful and expert counterfeiters in this or any other country, is a great disappointment to the Chief of the Secret Service. He believed that he had a sufficiently strong case against him to warrant a different result than the one obtained. The District Attorney thought so too. The fault was due to the insufficient evidence. Yet the story is one of the most extraordinary ever told involving as it does the most remarkable credulity and no less unusual cunning.

About three months ago a prominent merchant of California received a letter from this same gang offering to sell him money printed from Treasury plates that could not be told from the genuine. The merchant by the barest accident happened to be an honest man at heart, and although the temptation offered to him was a great one, one that not one man in a hundred could refuse, decided not to accept the proposal but to inform United States Marshal Moore, who answered the letter under the merchant's name who had received it, and wrote to the counterfeiter and informed him that it was "just the stuff he was looking for," but stated that owing to pressure of business it was impossible for him to visit New York and suggested to Mr. Counterfeiter that the mails were a safe medium through which to transact business and stated that if this was satisfactory, he would order \$300 worth to start on.

The reply came back that on no account would he do business through the mails, that it was absolutely necessary that he should see his customer and do business *face to face only*, being the safest, surest and most satisfactory way to transact a business of this nature, and promising if the goods were not as fine as represented, reimburse him for all expenses of the trip and forfeit \$1,000 in gold.

In consequence the Marshal wired for "instructions" how to know and where to meet the counterfeiter and in due time arrived at place of meeting, the Grand International Hotel, New York City, and was called upon by an old man who brought with him a valise, which he opened in the room, displaying packages of money amounting to \$100,000. The detective examined the money carefully said it would suit him, and put his hand in his pocket as if to bring out the money to pay for it; but in the place of money he drew a pistol, and placing it at the counterfeiter's head made him a prisoner, and took the contents of the bag into his possession. Upon being arranged on the charge of offering and selling what was supposed to be counterfeit money, the prisoner apparently became indignant and stoutly denied that he ever had a counterfeit bill in his life, and he demanded that the experts employed by the Treasury Department at Washington be sent for.

His demand was complied with, and on arrival of the gentlemen they at once set about making a thorough and critical examination of the supposed counterfeits; then submitted their sworn report, which was as follows: That all these United States Treasury notes were printed from genuine plates used by former workmen in the Printing Bureau, and were perfect and exact duplicates of genuine bills issued by the Government. They further added that they had long been aware that some persons had possession of a set of plates supposed to have been furnished by one of the engravers in the Engraving Bureau, and finally that the only difference between the notes found on the prisoner, and the genuine, lies in there not being so much silk fibre interwoven in the paper. The prisoner's counsel asked the Government experts if they would swear that the bills examined by them were counterfeits. To the astonishment of every one in the court room, they replied that they would not, in fact could not, as they were positive the bills were as good as any issued by the government, and added that the fault lay in the careless manner observed in the Treasury Department in allowing workmen to handle Government plates, printing inks, dies, etc., as they wished.

The judge had no other alternative than to instruct the jury to discharge the prisoner, who thanked the jury and quickly skipped out of the court room, valise in hand, that contained a cold \$100,000 of money that was good enough for the writer at all events. The reporter was not alone in his envious thoughts, because from the expressions and suggestive remarks of some of the members of the jury at the departure of the prisoner, it seemed that they would like to have a few thousand of the so-called counterfeits themselves.

To give our candid opinion we could see no difference in the bills as the notes were printed from genuine United States plates, obtained from the Engraving Department at Washington, by whom it is not known and perhaps never will be. As the case now stands some one is getting rich in a safe, fast and sure manner at the expense of the Government.

The Secret Service Detectives say the only way to effectually stop the circulation of this money, is to capture the plates, now in possession of this gang. The presumption is that the plates are not in this country, but in Canada, and that the printing is being done there. There is no possible way of tracing the bills to any of the agents circulating them, to do so, it would be necessary to have a Government expert in every store, in every town and city in the United States, as these bills are sold by the wholesale to trustworthy farmers and country merchants, in sections of the country where not one man in ten thousand knows anything about money (its genuineness, etc.) and are readily passed from hand to hand in the ordinary course of trade, without their true character ever being discovered or even suspected. When large bills are offered by a purchaser, they are given out in change and the latter innocently passes the bills upon some one else and thus they go through thousands of hands without any fear of detection or any possibility of their being traced to the agents circulating them.

The District Attorney, in conversation with the reporter, casually remarked, that it was astonishing how eagerly the average citizen, that is those who are apparently honest and fairly well off, are willing to engage in the business. The race for wealth predominates over every other consideration. All a person wants now adays is money; it don't seem to make any difference either how they get it. The advice of the poet to his son is followed by all classes of the community, "Get money, my son; get money, honestly if you can; dishonestly if you must."

As the government, only is the loser, and is so well able to stand it, the average citizen has no conscientious scruples whatever, in taking advantage of the offer made by these men, especially as there is no risk or danger in handling these bills if they use proper precautions and keep their business to themselves. A close mouth as they tell you is the secret of success in this nefarious scheme.

A Big Silver Strike.

CRIPPLE CREEK, Col. Feb. 17.—The greatest strike yet made in this camp was made yesterday in the Blue Bell.

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NEW YORK. TH

BLACKBURN TOOK THE CAKE.

A DARK HORSE DEFEATS THE CHAMPIONS DANDY JACK AND PROCTOR.

An Immense Crowd at Madison Square Garden—The Entertainment as a Whole was a Fizzle—Big Money for the Managers and a Poor Return to Spectators.

From early yesterday evening to 9.30 o'clock there was a rush of feet into Madison Square Garden, a pushing and scrambling through the gates, a hastling into seats, and then a long tedious wait. The monotony was partially relieved by the shouts of some abled-lunged representatives of Columbia College and College of the City of New York. "Ray, ray, ray: Colum-bi-a!" shouted the collegians. This was answered by a yell from some non-collegians, which went this way: "Rah, rah, rah! Rats, rats, rats!" which seemed to arouse the risibilities of the spectators. However, time hung heavily on the hands of the spectators, and just as patience was becoming exhausted the form of Polo Jim flashed upon the startled vision of those present. Arrayed in a faultless suit of conventional black, white expanse of shirt front, and carrying in his hand an evening hat, he glided across the floor like a being treading upon pink-tinted clouds. The uproarious applause that greeted his appearance was responded to with a low courtesy and a dazzling display of ivory. There was no more excitement until Dandy Jack and Will Proctor, who have won enough cakes to start a bakery with, appeared for a practice spin on the glistening floor. As they moved along, a dream of Chesterfieldian and Brummelesque grace, they were regarded with silent feelings of awe and admiration. After these two champions had disappeared from view the situation was becoming stagnant when a stentorian voice from the first gallery rolled forth in distinct tones the suggestion: "Three cheers for David B. Hill." A majority of those present complied.

"Three cheers for Cleveland," shrieked another voice. Just at this point the band began to play a dirge-like composition, and was grinding out its saddest strains when somebody broke in with a yell for Ben Harrison.

There was another painful pause in the proceedings, which was at last broken by the band striking up the grand march. Thereupon appeared Prof. Hank White, a tall, loose jointed individual, dressed in a gray military coat, light trousers, and a fatigue cap. He carried a drum major's baton, and proceeded to astonish onlookers by the dexterous manner in which he flung the baton to the ceiling and caught it. Polo Jim and a tall willowy woman in a flowing white dress led the march. There might have been 250 entries, and perhaps 233 couples were seized with stage fright at the moment of entering the room. At any rate, only seventeen couples graced the occasion with their presence. The men were all attired in dress suits, and the women wore nothing of a grotesque character. The grand march was distinctly a disappointment. Then came the lanciers. There were but two sets and the dancing was tame, except for one or two pidgeon wings. The lanciers created no enthusiasm.

Following this the Gorham Baseball Club sextet warbled a little, after which everybody settled back and waited for the cake walk.

When the momentous time arrived for the preliminary cake walk expectation ran high. To slow music the contestants came upon the floor. First was Prof. Luke Pulley escorting Miss Nettie Green. The Professor treaded the boards with an air of solemn grandeur that made a decided impression. Next came Will Proctor and Maud Clifford, a lithe young woman. Proctor is a slender young man with an airy, away-dull-care carriage, very captivating. His lips are parted in a half smile as he walks, as though sniffing cake in the distance. Dandy Jack, the champion, and Miss Frankie Hoy next loomed in sight, and created a sensation. Jack is a short and rather pudgy person, who walked with chin well up and an air of conscious superiority borne of frequent conquests. Miss Hoy wore red slippers and an air of elegant ennui.

The fourth couple attracted general attraction. They were H. S. Blackburn of Long Branch and Miss Martha James of New York. Blackburn is of slight build, very graceful figure, and was dressed with perfect taste. Miss James is a very pretty octoroon. She wore a black costume and a pair of white slippers. Both walked with an airy grace that attracted general attention, and the laurels of Dandy Jack and Will Proctor were decided to be in serious danger. The other couples walked with more or less peculiarity, and had no show for the cake that occupied a conspicuous position on top of the \$500 (!) piano, whose tin pan tones nearly incited a riot. After about half an hour of walking, the first heat was concluded, and the judges then weeded out all but half a dozen couples. While the walkers were resting for the final struggle there was a buzzard lobe by Miss Elizzard, a young woman in a calico dress and black stockings, and the "lope" created some merriment, and was followed by "buck dancing" by a quaint little negro known as "Old Folks." During the dancing the spectators became a trifle enthusiastic and showered the dancers with small coins. After the excitement subsided the contestants in the finals appeared. Prof. Pulley, Will Proctor, Dandy Jack and H. S. Blackburn was the order in which they walked. Blackburn and his companion received the most enthusiastic applause from all parts of the house, and were clearly the favorites. The judges had no difficulty in picking out the Long Branch man and the octoroon as winners of the first prize.

Will Proctor's smile deepened when he and Miss Clifford were selected as winners of the second prize, and Dandy Jack looked crestfallen when he was named as third in the race.

Just as soon as the winners were announced the crowd

H. Her' am.

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Keep this for future reference.

Send your telegrams (no letters) to

G. A. HECKER,

704 Hamilton Street,

Allentown, Pennsylvania.

Your Pass-word and Number is "ALDEN **631**"

Do not sign anything else.

CAUTION.--Be sure you have the numbers (plainly written) on all telegrams after you sign the Pass-word "ALDEN" otherwise your telegrams will positively receive no attention whatever. The "figures" are very important. All answers from me will be sent to the same name and address as written on the present envelope--unless otherwise instructed by you.

Above all things do not sign your name, only your Pass-word and number, and send all telegrams between the hours of 9 in the morning and 9 at night and over the Western Union Telegraph Company Lines, (if possible) to avoid mistakes, also prepay all messages as it is very important. Should the telegraph operator ask you for your name or address, refuse to give it, simply say, "My name or address is not necessary."

N. B.--Should there be any official notice stamped on this envelope pay no attention to it whatever, as it is put there by the new administration to find out who has got the plates, as they are missing from the Treasury. Possession of the original plates is the foundation of my success, and as I have the plates the stamping of this ridiculous notice cannot injure me at all, unless to frighten off some timid agent.

CONFIDENTIAL.

Friend:

This is the chance of your life and the one you have been looking for and if you let it pass, it will never come again. So read carefully and thoughtfully. I have a class of goods which you can handle and make money faster and easier with, than you ever have in your life. They come in denominations of \$1, \$2, \$5, \$10 and \$20, and will go anywhere and everywhere and are as perfect as human skill can make them. My terms are: \$300 for \$3000, \$450 for \$5000, \$650 for \$7000, \$1000 for \$13,000 and \$30,000 costs \$2000. \$3000 for \$300 is the very smallest amount I will sell. I will give you the State right if you take \$13,000 or more of my goods. The State right means that I will not sell to any one else but you in your State, while you remain my customer. I warrant each and every one to be perfect as to Paper, Coloring, Vignette, Printing and Engraving. The signatures are as perfect as the genuine and when made to appear as having been used or handled much, I defy the best Bank Clerk or expert to tell them from the genuine. It has cost a great deal of time and money to perfect these goods, and I have at last succeeded where many others failed, in producing the genuine fibre paper. These goods cannot be detected in the ordinary course of trade, and only at the Treasury in Washington, through the duplication of the numbers, and not then if the genuine bill of the number is still in circulation. Now, my way of doing business is as follows: when you come here I will show you my stock of goods, you can examine them and compare them with the genuine, and in fact submit them to any test you see fit before you pay me, then after you are thoroughly satisfied on every point, you can select whatever denominations you may want, and when the goods are in your possession you pay me, and if you feel disposed to carry the goods with you, you may do so, if not, I will ship them by express or in any way you may desire, as I want to introduce my goods in your section of the country as soon as possible. I promise that if you do not find my goods as represented and should you not be perfectly satisfied in every respect, I will pay your entire expenses to and from home and for loss of time. Make up your mind to come on at once, if you wish to handle these goods. To do this business safely it should be done face to face. You can then see me and I can judge the party I have placed confidence in; besides, it is absolutely necessary I should see you on our first deal in order to show and explain a simple method by which you can dispose of them in large lots and how to make them appear as having been in circulation for some time. If you conclude to embrace this opportunity, send me a telegram, saying, "SEND ME INSTRUCTIONS," and sign your telegram with your Pass-word and Number only, as on the enclosed slip, then I will know who it comes from and I will immediately respond by sending you instructions how and where to meet me, also a sample of my goods. Be careful that your telegram is signed with your Pass-word and Number, or else I will not be able to tell who it comes from. Enclosed you will also find a newspaper clipping which speaks for itself. Your own good sense will tell you I can have no object in misrepresenting my goods and bringing you here on a foolish errand, for I ask no money in advance, and do business only in the manner above mentioned. If you have not the ready money to purchase my goods, I will make this proposition to you: I will consent to your taking some confidential friend in with you, provided, of course, he is trustworthy, and then you both can come on together; but you would be foolish to take any one in with you if you can in any possible way raise the required amount yourself.

In conclusion I wish to say if you cannot come on here, or have not \$300 to invest, and you think favorably of my business, send me a telegram saying: "WHAT IS MARKET PRICES"? and sign your Pass-word and Number to it, or I will not know who it is from; I will then make you another proposition. Be patient, and be guided by my advice. If you do, you will be sure of success. No such thing as fail. Act square! Be true and honorable! Do me no harm, and you will never regret it as long as you live. You can make money faster and easier by dealing in my goods than you ever dreamed of before in your life. Won't you try it?

CAUTION:--No other person is now authorized by me to correspond on this subject. Do not be deceived by shoddy imitations. I am the sole owner and proprietor of this enterprise. Communications from others offering similar goods for sale are absolutely unreliable and positively worthless. Pay no attention to them. Trusting I shall receive a favorable and immediate telegraphic reply, I remain,

Yours confidentially.

"SECRECY "

N. B.--Telegrams from you must be prepaid or they will receive no notice. "I answer all telegrams." Except I give you permission, never write me a letter, as I will refuse to receive it and then it will go back to the Post office, and be returned to you probably opened--So be cautious. I earnestly request that you will treat this matter confidentially; mention it to nobody! If it does not suit you destroy this letter.

Police department of the City of New York.

Precinct No. 12

New York April 20th, 1895.

Thomas Byrnes

Superintendent of Police

Sir:-

Concerning the enclosed complaint from Frank E. Mitchell to his Honor the Mayor in reference to men and boys urinating with more or less exposure of person in the public street and in full view of the windows of his office and which would not otherwise be possible if the vehicles were removed.

I respectfully report that the vehicles have been removed and the nuisance complained of is abated.

Wm. Schultz

Captain.

Copy.

*Police Department,
of the City of New York,
300 Mulberry Street,
New York,*

April 20th, 1895.

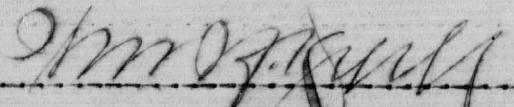
Hon. William L. Strong

Mayor New York City.

Sir:-

By direction of the Board of Police and in further reply to your favor of the 19th ult: enclosing letter from D. N. Botassi Consul General of Greece, relative to treatment of Greeks, I return original communication and copy of report thereon.

Very respectfully



Chief Clerk.