

1233

**BOX:**

534

**FOLDER:**

4868

**DESCRIPTION:**

Thompson, William

**DATE:**

09/15/93



4868

1234

Witnesses:

John Bradley

Counsel,

Filed 15<sup>th</sup> day of Sept 1897

Pleaded *Guilty*

THE PEOPLE

*18 Hamilton vs. 16 1/2 criminal maker.*

William Thompson  
Has been in  
Elmira Ref. 209

*Burglary in the 2<sup>nd</sup> degree  
[Section 404 of Penal Code]*

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

E. W. Bloomingdale

Sep 29

Foreman.

*Sh 194 October 3/93  
Park 3  
Pleaded Burg. 2<sup>nd</sup> deg.  
S. P. 4 years.*

1235

Police Court—3— District.

City and County }  
of New York, } ss.:John Bradley, N. Jersey  
of No. 10 South Street, aged 37 years,  
occupation boardmandeposes and says, that the cabin of canal-boat "Mary Bradley," being duly sworn  
in the City and County aforesaid, the said being a canal boat, <sup>Clinton Street, East River</sup>  
the cabinwhich was occupied by deponent as a living apartment and bedroom  
and in which there was at the time a human being, by name deponent  
his wife Mary Bradley  
were BURGLARIOUSLY entered by means of forcibly moving back  
a sliding-window on the side of  
said cabinon the 10 day of September 1883 in the night time, and the  
following property feloniously taken, stolen, and carried away, viz:A quantity of male and female wearing  
apparel, of the value of One Hundred  
Dollars\$100<sup>00</sup>/<sub>100</sub>

the property of deponent and his wife

and deponent further says, that he has great cause to believe, and does believe, that the aforesaid  
BURGLARY was committed, and the aforesaid property taken, stolen, and carried away byRobert M. Enoy and William Thompson  
(both now here) acting in concert,for the reasons following, to wit: Deponent saw said window securely  
closed about 1 A.M. on said date and the  
above-named property was at said time in  
the cabin: about 2 A.M. on this date, deponent  
was awakened by a noise at the window  
and saw a man, whom deponent identifies  
as the defendant William Thompson having  
his body more than half-way through said  
window: that on going to the door of the cabin

1236

deponent saw both defendants running away  
across several canal boats, which were  
at the pier aforesaid: Therefore, deponent  
prays <sup>that</sup> defendants may be dealt with as  
the law directs.

Sworn before me this } John Bradley  
10<sup>th</sup> day of September 1893 }

*John R. Ryan*  
Police Justice

Police Court \_\_\_\_\_ District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Degree.

vs.

Burglary

Dated

188

Magistrate.

Officer.

Clerk.

Witnesses:

Committed in default of \$ \_\_\_\_\_ Bail.

Bailed by \_\_\_\_\_

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.



1237

Sec. 198-200.

3

1882

District Police Court.

City and County of New York, ss:

*Robert M. Evey*

being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is h right to make a statement in relation to the charge against h; that the statement is designed to enable h, if he see fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against h; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that h waiver cannot be used against h on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

*Robert M. Evey*

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

*24 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

*U.S.*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

*20 Monroe St -**7 mos.*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

*Truck driver*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer.

*I am not guilty.*  
*R. M. Evey*

Taken before me this

day of

*Sept 10*

1893

Police Justice.

1238

Sec. 198—200.

3

District Police Court.

1882

City and County of New York, ss:

*William Thompson*

being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him, if he see fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

*William Thompson*

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

*19 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

*W.D.*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

*4 Hamilton St.*

*1 year.*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

*Truck driver*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer.

*I am not guilty.*  
*W.D. Thompson*

Taken before me this

day of

1895

Police Justice.

1239

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named defendants

Ray guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same, and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated, September 10 1893

John Ryan Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named \_\_\_\_\_  
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated, \_\_\_\_\_ 189

Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named Robert M. Conn  
guilty of the offense within mentioned, I order he to be discharged.

Dated, Sept 12 189

John Ryan Police Justice.  
1881

1240

Police Court--- <sup>13</sup> 3 <sup>962</sup> District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

*John Bradley*  
*Robert M. [unclear]*  
*William Thompson*

Offense

Dated, *Sept. 10* 189 *5*

*Ryan* Magistrate.  
*Murphy* Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses *Mary Bradley*  
No. *10* *South* Street.

*Call the officer*

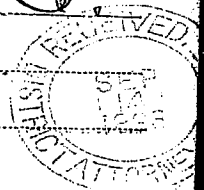
No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

*Officer Cronin*  
No. *7* *Priestly* Street.

\$ *1000* to answer

*No. 1 Discharged*

*Ch 194*



BAILED,

No. 1, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 2, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 3, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 4, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

*1000 & Sept 10<sup>th</sup> 30*

# Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

*William Thompson*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

*William Thompson*

of the CRIME OF BURGLARY in the *first* degree, committed as follows:

The said

*William Thompson,*

late of the *Ward* of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *ten* day of *September* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety *three* in the *night* time of the same day, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, the dwelling house of one *John Bradley*

there situate, feloniously and burglariously did break into and enter, there being then and there a human being within the said dwelling house, with intent to commit some crime therein, to wit: the goods, chattels and personal property of the said *John Bradley*.

in the said dwelling house then and there being, then and there feloniously and burglariously to steal, take and carry away,

*the said William Thompson being then and there assisted by a confederate actually present, whose name is to the Grand Jury aforesaid as yet unknown.*

against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

*Deane Mott,*  
*District Attorney*

1242

**BOX:**

534

**FOLDER:**

4868

**DESCRIPTION:**

Ting, Ah

**DATE:**

09/18/93



4868

1243

POOR QUALITY  
ORIGINAL

Witnesses:

Lam Nak

Counsel,

Filed

day of

189

Pleads

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Ah-Ting

on recommendation of jury  
Indictment dismissed  
defendant may be deported to China  
Interpreter. Signed  
Chas. J. Ting  
27th St. No. 3  
DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
District Attorney.

Part 2. Nov 23, 93. P.D.W.  
Part 3. December 6/93  
Question as to sanity tried & def. found  
A TRUE BILL. Now Insane

Ex. Beggs many date  
Ch. 207  
kept com. to any person in information  
Foreman  
PSH

Second Degree.  
Penal Code.]

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS, PART III.

-----x	:	
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF	:	<u>INDICTMENT FILED</u>
NEW YORK,	:	<u>SEPTEMBER 18, 1893.</u>
vs.	:	<u>INDICTED FOR GRAND</u>
A H T I N G.	:	<u>LARCENY IN THE SECOND</u>
-----x	:	<u>DEGREE.</u>

BEFORE

HON. RANDOLPH B. MARTINE AND A JURY.

New York, December 6th, 1893.

A P P E A R A N C E S:

FOR THE PEOPLE, ASSISTANT DISTRICT ATTORNEY, BARTOW S.  
WEEKS.

FOR THE DEFENDANT, MR. J. W. McLOUGHLIN.

John G. Truax, a witness for the people,  
sworn, testified.

DIRECT EXAMINATION:

Q. Dr. Truax, you made an examination of the defendant, did you?

A. Yes, sir, I have.



Q. When?

A. On the 24th of last month.

Q. Will you please tell the Jury what you ascertained through that examination?

A. I examined the man in the Tombs on the 24th day of November, and I found him to be incoherent, and unable to continue a conversation for any length of time.

Q. Did you talk with him through an interpreter?

A. Yes, sir. If you asked him any question he would appreciate the question, but he would begin to answer it and the first few words might be all intelligent, but after that he would run off onto other subjects, also in the midst of the conversation he would jump up and start to go out of the room as much as three or four times, and I had to call him back and ask him to sit down. He did not seem to be conscious of what he was doing. I also learned, and probably it is the cause of his condition of mind, that he abuses himself; of course that is not of my own knowledge, but I have to talk with others who have been in charge of him.

Q. Did you make any physical examination of him?

A. No, sir, no physical examination, but the keepers told me they have caught him doing it several times, and his condition of mind is such as would be produced by this

habit; he is weak minded at present rather than being insane, but of course if he keeps up this habit he will undoubtedly become insane and it will eventually terminate in melancholia. In my opinion he is absolutely irresponsible for anything that he may say or do; that is my positive opinion.

Q. From your examination made of him, would you say that at the present time he was insane?

A. Yes sir, he is insane

BY THE COURT.

Q. You say you saw him on the 24th of November?

A. Yes sir.

Q. What time of day were you there?

A. I was there in the afternoon.

Q. How long were you with him?

A. I think I was with him about an hour and a half; just about that I think.

Q. Did you have the aid of an interpreter?

- A. I saw an interpreter there.
- Q. Was there an interpreter present during your entire visit with him?
- A. Yes sir, while I was with him he was present with others.
- Q. When you were with him were you able to converse with him?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. Could he speak the English language?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. Sufficiently well for you to understand?
- A. Yes sir to tell his story.
- Q. Have you any evidence that the man is now insane?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. You think his insanity is of the nature of melancholia?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. He gives evidence of that you say?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. The specific things you have mentioned lead you to that opinion?
- A. Yes sir; his manner, the way he speaks and the way he went on while I was talking to him and I was compelled to call him back at different times. Taking into consideration all those facts I believe him to be insane.
- Q. Taking into consideration all the facts that you have stated and also the fact that you did not understand his language, and taking into consideration your inability to fully understand his conversation, do you believe that it is possible or impossible that he is shamming?
- A. No sir, I don't think that he could be; I am perfectly

satisfied in my own mind; that the man is an insane man I haven't any doubt at all on the subject.

Q. Of course you cannot give as many reasons for your opinion as if you had been able to converse with the man in his own language?

A. No sir.

Q. Do you consider that at present he has mental capacity to sufficiently instruct his counsel as to his defense?

A. No sir, I don't think that he has; I know that he could not do it.

Q. In your opinion is a person of such mental capacity as Mr.                    has, able to distinguish between right and wrong?

A. No sir, I don't think that he is as he stands there now.

Q. Is he of such mental capacity as not to be able to fully understand the nature of any acts that he might be charged with?

A. I don't know; he would not understand any act hardly; he might understand some act but I don't believe he would understand the nature of any act.

Q. Did you understand at the time you saw him that he was charged with a crime?

A. Yes sir I understood that thoroughly.

Q. Did you understand also that that crime was of the nature of grand larceny in the second degree?

A. Yes sir.

Q. Did you have any conversation with him on the subject of the crime?

A. Yes sir.

Q. From your entire examination of him I understand you to say that you believe him to be insane and incapable of distinguishing between right and wrong?

A. I think he is.

Q. Incapable of properly instructing his counsel as to his defense under such accusation?

A. I haven't any doubt about it.

Q. You have made an examination of this defendant. What are the chances of his recovery from this situation which you say exists in his case?

A. I don't believe there is any possible chance for his recovery; there might be possibly, if he could be broken of this habit which I have referred to.

Q. You think it likely to remain- do you consider him a dangerous person in his present condition?

A. I do.

Q. A person who should be in confinement or at large?

A. In close confinement where he could be watched.

Q. He should be kept in close confinement?

A. Yes sir, where he could be looked at.

Q. And properly cared for?

A. Yes sir.

Edgar G. Weid, a witness for the people,  
sworn, testified.

DIRECT EXAMINATION:

Q. Dr. did you make an examination of this defendant?

A. Yes sir I did.

Q. When and where?

A. In the tombs on the 24th of November last.

Q. Will you please tell the jury what occurred in regard to that examination?

A. I went there and I found the defendant there; I examined him through an interpreter whom I found.

Q. You examined him twice?

A. I went there on two occasions. The first time I was not able to secure the services of an interpreter, but afterwards I found an interpreter with him. Then I discovered that the defendant was very incoherent in his speech he would start in on one subject, and when you would ask him a question, while he would answer that, in the next sentence he would say something totally different and crawl away from the subject; his motions and his actions would indicate that he was erratic; he would talk, then take a seat, then start to get up and leave you and if you asked him a question he would put out his hand to take your hand. His eyes were shifting; you could not concentrate them on any one object; he would not look at you all the time so I would say that he is positively insane.

Q. Would you say that he was incapable at this time of informing his counsel as to his defense?

A. I believe he is; I don't believe that he could properly inform his counsel so as to try the case.

Q. You have examined him?

A. Yes sir.



- Q. You are a regularly admitted and practicing physician?
- A. Yes sir.
- Q. And also an examiner of lunacy?
- A. Yes sir, I filed my papers in 1884.
- Q. Do you believe that this defendant is incapable of understanding the proceeding of his trial?
- A. I think that he is; but I think that he has a good idea of the relation between right and wrong.
- Q. Dr. do you believe that he is unable to properly make his defense at this trial?
- A. I think so.
- Q. Do you believe that he is a dangerous person to the public peace and safety?
- A. At present I do not think that he is but if he keeps on at the habit which he has been practicing, he soon will be.
- Q. At the present time do you think that he is dangerous to the welfare of the community?
- A. Yes sir, to the welfare of the community if he is at large.
- Q. And you think he is dangerous to the public safety?
- A. Yes sir.

THE COURT THEN CHARGES THE JURY.

Gentlemen of the jury,

The situation as to this case is just this:  
This defendant was indicted under an accusation that he was guilty of the crime of grand larceny in the second degree, that is he was charged with having stolen or appropriated to his own use property of the value of over

\$25.00 but not exceeding \$500.00. We are not here trying that question because there has been a plea interposed here that this defendant is not now a sane person and of course, a person who is in that situation, cannot be placed upon trial for a crime while their condition is claimed to be that of insanity; therefore, the inquiry here is as to whether or not that contention is a true one, to the end that the court's mind and conscience may be properly advised and to the end that you may have the benefit of those persons learned in the medical profession, who can give you the benefit of their experience in these matters.

When it appears to the satisfaction of the court that a defendant is insane it is the duty of the court to appoint physicians in whom they have confidence to the end that inquiry may be made and facts presented to a jury, so that they may ascertain what the real situation is. Of course the situation in this case is just like any other case. This man is sane or insane, depending upon you to determine. You are not to conclude by the testimony of these physicians. You have the right to inspect and see the defendant himself. You have the right to take the evidence in the case, and to take into consideration the entire surroundings. The question is for you, what is the present mental condition of this defendant? It is claimed by the defendant that he is now insane.



Two physicans have been sworn and you have heard their testimony. They both say upon their oaths and have testified that it is their opinion - their professional opinion - that the condition of this defendant is, that he is not responsible and is incapable at the present time of instructing his counsel, and incapable of distinguishing right and wrong. They tell you that he is insane at the present time and that he ought not to be put upon trial for this charge. Now the opinion of doctors under such circumstances, after all, only opinion, it is skilled opinion, but it is subject to be tested by you and you are to determine the case the same as you would any other case. The opinions of experts are not at all conclusive. They may be mistaken just like other men. We have done what we thought it was advisable to do, and we have called in these physicans in whom the court has confidence. We have given you the benefit of their testimony, and it is for you now to say about this entire testimony what the present condition of the defendant is. The verdict in this case gentlemen, will be one of two - is the defendant now sane or insane? Of course gentlemen, the question of reasonable doubt comes into this case as it does into any other case., and it is now for you upon the whole case to say, is the defendant now sane or insane?

The jury retired and returned a verdict finding the defendant now insane.

1254

EDGAR T. WEED, M. D.,  
246 LENOX AVE.,  
N. Y.

Nov 20/93

Hon Randolph B. Martine

Dear Sir

I have Examined

Ah Sing at present Confined in  
the Tombs, and find him an  
imbecile, Incoherent in thought,  
and Erratic in actions and movements;  
and do not believe him to be  
accountable for his actions.

Yours Respectfully

Edgar T. Weed M.D.

1255

J. G. TRUAX, M. D.,  
17 E. 127th St.

New York, Nov. 25<sup>th</sup> 1893

Hon. R. B. Martine

Dear Sir,

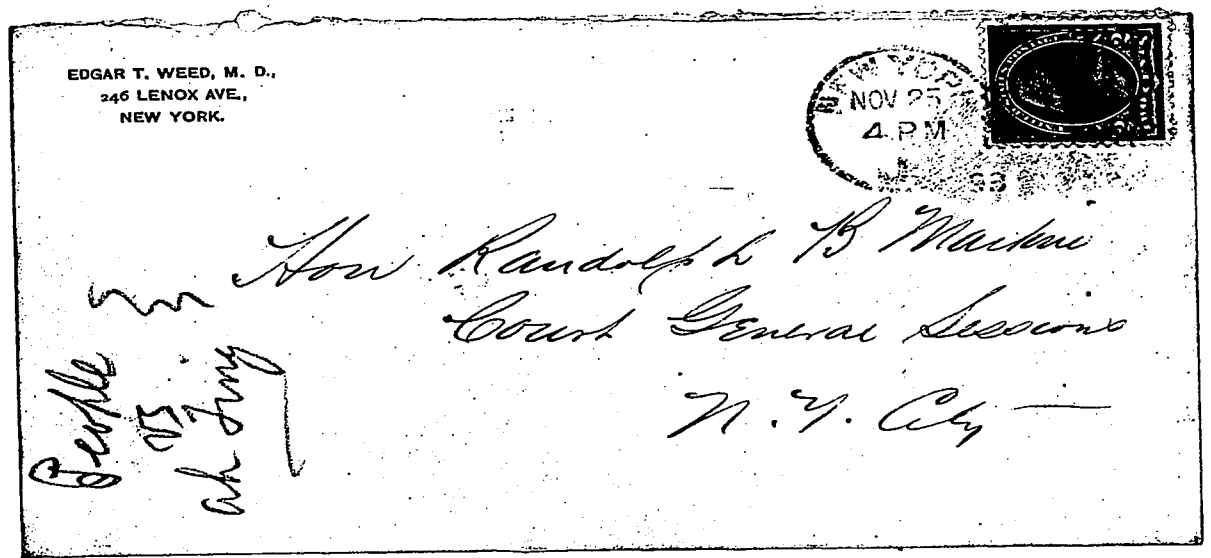
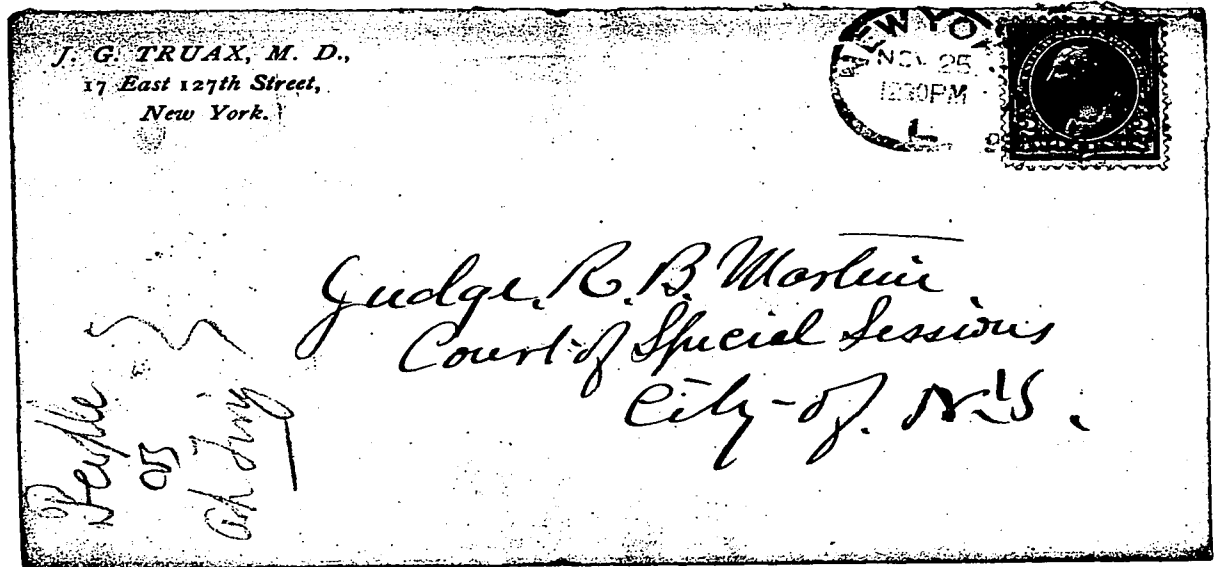
In obedience to your request,  
I have made a careful inquiry into the  
mental condition, of Ah Tung, now  
confined in the city prison.

His mind has been  
destroyed by self abuse, to a degree,  
which makes him irresponsible  
for his actions.

He is excitable, incoherent  
and unintelligible in conversation.  
His movements are erotic, and there  
is great loss of muscular power.  
There is absolutely no reflex muscular  
action. He is an imbecile, and should  
be confined in an asylum for the  
insane or idiotic.

Sincerely Yours  
J. G. Truax, M.D.

1256



1257

Police Court— District.

1912

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County of New York, ss.

of No. 27 Washington Street, aged 30 years, occupation Laundryman

deposes and says, that on the 16 day of August 1893 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession of deponent, in the time, the following property, viz:

One trunk and a quantity of clothes all of the value of about two hundred dollars

the property of

Deponent

and that this deponent has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away by

Ring for the reason that on or about said date deponent left the said property in the keeping of the defendant at the above said address for safe keeping. Deponent left said premises on the fifteenth of August 1893 and said trunk was then on said premises, deponent missed the said property when he returned to said premises on the 16 instant. Deponent charges defendant with the larceny of his property because he left it in defendant's care and defendant kept away from said premises.

Sami Wahi

Sworn to before me this 16 day of August 1893  
 of the County of New York  
 Justice

1258

(1885)

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

District Police Court

*Sh Tung* being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge, and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Sh Tung*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *36 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *China*

Question. Where do you live and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *87 Washington St 2 weeks*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Lawyer*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer. *I am not guilty*

*no*

I have before me this

day of

Police Justice.

1259

(1800)

City and County }  
of New York. } ss.

Police Court, 1 District.

*Sam Wah*  
of No. *27 Washington* Street, being duly sworn, deposes and says,  
that *Shh Ting* (now present) is the person of the name of  
*Sung* mentioned in deponent's affidavit of the *16<sup>th</sup>*  
day of *August* 189*3*, hereunto annexed. *Sam Wah*

Sworn to before me, this *17*

day of *August* 189*3*

POLICE JUSTICE



1260

It appearing to me by the within dep[redacted] statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Leu Hundred Dollars, \_\_\_\_\_ and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated, Aug 17 189 3 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named \_\_\_\_\_ to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated, \_\_\_\_\_ 189 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named \_\_\_\_\_ guilty of the offense within mentioned, I order h \_\_\_\_\_ to be discharged.

Dated, \_\_\_\_\_ 189 \_\_\_\_\_ Police Justice.



BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

54 Police Court---

888 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

*Sam W. Ah*  
*27 Washington*  
*St. N. Y.*  
*John T. King*

2

3

4

Offense *Larceny*

*7th*

Dated

*Aug 17*

189

Magistrate.

*Oliver*

Officer.

Precinct.

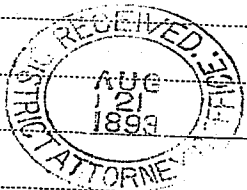
Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.



No.

Street.

*1000* to answer *LS*

*Committed*  
*No 207*

People  
vs.  
Al Ling

In this case

Doctors Inman  
and Keel have been  
appointed Examiners  
inquire into the  
mental condition of  
defendant.

Reports enclosed

Jan. 24/93

H. H. J.

1263

Sec. 151.

Police Court \_\_\_\_\_ District.

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK. }*In the name of the People of the State of New York; To the Sheriff of the County  
of New York, or any Marshal or Policeman of the City of New York:*

Whereas, Complaint in writing, and upon oath, has been made before the undersigned, one of the Police  
Justices for the City of New York, by Sam W. Chastant  
of No. 27 Washington Street, that on the 16 day of August  
1893 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, the following article to wit:

One trunk and a quantity of clothes  
of the value of Two hundred dollar Dollars,  
the property of Depount  
w. Depount taken, stolen and carried away, and as the said complainant has cause to suspect, and does suspect and  
believe, by King

Wherefore, the said Complainant has prayed that the said Defendant may be apprehended and bound to  
answer the said complaint.

These are Therefore, in the name of the PEOPLE of the State of New York, to command you the said  
Sheriff, Marshals and Policemen, and every of you, to apprehend the bod. King of the said Defendant  
and forthwith bring King before me, at the \_\_\_\_\_ DISTRICT POLICE COURT, in the said City, or in  
case of my absence or inability to act, before the nearest or most accessible Police Justice in this City, to answer the  
said charge, and to be dealt with according to law.

Dated at the City of New York, this \_\_\_\_\_

16 day of August 1893  
Samuel Martin POLICE JUSTICE.

1264

Police Court ..... District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

vs.

Warrant-Larceny.

Dated August 16 1893  
Martine Magistrate  
Connor Officer.

The Defendant.....  
taken, and brought before the Magistrate, to answer  
the within charge, pursuant to the command con-  
tained in this Warrant.

Command Connor Officer.

Dated Aug 17 1893

This Warrant may be executed on Sunday or at  
night.

Police Justice.

WARDEN and KEEPER of the City Prison of the City of New York.  
having been brought before me under this Warrant, is committed for examination to the

Dated ..... 188

Police Justice.

36  
Chua  
Laundry  
27 Washington St

The within named

JRC.

## COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

----- X  
THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK :

--against--

: CHARGE: Grand larceny  
: 2nd degree.

A H T I N G .

----- X

RECOMMENDATION.

This defendant was indicted on the 18th day of September, 1893, charged with grand larceny in the second degree, and on the 6th day of December, 1893, he was found insane by a jury and committed to the Asylum for Insane Criminals (now the Matteawan State Hospital) by the Hon. Randolph D. Martine, Judge of the Court of General Sessions. The defendant has ever since been confined in the State Hospital.

As appears from the letter of Dr. R. F. C. Kieb, *copy of which is annexed hereto* Medical Superintendent of the Matteawan State Hospital, the Bureau of Deportation has completed arrangements to send several chinese patients to Canton, China, in the company of competent transportation agents, and it is desired to include Ah Ting in the party.

It further appears that the defendant is suffering from a chronic and irrecoverable type of mental disease known as dementia praecox, and that there is no possibility that he will ever be discharged from the State Hospital as cured. I am informed, however, that the Chinese government will care for this patient if he is returned to his



native country.

The crime with which the defendant was charged was the larceny of a trunk and personal belongings, the property of one Sam Wah, another Chinese, claimed to be of the value of about two hundred dollars. Had the defendant been convicted of the crime he would have been discharged from any possible term of imprisonment that might have been imposed, many years ago. He has now been confined in the State Hospital for some twenty-one years.

Under all the facts and circumstances, I believe that the interests of justice will best be subserved by his deportation to China, and accordingly I recommend that the indictment against the defendant herein be dismissed.

Respectfully submitted

Dated N.Y. March 17th, 1915.

*Charles Albert Perkins*  
DISTRICT ATTORNEY.

BY

*Henry D. Sayer*  
CHIEF CLERK.

approved  
*Edmund Swann*  
S.C. 2.5

1267

STATE OF NEW YORK

--- MATTEAWAN STATE HOSPITAL

Beacon, New York, March 8, 1915.

Israel AH TING

Hon. Charles A. Perkins,  
District Attorney,  
New York, N. Y.

Dear Sir:-

I am informed by the State Bureau of Deportation that they have completed arrangements to send several Chinese patients to Canton, China, in the custody of competent transportation agents. The party will leave New York City on Tuesday, March 16, and they desire to include one Ah Ting in this party.

This patient, however, is under indictment in New York County for the crime of grand larceny, second degree, and before any action can be taken in the matter of his discharge, it will be necessary to have this indictment dismissed. He was committed to this hospital December 6, 1893 by the Hon. Randolph B. Martine, Judge of the Court of General Sessions, after a jury had rendered a verdict that the said Ah Ting was not of sound mind and understanding. He is suffering with a chronic and irrecoverable type of mental disease known as dementia praecox, and there has been no improvement in his mental status since his commitment to this hospital over twenty-one years ago. In fact, there has been a gradual deterioration of all mental faculties. He exhibits many mannerisms and at times is inclined to be negativistic. He is listless and apathetic, takes no interest in his surroundings and does not associate or converse with any of the other patients.

He also is often observed looking about and moving his lips as if in response to imaginary voices. In demeanor he is quiet and orderly and he has no time exhibited assaultive tendencies. Physically he is in good health and his mental status is such that he could safely travel to China as a member of this party. When he arrives there I am informed that he will be placed under the proper jurisdiction by the authorities at Canton, and that they are always pleased to have their people returned to them. His mental status is such that recovery cannot be looked for, and for this reason I would recommend that the proper action should be taken so that this patient can be discharged to the custody of the State Bureau of Deportation. If he had not been insane and had gone to trial, he would have been discharged many years ago, so I see no reason why the State of New York should be burdened with his further maintenance when his own people are willing to undertake his custody.

Parties are not returned to China frequently so I trust that we will be able to discharge Ah Ting at this time. Thanking you in advance for your prompt attention to this matter, and for your kind assistance and co-operation in other cases, I am

Yours very truly

R. F. C. KIEB,  
Medical Superintendent.

G



COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS  
COUNTY OF NEW YORK

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF  
NEW YORK,

*against*

A H T I N G

RECOMMENDATION.

CHARLES ALBERT PERKINS  
~~CHARLES SCHMITZ~~

DISTRICT ATTORNEY,

CRIMINAL COURTS BUILDING,

BOROUGH OF MANHATTAN,

NEW YORK CITY.

1269

1270

Court of General Sessions of the Peace  
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Ah Tung

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Ah Tung  
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE, committed  
as follows:

The said

Ah Tung

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *fourteenth*  
day of *August* in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-*three* at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

divers articles of clothing and  
wearing apparel of a number  
and description to the Grand  
Jury aforesaid unknown, of the  
value of two hundred dollars, and  
one trunk of the value of  
ten dollars

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Sam Wah

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against  
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People  
of the State of New York and their dignity.

Second COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further  
accuse the said *Ah Sing*  
of the same CRIME OF *Grand LARCENY, in the*  
*second degree* committed as follows:

The said

*Ah Sing*,  
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the  
day of *August*, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-*three*, at the City and County aforesaid, being then and there the *bailee*  
of *one Sam Wah*

and as such *bailee* then and there having in *his* possession,  
custody and control certain goods, chattels and personal property of the said

*Sam Wah*  
the true owner thereof, to wit:

*divers articles of clothing*  
*and wearing apparel of a number*  
*and description to the Grand Jury afore*  
*said unknown, of the value of two*  
*hundred dollars and one trunk of*  
*the value of ten dollars:*

did afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with  
force and arms, feloniously appropriate the said *goods, chattels*

*and personal property,*  
to *his* own use, with intent to deprive and defraud the said *Sam Wah*

of the same, and of the use and benefit thereof; and the same goods, chattels and personal property  
of the said *Sam Wah*

did then and there and thereby feloniously steal, against the form of the statute in such case made  
and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
District Attorney.

1272

**BOX:**

534

**FOLDER:**

4868

**DESCRIPTION:**

Todhunter, John

**DATE:**

09/22/93



4868

1273

POOR QUALITY  
ORIGINAL

Witnesses:

*Acot Parker*  
*N. Rabe*  
*L. Curtis*

In my opinion this  
dispute between the defendant  
& the complainant should be  
settled in the courts of  
civil jurisdiction & not in  
the criminal courts.  
I therefore recommend  
the dismissal of the  
indictment.

April 7, 1894.

*Wm. M. Davis*  
Clerk,

Complainant

Defendant

day of

1893

Read

*Sept 20*

THE PEOPLE

vs.

*John Toohunter*

Grand Larceny, 2nd degree  
(MISAPPROPRIATION)  
(Sections 528 and 531 of the Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

*J. B. Davis*

A TRUE BILL.

*W. B. Thompson*

Foreman.

*Indictment returned April 10, 1894  
on return of Dist. Atty.  
indict. dis. P. B. M.*

1274

POOR QUALITY  
ORIGINAL

Witnesses:

*Sacot Baker*  
*W. Katz*  
*L. Curtis*

Counsel

Filed

day of

1893

Pleas

THE PEOPLE

vs.

*John Todhunter*

*Grand Larceny, 2nd degree*  
**(MISAPPROPRIATION.)**  
(Sections 528 and 531 of the Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

*1st. Indict. on Jan 94*

A TRUE BILL.

*W. Bloomer*

Foreman.

*Indict. on April 1904*  
*on recons. of Dist. Atty.*  
*indict. dis. R.B.M.*

In my opinion this  
dispute between the defendant  
& the complainant should be  
settled in the courts of  
civil jurisdiction, & not in  
the criminal courts.  
I therefore recommend  
the dismissal of this  
indictment.

April 7, 1894.

*Vernon M. Davis*  
*Asst.*



1275

JOHN TODDHUNTER,  
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Tarrytown

Hon. Weide

PAID HIMSELF THE WRONG WAY  
Lawyer Toddhunter Locked Up for Keeping  
Money Collected for a Client.  
John Toddhunter, a lawyer from Tarrytown,  
was locked up yesterday in the Harlem prison  
on a charge of keeping \$45 he had collected  
for William Ratz of 301 West 143d street, from  
G. H. Mayer, a Morrisania saloon keeper. He  
said he kept the money because Ratz owed  
him for professional services.  
Justice Weide explained that he would be  
committed on a charge of larceny if he insisted  
on paying himself in that way. The lawyer  
refused to surrender the money, although he  
had nearly \$300 with him, and was locked up  
in default of bonds for examination.

York Sept 4<sup>th</sup> 1893

men. cit-

1278

GLUED PAGE

JOHN TODHUNTER,  
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Tarrytown

York, Sept- 11<sup>th</sup> 1893

Hon. W. H. ...

Dear Sir,

~~My~~ On Saturday last I called at your office in reference to a very distressing matter which happened to me on Monday last and as you were not in I saw Mr. Davis who probably will be kind enough to state to you the substance of my statement to him. I enclose a clipping from one of the daily papers on the matter.

In my opinion the Judge had no right whatever to order me to pay over any money unless Raty made a full settlement with me. Raty had written me on several occasions to call on him on special business and I always called upon him, at times much to my inconvenience, the understanding being that I should charge for my services. Raty owes for those services which were professional and consisted for the most part in consultations regarding his general business. As an incident to the general business



Raty gave me several claims to collect which I took with the understanding that, should I be successful by making one call I would charge ten per cent - but that should I be obliged to make more than one call I was then to charge a reasonable sum taking into consideration all the circumstances. It was also understood that in order to save me time and trouble I was to inform the parties that they could call upon Raty and pay him as and when they were able to do so. It was also understood and agreed that Raty was to retain for me my commissions should any of the parties call upon him and make payments. Now, it so happens that I know that one individual has called upon Raty and has paid him the whole or a portion of his bill and I have reason to suspect that others have done the same thing while I have collected from one Meyer the sum of \$24.00. Meyer caused me an immense amount of trouble. He lives at 161<sup>st</sup> St. & River Avenue so that I was obliged either to walk or drive from 155<sup>th</sup> St and Eighth Avenue.

I am very sure that I have called upon him twenty times upon his positive statement that should I call upon the stated time he would fully pay me and would pay for the hack hire. Feeling sure that a suit would not bring the money from him I would call from time to time merely to be put off and would receive from one to five dollars. I invariably gave him a receipt. The two hack drivers at 155<sup>th</sup> St & Eighth Avenue will testify that I have paid them at least six dollars to be driven to and from Meyers place. I naturally became disgusted and as Raty was all along supplying Meyer with meat.

1278

JOHN TODHUNTER,  
COUNSELLOR AT LAW.

Tarrytown -

New York, 189

I wrote them that in future they would have to do the running and could meet me at 9 o'clock a.m. any week-day at the 155<sup>th</sup> Street Elevated Station.

I never heard from them but about a month ago a total stranger, one Curtis, met me at the station and stated that Ratz had assigned all his claims to The Butchers Association whom he represented and that if I did not pay him, Curtis, \$45<sup>00</sup> within an hour he would have me arrested. I told him that I would look into the matter and let him know what I would do. I asked him to show me his authority which he said he had not with him - that he was not an attorney and had no office. I wrote him on that day that if he wanted to press his claim he could call at the office of ex Judge Hyatt and see his clerk, Mr. T. E. Grath. Curtis called on Mr. Grath and stated that he represented the Butchers Association and threatened to arrest me unless I paid \$45<sup>00</sup>. The next I knew, I was served with a summons which I obeyed and I plainly told the Judge that this was a matter where I should be allowed to counterclaim, as Ratz was a man who was not trustworthy and for me to be forced by a Police Magistrate to part with cash and then go into a civil court for redress was an outrage. I was naturally indignant and excited and am afraid was somewhat rude.

My examination was a farce - no one was

sworn and I saw that the Judge was determined to hold me. I employed a Mr. Humminger whose office is near Judge Weld's Court, 121<sup>st</sup> St. & Third Ave. who understands the matter better than I can write it in brief.

I beg of you <sup>I</sup> that he be allowed to appear before the Grand Jury and give my version of the matter as you can readily see that a true bill would mean absolute ruin to me.

In conclusion, I beg to say that before going to Mr. Justice Weld's Court I met two lawyers and explained the matter to them and that they each expressed themselves very positively that the matter was one which should come up, if at all, in a civil court and not in a criminal tribunal.

Very respectfully yours,  
John T. Hunter

1280

Police Court

District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County  
of New York, ss:

William Ratz

of No. 301 W. 143<sup>rd</sup> Street, aged 35 years,  
occupation Butcher being duly sworn,deposes and says, that on the 15<sup>th</sup> day of June 1893 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

Good and lawful money of  
the United States to the amount and  
value of forty five dollars.

the property of

Leepmunk

and that this deponent

has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken,  
stolen and carried away by John Todhunter (now here)

from the fact that deponent is informed  
by Constant H. A. Meyer that on or about  
said date he paid this defendant said  
sum of money in account of a note  
of fifty dollars. he used this  
Complaint and  
deponent further says that the said  
defendant never turned over said sum of  
money to him or any portion of it or  
accounted for it in any way but did  
feloniously appropriate said sum of money  
to his own use and benefit with the intent  
to defraud. Wherefore deponent prays the said  
defendant may be held and dealt with as the  
law directs.

William Ratz

Sworn to before me, this 12<sup>th</sup> day

of

August 1893

J. J. H. H. H.

Police Justice.

1281

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

1877.

Gustave H. A. Meyer  
aged 20 years, occupation Salm Kuper of No. S. W. Cr River Ave + 661 1/2 Street, being duly sworn, deposes and  
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of William Ratz  
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponent's own  
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 28  
day of Aug 1893 }

Gustave H. A. Meyer

M. A. Bude

Police Justice.

1282

1352

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.POLICE COURT, 5<sup>th</sup> DISTRICT.*Louis Curtis*of No. *259 W. 143<sup>rd</sup>* Street, aged *45* years,  
occupation *Collector* being duly sworn, deposes and saysthat on the *11th* day of *July* 189*3*  
at the City of New York, in the County of New York, *some time in*

*July 1893 in my capacity of Collector I demanded the payment from John Todhunter this defendant of the money which he had collected from Gustave H. A. Meyer on a note which William Katz had given him for collection. The defendant then admitted that he had collected in the neighborhood of forty five dollars from Meyer and that he would settle on the Monday following.*

Sworn to before me this 11th day of July 1893

Police Justice

Police Court, District.

THE PEOPLE, Etc.,

ON THE COMPLAINT OF

vs.

Dated

Witness,

Disposition,

AFFIDAVIT

which he failed to do. but sent defendant a letter requesting defendant to call on a Lawyer in No 146 Broadway named Mc Gouth. And when defendant called on Mc Gouth. he Mc Gouth. told defendant that. Todd Hunter. was free. and that as soon as Todd Hunter got money he would settle with defendant.

Sworn to before me }  
this 28th day of Aug 1893 } John Curtis

W. A. Wilde  
Police Officer



1284

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.  
OF NEW YORK,

District Police Court.

*John Todhunter* being duly examined before the under-  
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to  
make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to  
enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him;  
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used  
against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the  
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your  
exculpation?

Answer.

*I am not guilty*  
*John Todhunter*

Taken before me this

day of

189

Police Justice.

1285

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

Defendant  
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of  
Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of  
the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.  
Dated Aug 31 1893 Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named defendant  
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.  
Dated Aug 31 1893 Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....  
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order h to be discharged.  
Dated 189 Police Justice.

1288

P208 1893 5 923  
Police Court--- District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

William Ratz  
301 St. N. 3rd St.  
John Tothunter  
2  
3  
4  
Offence "Larceny"  
Felony

Send notice to be sent  
to John C. Munzing  
181 E 42nd St.

BAILED,  
No. 1, by Carlo Pardo  
Residence 315 E 111th Street.

No. 2, by  
Residence Street.

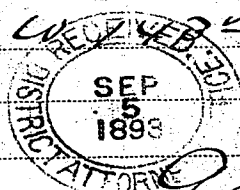
No. 3, by  
Residence Street.

No. 4, by  
Residence Street.

Dated August 28 1893  
Welsh Magistrate.  
Lery Officer.  
Coun. Precinct.

Witnesses Gus H. A. Meyer  
No. River Ave & 16th Street.  
Louis Curtis  
No. 259 W 24th Street.  
Marby

No. 300 to answer  
#500 Brighton & Aug  
30 9 AM  
31 Bailiff P



1287

**Court of General Sessions of the Peace**  
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK  
against

*John T. Sadler*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse  
*John T. Sadler* —  
of the CRIME OF *Grand* LARCENY, in the second degree, committed  
as follows:

The said *John T. Sadler*,

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *15th*  
day of *June* — in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-*three*, at the City and County aforesaid, being then and there the *Attorney*  
and agent of one *William R. R. R.*

and as such *Attorney and agent* then and there having in his  
possession, custody and control certain goods, chattels and personal property of the said

— *William R. R. R.* —

the true owner thereof, to wit: *The sum of forty five*  
*dollars in money, lawful money of*  
*the United States of America, and*  
*of the value of forty five dollars.*

the said *John T. Sadler*, afterwards, to wit:  
on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,  
did feloniously appropriate the said *sum of money* —

to his own use, with intent to deprive and defraud the said

*William R. R. R.* —  
of the same, and of the use and benefit thereof; and the same goods, chattels and personal  
property of the said *William R. R. R.* —

did then and there and thereby feloniously steal, against the form of the statute in such case  
made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their  
dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,  
District Attorney.

1288

**BOX:**

**534**

**FOLDER:**

**4868**

**DESCRIPTION:**

Traum, John

**DATE:**

**09/20/93**



4868

1289

Witnesses:

*Chas Berner*

*James M. Miller*

*Harper*

Counsel,

Filed

day of

1893

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

*John Traurn*

*Sept 20/93*

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

Grand Larceny, Second Degree.  
[Sections 528, 529, Penn. Code.]

A TRUE BILL.

*Erie Bloomingdale*

*Sept 26/93*

Foreman.

*Sentence suspended*

*25 200*

1290

Police Court

District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss:  
of New York,

of No. 2344 1st Avenue Street, aged 22 years,  
 occupation Butcher being duly sworn,  
 deposes and says, that on the 7th day of September 1893 at the City of New  
 York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the pos-  
 session of deponent, in the Day time, the following property, viz:

Good and Lawful money of the  
 United States to the amount and  
 value of Thirty five dollars.  
(\$35.00)

the property of Deponent

and that this deponent  
 has a probable cause to suspect, (and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken,  
 stolen and carried away by

John Traum (now here)  
 from the fact that on said date at  
 the hour of 10 o'clock A.M. deponent gave  
 this defendant who was in deponent's  
 employ said sum of money to buy meat  
 with the defendant took said sum of  
 money from deponent but failed to  
 buy the meat with it, or return the money  
 and deponent did not see him again  
 until the 14th day of September 1893 when  
 deponent caught him current.  
 Wherefore deponent charges this defendant  
 with feloniously appropriating said sum of  
 money to his own use and benefit with  
 the intent to cheat and defraud and prays  
 he may be dealt with according to law.

Chas. Berner

Sworn to before me, this 14 day

of Sept 1893

Police Justice.



1291

Sec. 198-200.

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }  
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

*John Traum* being duly examined before the under-  
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is *h* *no* right to  
make a statement in relation to the charge against *him*; that the statement is designed to  
enable *him* if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against *him*  
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that *h* *no* waiver cannot be used  
against *him* on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

*John Traum*

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

*17 years old*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

*Germany*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

*329 East 122 St - 18 months*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

*Butcher*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the  
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your  
exculpation?

Answer.

*I Am Guilty*

*John Traum*

Taken before me this

day of

*March*

189

*23*

Police Justice.

1292

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

*Defendant*  
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of *500* Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated *Sept 14* 189 *3* *Bedding* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named

to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated 189 Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named

guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order h to be discharged.

Dated 189 Police Justice.

1293

David Gray furs  
521. 887 (2 mos)  
Albion St 17r  
Cr 150 St + Portland Ave

BAILED,

No. 1, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 2, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 3, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. 4, by \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

Police Court---

5

District

978

THE PEOPLE, &c.,  
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Charles Berner  
John Traum

1. \_\_\_\_\_  
2. \_\_\_\_\_  
3. \_\_\_\_\_  
4. \_\_\_\_\_

Dated Sept 14 1893

Simms Jr Magistrate.  
Thos O'Connor Officer.

29 Precinct.

Witnesses \_\_\_\_\_

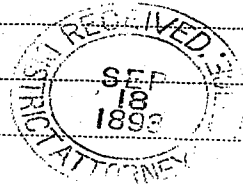
No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

No. \_\_\_\_\_ Street.

\$ 1000, to answer

Gu 972



1294

**Court of General Sessions of the Peace**  
**OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.**

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

*John Traum*

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

*John Traum*  
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE, committed  
as follows:

The said

*John Traum*

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *seventh*  
day of *September* in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and  
ninety-*three*, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*the sum of thirty-five*  
*dollars in money, lawful*  
*money of the United States*  
*of America, and of the value*  
*of thirty-five dollars*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

*Charles Berner*

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against  
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People  
of the State of New York and their dignity.

*De Lancey McCall,*  
*District Attorney*

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**END OF  
BOX**