

0804

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jackson, Mamie

DATE:

12/08/92



4607

0805

Witnesses:

Charles Ross
Charles Hutto

128/ Counsel,

Filed 8 day of Dec 1892

Pleade, Guilty 9.

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Hannie Jackson

Grand Larceny, Second Degree.
(Sections 623, 631, Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

William DeWitt

Part 3. Dec 15, 92 Foreman.
Tried and Acquitted

0806

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

1921

Charles Witte
aged *31* years, occupation *Hotel Keeper* of No. *7 - Third Avenue* Street, being duly sworn, deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of _____

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponent's own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this *4th* day of *December* 189*7* } *Charles Witte*

[Signature]
Police Justice.

0807

Police Court—

District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.

Charles Ross
of No. *219* *First Avenue*, Street, aged *20* years,
occupation *Clerk* being duly sworn,
deposes and says, that on the *22nd* day of *November* 189*7* at the City of New
York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
of deponent, in the *night* time, the following property, viz:

*A gold watch valued ninety
dollars*

the property of deponent

Sworn to before me, this
of _____ day
189*7*

Police Justice.

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen
and carried away by *Mamie Jackson* (and here)
for the reasons that in the morning
between the hours of two and three
o'clock on said day deponent met
defendant on Third Avenue and
accompanied defendant to a hotel
at 7 Third Avenue where deponent
occupied a room with defendant
deponent then had said watch and
shortly thereafter deponent fell asleep
and when awakened said property
was missing and the defendant had
disappeared without notifying deponent
or without reason. Deponent is informed
by *Charles Witte* (now here) that he

0000

is connected with said hotel and
on said night saw the defendant
leave the hotel alone and he stopped
her and enquired for the man who
came with her and she replied that
"yes, all right". Said Witte told her to
wait until he would investigate
which he did and when he returned
the defendant had left.

Sworn to before me
this 4th December, 1892

Chas Ross.

Police Justice

0009

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, }

3 District Police Court.

Mamie Jackson being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge, and being informed that it is *her* right to make a statement in relation to the charge against *her*; that the statement is designed to enable *her* if she sees fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against *her*; that *he* is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that *h* waiver cannot be used against *her* on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Mamie Jackson*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *33 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *Ireland*

Question. Where do you live and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *63 Third Ave 2 months*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Laundress*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer. *I am not guilty*
Mamie Jackson

Taken before me this *4*
day of *December* 189*7*

Police Justice.

08 10

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

defendant
guilty thereof, I order that *he* be held to answer the same and *he* be admitted to bail in the sum of *100* Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until *he* give such bail.
Dated *Dec 4* 18*92* *[Signature]* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....18.....Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order *h* to be discharged.

Dated.....18.....Police Justice.

0011

Police Court---

3 District

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Charles Ross

vs. 219-1 Ave

Mamie Jackson

2

3

4

Dated

Dec 4

189

Hogan

Magistrate.

Merchant Mayor

Officer.

Witnesses

Charles Witte

14 Precinct.

No.

7 Thruway

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

\$

1000

to answer

Om

12

BAILED.

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street

08 12

505

Court of General Sessions of the Peace
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Mamie Jackson

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Mamie Jackson
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE, committed
as follows:

The said

Mamie Jackson

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *22nd*
day of *November* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*one watch of the value
of ninety dollars*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Charles Ross

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People
of the State of New York and their dignity.

*De Laurey Nicoll,
District Attorney*

08 13

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jacobs, Montgomery S.

DATE:

12/13/92



4607

Witnesses:

David A. Rusk

Off Michael of Peas

Civ Officer

Sept is a Penn
Baptist.

[Handwritten signature]

[Handwritten signature] Chamber
Counsel,
Filed 13 day of Dec 1892
Pleads *[Handwritten signature]* 74

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Forgery in the Second Degree.
[Sections 511 and 512, Penn Code.]

Montgomery Jacob

DE LANCEY NICOLI,
District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

[Handwritten signature] Delbert
Foreman.
Jury 20/93
[Handwritten signature]
Pleads Truly
3417 J. P. M.
Feb. 1893
A & S

08 15

1012

Police Court—2—District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.

Daniel D. Kemp.

of No. 1010 6th Avenue Street, aged 36 years.

occupation Superintendent Acker Merritt & Co. Ltd. being duly sworn,

deposes and says, that on the 5 day of December 1897 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession of deponent, in day time, the following property, viz:

Thirty five dollars
in gold and lawful money of the United
States to the amount and value of
Thirty five dollars.

\$ 35.

the property of Acker Merritt & Co. Ltd. and a
Reprints case.and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously ~~taken~~ ^{attempt}
was made ~~and carried away by~~ (Montgomery S. Jacobs to

him) under the following circumstances:

The defendant, on said date caused to
be presented to deponent to be cashed
on said date a bankers check, dated
Dec 5 1897, drawn on the Eastern National
Bank to the order of J. C. Patton, for
thirty five dollars, and signed by Henry
E. Hughes, said check is herewith annexed,
and with it was a note purporting to be
addressed to the said firm by Mrs. W.
W. Anstey, of 209 West 56th Street, a
customer of said firm, and requesting
the said firm to cash said check. Deponent
is informed by Policeman Michael J. Keefe
of Police Headquarters, that on saidof
1897
day

Police Justice

date, about the hour of 3 o'clock p.m. he saw the defendant in the doorway of No 209 West 56th Street; that he saw defendant hail a messenger boy named Robert Flanagan (now dead) and the defendant gave the said Flanagan a letter, and that he saw defendant send Flanagan on his way with a letter; that he, the said, Reef knew defendant to be of bad character and therefore arrested him and held him there in front of No 209 West 56th Street until said Flanagan returned. Meanwhile the said Flanagan had presented the aforesaid check and note to the deponent, and deponent suspected them to be fraudulent, and deponent declined to cash the said check. Thereafter deponent followed the said messenger boy Flanagan and saw him go back to the said 209 West 56th Street where Officer Reef held the defendant in custody. Deponent is informed by said Reef that he has made an investigation as a detective and that he has learned ^{from testimony of John H. Holland} that the said check is worthless; that there is no account in said bank in the name of Henry E. Hughes, and that the aforesaid note was not written by Mr. W. W. Austin. Deponent therefore charges defendant with an attempt at larceny of said thirty five dollars by means of said worthless check and fraudulent note, and with the intent to defraud deponent ^{physically}.

W. M. Austin
J. D. Keenan

WORN TO BEFORE ME
this 7 DAY OF December 1882

0817

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

John H. Holland
aged _____ years, occupation Detention of No. _____

One West quarter Street, being duly sworn, deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of James O'Keefe
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponent's own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this

day of

7
December 1890

John H. Holland
Police Justice.

08 18

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

aged 37 years, occupation Selection of No. Central Ave Street, being duly sworn, deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of _____
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponent's own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 7

day of June 1890

Michael J. Reap

John Ryan
Police Justice.

08 19

Sec. 198-200.

1882
District Police Court.

City and County of New York, ss:

Montgomery S. Jacobs being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to a charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him, if he see fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Montgomery S. Jacobs*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *28 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *U.S.*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *260 Bowery*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Shoeman*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer. *I am not guilty*
M. S. Jacobs.

Taken before me this

day of *October* 188*2*

John H. Munn
Police Justice.

0820

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

Montgomery S. Jacoby

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same, and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated, Dec 7 1897 John H. Ryan Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated, _____ 189 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named
guilty of the offense within mentioned, I order h to be discharged.

Dated, _____ 189 _____ Police Justice.

0821

Police Court---

7

District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Daniel D. Kemp
1010 5th Ave
Montgomery & Jacobs

2
3
4

1549
Attorney
Laven
Offense

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence Street.

No. 2, by

Residence Street.

No. 3, by

Residence Street.

No. 4, by

Residence Street.

Dated, *Dec 7* 189 *2*

Ryan Magistrate.

Rep & Holland Officer.

C.C. Precinct.

Witnesses *Call office*

Robert F. Lemay Street.

434 West 53

No. *Henry E. Hughes* Street.

Cashier Gallatin Bank

No. *36 Wall St* Street.

\$ *1000* to answer *G.I.S.*

Mrs Mrs. Mansfield

209 N. 56

0822

Acker, Merrill & Chiddister

ACKER, EDGAR & CO.
YONKERS, N.Y.

CHAMBERS ST

BROADWAY & 42ND STREET

57TH ST & 6TH AVENUE

36 AVENUE DE L'OPERA PARIS

Ch Ch:

How does this
Rest Attorney,

Dear Sir,

The case has been set down
for Monday
Can you get us
the time of
the speech and under
investigation

Very respectfully
Acker Merrill & Chiddister
It is Montgomery S. Jacobs on indictment

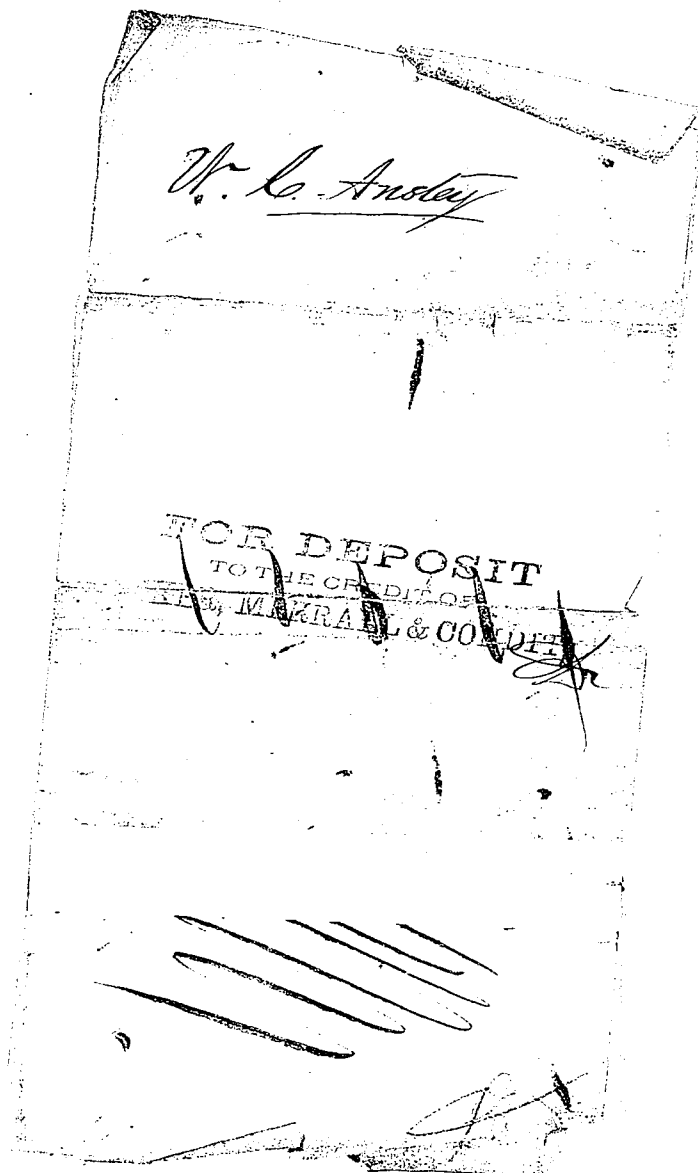
Case has been on twice -
we can put it on in Part 3 ~~Monday~~
will that suit?

0823

No. 467	New York	March 12 1890
THE Gallatin National Bank		
Pay to the order of W. C. Crispy.		
Twenty-five		25.00 Dollars
\$ 25.00	James D. Leary	

Arthur & Bonham, New York

0824



0025

478-
New York Dec 5 1892
THE Ballantine National Bank
Pay to the order of J. L. Patton
Thirty five 35.00 Dollars
\$ 35.00
Arthur & Bonnell, New York
Henry C. Hughes

0826

209 H. 56 St.

Dec. 5, 1894.

My dear Mr. & Mrs. M. & L. M. & L. M.

Gentlemen:

Please cash

The enclosed check for me as I am
a little short of ready money & it is
about to land for the Bank; enclosed
& sent by messenger & stage.

Yours &c.

Mrs. H. M. M. M.

To
My dear Mr. & Mrs. M. & L. M. & L. M.

Court of General Sessions of the Peace
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Montgomery S. Jacobs

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Montgomery S. Jacobs
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

Montgomery S. Jacobs

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *Fifth* day of *December* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, with intent to defraud, feloniously did forge a certain instrument and writing, which said forged instrument and writing is as follows, that is to say:

No. 478

New York Dec. 5 1892

The Gallatin National Bank
36 Wall St.

Pay to the order of J. C. Patton

— Thirty five — 35.00/100 Dollars

\$ 35.00/100

Henry E. Hughes

against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT.

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Montgomery S. Jacobs
of the CRIME OF FORGERY IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

Montgomery S. Jacobs

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with intent to defraud, did feloniously utter, dispose of and put off as true, a certain forged instrument and writing, which said forged instrument and writing is as follows, that is to say:

No. 478

New York Dec. 5 1892

The Gallatin National Bank
36 Wall St.

Pay to the order of J. C. Patton

— Thirty five — 35 ⁰⁰/₁₀₀ Dollars

\$35 ⁰⁰/₁₀₀

Henry, C. Hughes.

the said

Montgomery S. Jacobs

then and there well knowing the same to be forged, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

0829

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

James, Mary

DATE:

12/23/92



4607

0830

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Mahoney, James

DATE:

12/23/92



4607

Witnesses:

Joseph Carlo
Off Thomas Murphy

Counsel,

Filed 23

180

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

P

Henry James
and
James Mackin

Assault in the First Degree, Etc.
(Sections 217 and 218, Penal Code.)

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

Wm. O. Decker

Foreman.

177

Part 3. January 4/93-

W. J. T. Acquit

0031

0032

Police Court—3 District.

1981

City and County }
of New York, } ss.:

of No. 144 Cherry Joseph Carlo Street, aged 31 years,
 occupation Laborer being duly sworn,
 deposes and says, that on the 18 day of December 1892 at the City of New
 York, in the County of New York,

he was violently and feloniously ASSAULTED and BEATEN by

Mary James. (Proven) and James
Mahoney and John Doe. both

not yet arrested under the
 following circumstances that deponent
 was in his apartment in the said premises
 in company of the said Mary when the
 said Mahoney and Doe entered. That the
 said Mary James and said John Doe seized
 violent hold of deponent while the

said Mahoney cut and stabbed deponent
 in the head and back with a knife
 which he then and there held in his hands
 with the felonious intent to take the life of deponent, or to do him grievous bodily harm; and without
 any justification on the part of the said assailant.

Wherefore this deponent prays that the said assailant may be apprehended and bound to answer
 for the above assault, etc., and be dealt with according to law.

Sworn to before me, this 19 day
 of December 1892

Joseph Carlo
Mahoney
John Doe
 Police Justice.

0033

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK, ss:

3 District Police Court.

Mary James being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge, and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he sees fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Mary James.

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

20 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer

Italy

Question. Where do you live and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

53 Mulberry St

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Keep House

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer.

I am very guilty
G Mary James.

Taken before me this

day of

Police Justice.

0834

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Regenberry

fine guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same, and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated, Dec 19 1892 W. P. Keefe Police Justice.

I have have admitted the above-named _____
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated, _____ 189 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named _____
_____ guilty of the offense within mentioned, I order h to be discharged.

Dated, _____ 189 _____ Police Justice.

0035

Police Court,

District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Joseph Carlo
vs. Cherry
Mary Jones.

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

Dated,

Nov 19

18

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

\$ *5.00* to answer

Carroll

Court of General Sessions of the Peace
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Mary James and James Mahoney

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
Mary James and James Mahoney
of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Mary James and James Mahoney, both*
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *eleventh*
day of *December* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, with force and arms, at the City and County aforesaid, in and upon
the body of one *Joseph Carls* in the peace of the said People
then and there being, feloniously did make an assault and *beat* the said
Joseph Carls with a certain *knife*

which the said *Mary James and James Mahoney*
in *their* right hands then and there had and held, the same being a deadly and
dangerous weapon, then and there wilfully and feloniously did strike, beat, cut, stab and
wound,

with intent *to kill* the said *Joseph Carls*
thereby then and there feloniously and wilfully to kill, against the form of the statute in
such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and
their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said
Mary James and James Mahoney
of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Mary James and James Mahoney, both*
late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: On the day and in the year aforesaid,
at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon the body of the said
People then and there being, feloniously did wilfully and wrongfully make another assault,
and *beat* the said *Joseph Carls*
with a certain *knife*

which the said *Mary James and James Mahoney*
in *their* right hands then and there had and held, the same being a weapon and
an instrument likely to produce grievous bodily harm, then and there feloniously did wilfully
and wrongfully strike, beat, cut, stab and wound, against the form of the statute in such case
made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their
dignity.

THIRD COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Mary James and James Mahoney

of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

Mary James and James Mahoney

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: On the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon the said *Joseph Carlo* in the peace of the said People then and there being, feloniously did wilfully and wrongfully make another assault and *him* the said with a certain *knife* *Joseph Carlo*

which *they* the said *Mary James and James Mahoney* in *their* right hands then and there had and held, in and upon the *head and back of him* the said *Joseph Carlo* then and there feloniously did wilfully and wrongfully strike, beat, stab, cut ~~bruise~~ and wound, and did then and there and by the means aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and wrongfully inflict grievous bodily harm upon the said

Joseph Carlo
against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL, *District Attorney.*

0030

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Johnson, Mathew

DATE:

12/19/92



4607

Witnesses:

Off John B. P. hemhart
Capt O'Connor
Erwin A. Thomas
Frank Green
Off James Dwyer
Maud Rogers
H. Edward J. Donnelly

Counsel,

Filed

day of

1892

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Mathew Johnson

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

April 18, 1893

Tried and convicted
Murder in first degree.

A TRUE BILL.

24

St Herman Decker

April 24, 1893.

Foreman.
Sentenced to be executed during
week commencing June 12, 1893

Over and Termined

March 16 93

W

0039

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

0840

See J. Switzer
for 17/13
copy 17/13
copy 17/13

42827
H. SHWITZER,
103 West 31st Street,
Cor. 6th Avenue, NEW YORK.

1892
\$ Cts.
2794
0000 5-24
H
1121 Republic

Good for One Year Only.
Not accountable for Loss or Damage by Fire, Breakage,
Robbery or Theft.
Rates of Interest.
On sums of One Hundred Dollars, or under,
3 per cent. per month or any fraction thereof for first six
months, and 2 per cent. per month thereafter. On sums
over One Hundred Dollars, 2 per cent. per month
for first six months, and 1 per cent. per month thereafter.

51054
H. SHWITZER,
103 West 31st Street,
Cor. 6th Avenue, NEW YORK.

1892
\$ Cts.
1024 52
H
41

Good for One Year Only.
Not accountable for Loss or Damage by Fire, Breakage,
Robbery or Theft.
Rates of Interest.
On sums of One Hundred Dollars, or under,
3 per cent. per month or any fraction thereof for first six
months, and 2 per cent. per month thereafter. On sums
over One Hundred Dollars, 2 per cent. per month
for first six months, and 1 per cent. per month thereafter.

49341
H. SHWITZER,
103 West 31st Street,
Cor. 6th Avenue, NEW YORK.

1892
\$ Cts.
1024 324
H
J. J. J. J. J.

Good for One Year Only.
Not accountable for Loss or Damage by Fire, Breakage,
Robbery or Theft.
Rates of Interest.
On sums of One Hundred Dollars, or under,
3 per cent. per month or any fraction thereof for first six
months, and 2 per cent. per month thereafter. On sums
over One Hundred Dollars, 2 per cent. per month
for first six months, and 1 per cent. per month thereafter.

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

0841

The moment Deal reached the basement he saw a big spot of thick blood by this bench and a streak of blood leading from it to the furnace pit where there was another clot. Deal did not wait to investigate further. He rushed up stairs and by the girl who stood sixth avenue. Policeman Reinhart was at the corner. Deal was almost too excited to tell what he had seen, but he managed to impress on Reinhart that something had happened, and the policeman ran with him back to the building. Deal stopped long enough to the door to bid the girl that there had been an accident. He bade her go home, and said he would be up later. She went away. Reinhart went right down stairs. He searched around, but he could not find a drop of blood except what Deal had seen.

He then went up the different alleys between the racks. In one he found a bar of iron almost an inch thick with a two-inch nut on the end. The nut was stained with blood. In another he found two hand saws. The blades were blood-stained and on one was hair stuck with dried blood. In looking more closely at the floor about the bench Reinhart discovered two clean streaks. It was as if something had been dragged along the floor. They led up one of the alleys. He followed that alley to the end, and there he found Kuckelhorn's body. It was on its back. The face was cut and blood-stained. The hands were covered with blood, and the coat was drawn up at the neck, as if the murderer had seized the collar and dragged the body along by it. The spot where the body was was seventy-five feet from the bench.

Reinhart sent around to the thirtieth street station and Capt. O'Connor and two detectives made but to the murderer. The location of the blood about the engine made it appear that the Kuckelhorn had been standing in the pit banking fire in the second furnace when he was struck. He possibly had struggled out and had been hit again at the bench, though this the murderer removed the body, not plain. He must have known that it would be found at once. A coroner was sent for, body removed to Beaudry's undertaking shop, where he made an autopsy.

This examination showed what had been the fury of the murderer. Dr. Donlin found four or five superficial wounds or cuts on the head and face. They were small and sharp, and looked something like stab wounds. The skull was fractured in two places. There was a compound fracture of the top of the head, and the whole front of the head was crushed in. From the shape of these wounds it was judged that the weapon used was the bar of iron with the nut. The flesh was torn from side to side. Apparently the small amount of blood that had come from the wounds it was thought that they had been made after death, and it looked as if the murderer had turned the body over on the face and intended to cut the body up and put it in the furnace to be burned. He may have hoped to conceal his crime that way, but becoming terror-stricken, quit his work and then dragged the body down the alley.

There were numerous gashes and cuts on the hands and wrists. Some looked as if they had been received in an effort to ward off blows. Others might have been made with a saw in an effort to cut the members off after death. There were altogether no less than twenty-five wounds on the body.

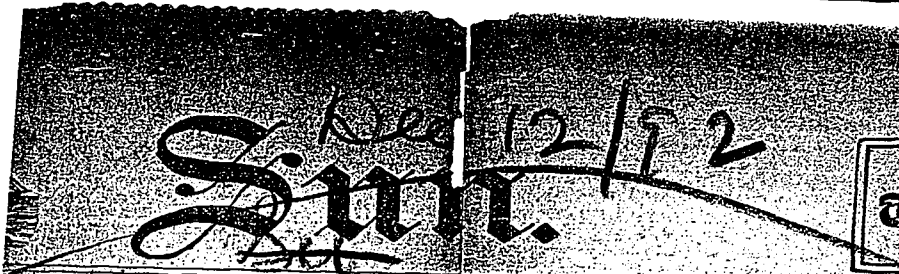
Capt. O'Connor set his men at work the moment he reached the building. There were but few things about the case that were plain. One was that the murder had been committed between 4 and 5 o'clock in the afternoon. Skully, who reported to Capt. O'Connor as soon as he heard of the finding of the body, said he was sure it was 4 o'clock, and it may have been a few minutes later when he talked with Kuckelhorn. The engineer would have left the building at 5 o'clock at the latest had he been alive.

Skully said he had remained in the neighborhood for some time after Kuckelhorn left him. He saw no one enter the building. The door through which the engineer went was the only one in the whole building which was open.

It was equipped with a spring lock and Skully says that the door slammed when Kuckelhorn went in. The slam would have locked it, and as all persons who had keys to the place were quickly accounted for by the detectives it seems plain that the murderer was in hiding while the policeman and the engineer were talking on the pavement.

The alleyways between the racks of lithographic stones are dark. There is gas in each but it is never lit after the work in the building is going on, for the place is a sort of storeroom and none of the stones that are used are kept there. A man might easily be covered unless his presence was known. He was searched for.

The saws and the iron with the nut on the end belonged to the building. The wall



THE SUN PRINTING AND PUBLISHING ASSOCIATION.

MURDERED AT HIS WORK

ENGINEER KUCKELHORN'S BODY
FOUND BADLY MANGLED.

He was to Have Left Wiley's Lithographing Establishment at Five O'clock on Saturday Afternoon—He Talked with Police-
man Skully at Four—Indications that the
Murderer had Planned to Cut Off His Vic-
tim's Head—The Engineer's Pockets Empty

Emil Kuckelhorn had been employed as engineer in Thomas Wiley's lithographing establishment at 132 and 134 West Twenty-fourth street for several years. He was sober and industrious and always attended to his business, and the firm considered him one of their very best men. He was murdered some time on Saturday afternoon. His skull was crushed by a blow from an iron bar with a heavy iron nut at the end of it. What the motive for the crime could be is a mystery.

Saturday is a half holiday for the employees in the lithographing place, with the exception of the engineer. Two buildings on either side of the factory are supplied with heat and steam power by Wiley's engines, and Kuckelhorn had to stay until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when the work in the other buildings was finished. The employees are paid at noon and go home. It was Kuckelhorn's custom to let the fire in one furnace die out early in the afternoon and to clean the furnace out and fill it up with wood, ready for starting early on Monday morning. He would begin to bank the fire in the other furnace shortly after 4 o'clock, and when 5 o'clock came he was ready to start for his home at 286 Willis avenue, near 130th street, which he would reach about 6 o'clock. Cleaning out the furnace was the dirty part of his work. When he had finished that he would dress up in his street clothing.

He did this on Saturday afternoon, and went upstairs and out in the street. Policeman Skully was standing in front of the building, and they talked together for fifteen or twenty minutes. Kuckelhorn went inside the building then, remarking that it was time to bank his other fire, and then he would go home. That was the last time he was seen alive. He had a friend, Louis Deal, who is an engineer in another building on the block. He had seen Deal in the morning, and had asked him to come to his house on Sunday to dinner. Deal was just leaving his house in Twenty-eighth street at 11 o'clock yesterday morning to go up town and keep the appointment when Kuckelhorn's eldest daughter met him and asked him if he had seen her father. He hadn't been home since yesterday morning, and mother's nearly crazy, she said.

Deal walked with her around to the lithographing establishment and pounded on the door. He got no response. It happened that when work stopped on Saturday there was one job uncompleted, and the foreman and three workmen had agreed to come around on Sunday afternoon and finish it.

The foreman arrived while Deal and Miss Kuckelhorn were standing there talking about what should be done. He asked what was the matter, and they told him. He opened the door and went up stairs, while Deal ran down into the engine room. The girl stayed at the door.

The engine room is the basement. There are no partitions in it. It is 100 feet long and about 75 feet deep. The engines are in the front near the sidewalk. Around them for ten feet is clear space. All the rest of the room is filled with racks on which are kept the heavy lithographic stones. The racks reach to the ceiling and run from the front to the rear of the building. They are about three feet apart.

Immediately in front of the engines is a little platform. The furnace doors are on a level with the platform, and the engineer when he has any fixing to do about the engines stands down in the pit. A narrow staircase leads from the platform to the front of the entrance of two racks is a work bench which is also used as a settee.

with which the murderer made the small cuts he may have taken away with him, though it is possible that he threw it under some one of the racks and it was overlooked in yesterday's search. Another search will be made for it to-day. Capt. O'Connor took the other weapon to the station with him.

The floor of the basement is of concrete. There were no blood tracks on it. The murderer must have been careful not to step in any of the blood. It is not likely, though, the Deputy Coroner says, that the numerous wounds in the body could have been made without blood on himself. No clothing was found in the building except the working clothes that Kuckelhorn took off when he left the building with his clothes blood stained. He must have waited until dark. He probably left by the door with the spring lock, for all the doors were closed and locked as they had been on Saturday night.

Capt. O'Connor said last night: "It is almost certain that we have a clue to the murderer, and I feel pretty sure that we will have him in custody shortly." What the clue was he would not say. The theory of the police is that the murder was committed by some person employed in the building who had a grudge against the engineer.

It is possible that robbery alone was the motive for the murder. At noon on Saturday Kuckelhorn received his wages for the week, something over \$25. He did not send the money home, and it is not likely that he spent any of it. Not a cent was found on the body. Kuckelhorn had six children. The eldest is a daughter 17 years old. When he left home on Saturday morning he told his wife to have dinner ready at 10 minutes past 6 o'clock at the latest for he wanted to go out a while early in the evening.

So far as his family know he had no enemies. He had never told his wife of any trouble with any of his fellow employees. Mr. Wiley said he had never heard of any trouble in the building in which the engineer was engaged. Kuckelhorn's body was removed to his home last night.

At 10 o'clock last night Capt. O'Connor asked the aid of the Central Office to help him catch the murderer. Men were detailed.

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

0842

back to the station house.

The mulatto is a West Indian. He was born in Nassau. He is of the copper-colored variety, and his hair is that of a typical African and black as jet. The fact that the clothes he wore were all new, even to the underclothes, only excepting the overcoat, is regarded as a proof that Johnson is the man guilty of the murder. It is said that the clothes he wore at the time had become saturated with blood and were destroyed.

On the other hand, the police say that besides a bloody cuff found in the man's room other bloody articles were found, and that there is sufficient evidence to convict.

This will all come out at the hearing tomorrow morning at the Jefferson Market court, when the whole story will be given out officially.

Johnson was formerly the colored porter in the establishment where Kuckelhorn worked. He was discharged last March, and laid the blame on the engineer.

The strongest evidence thus far against him is the fact that last April he hid himself away in a pile of boxes in the same basement where the murder occurred, evidently intending to waylay the engineer.

Another man has been mentioned as an enemy of Kuckelhorn. He is John Lannon, who formerly worked in the elevator. He is said to have threatened the murdered man. The question whether the hair clutched in the murdered man's hand is identical with Johnson's is a point on which conviction or acquittal is likely to hinge.

The detectives took Johnson back to the station house on a seventh avenue car. It was learned this morning that the tuft of hair which was found in Kuckelhorn's hand was so small that its color could be determined only by a microscopic examination. The examination will soon be made. The police are growing more confident that the negro now under arrest is the man who murdered the engineer.

A truck driver was found this morning who said that Kuckelhorn had had a fight with the elevator man, who formerly worked for the firm.

The elevator man's name, he said, was Joe Lannon. He is now a longshoreman and lives downtown.

Capt. O'Connor went down to Police Headquarters this morning to confer with Superintendent Byrnes.

The sensational feature of the day was the identification of the trousers found in Johnson's room. Edward Thomas, the son of the senior member of the firm for which Kuckelhorn worked, identified the pair.

He wore them on the Saturday on which the murder was committed. He had taken them off at 1 o'clock in the afternoon when he went home. They were of a blue serge pattern and there were spots of paint on them.

The identification is absolute, and shows that the negro was in the apartment at 1 o'clock on Saturday afternoon. The story he told the police is connected and circumstantiated from 6:30 o'clock Saturday afternoon, until the time of his arrest last night. This gave him plenty of time to enter the Twenty-fourth street establishment, secrete himself and kill the engineer.

On the other hand, the hair found in Kuckelhorn's hand is said to be of a light brown color. Young Mr. Thomas was one of the first to see the body, and he says so positively. Not only that, but the hair was straight. There was not a kink in it. The negro's hair is short, black and kinky.

Some of the persons in the shop to-day expressed the opinion that perhaps more than one man was concerned in the murder.

The man Lannon, who is said to live somewhere on Cherry Hill, has light hair. No person can be found who has seen him since the murder.

The funeral of Kuckelhorn occurred at 1 o'clock this afternoon at his home on Willis avenue. Representatives of each floor of the big lithographic establishment attended.

The cuffs and other blood-stained articles found in Johnson's room were this afternoon delivered to Dr. Cyrus Edson of the Board of Health for chemical analysis.

The negro who owned Kuckelhorn's watch gave him the watch yesterday morning. Two detectives made a thorough examination of the building on Twenty-fourth street this afternoon.

What appears to be a hat or a portion of clothing was discovered in the rear of the furniture store, in which there has been no fire since Saturday night.

The most important discovery was that of bloody finger marks on the third floor, where the lithographic work is done. The door on which they were found is the office on that floor, where Thomas's trousers were stored. The marks are very definite, showing the lines in the skin.

It is said that Capt. O'Connor will have one of the expert lithograph artists take an exact picture on gelatine paper showing these lines. This can be done with a steel point to a degree of perfect accuracy, so that they may be very important evidence to prove the identity of the murderer.

The employees of the lithographing firm made up a purse of \$110 this afternoon to relieve the immediate wants of the engineer's widow.

6 O'CLOCK

ALL THE LATEST

Sporting, Financial and General

See See

VOL. VI, NO. 331, 3/92

EXTRA

JOHNSON REMANDED

The Police Are Working Up Evidence Against the Negro.

IT POINTS TO HIS GUILT

The Trousers Found in Johnson's Room Identified.

Another chapter was added to-day in the story of the murder of Engineer Kuckelhorn, who was butchered in the basement of 134 West Twenty-fourth street, the lithographing establishment of the Thomas & Wiley Company, some time between 1:15 and 5 o'clock on Saturday night last.

Detectives Sullivan, Lang and Burns, of the West Thirtieth street station brought their prisoner to the Jefferson Market Police Court at 9 o'clock this morning. The man charged with the murder is a young copper-colored negro of the name of Matthew Johnson.

He was arrested by the detectives last night at 9 o'clock at Twenty-sixth street and Sixth avenue.

Detective Burns of the West Thirtieth street station said that Johnson was greatly excited when placed under arrest.

"I met Johnson on West Twenty-sixth street last night about 9:30 o'clock," said Detective Burns.

"He was walking east toward Sixth avenue at a rapid gait."

"I stopped him and told him he was under arrest. He trembled as he asked, with a shaking voice, 'What do you want with me?'"

"I replied, 'I want you for murder.' I had him by the arm when I said that."

"He jerked away from me and shouted: 'I didn't do it. I'll not go.'"

"He half turned, as if to run."

"I drew my revolver and caught him by the arm."

"I told him I'd blow his brains out if he tried to escape."

"I kept him covered with the revolver till I got him to the station house."

"He was trembling like a leaf when we arrived there."

When arraigned in court this morning at 10:12 o'clock he was dressed in the same new suit of clothes and Fedora hat which he wore when arrested. He was in irons.

He appeared entirely at his ease when taken into one of the small rooms at the south side of the court building.

He sat listlessly in his chair while the detectives guarded the prisoner like a rat in a trap.

When Johnson was taken before Police Justice Ryan the request was made that the man be remanded until to-morrow, by which time it is expected that important points in the chain of evidence will be cleared up. The request was granted and the prisoner was taken

JOHNSON MAY CONFESS

THE NEGRO BELIEVED BY THE POLICE TO BE WEAKENING.

Fresh Evidence Against Him Found by the Detectives - The Prisoner Again Remanded in Police Court To-Day.

Matthew Johnson, the negro who is supposed to have butchered Engineer Kuckelhorn on Saturday at H. A. Thomas & Wiley's lithographing establishment, on West 24th st., was again arraigned to-day at the Jefferson Market Police Court, and was again remanded by Justice Ryan until to-morrow, at the request of Capt. O'Connor.

The prisoner was brought to court to-day by Detectives Lang and Burns, to the former of whom he was handcuffed. He was kept waiting in the dock only a few minutes and he was not allowed to speak. His situation is beginning to tell on him. Instead of the innocent air which he has hitherto assumed, he was to-day very nervous and restless.

When he was led from the court room the spectator's benches, which had been well filled, were quickly emptied, and the crowd pushed and shoved in the effort to catch a glimpse of the prisoner's face.

When Johnson and the detectives had boarded a 6th ave. "L" train, bound for the 80th st. police station, a colored friend of the prisoner stepped up and spoke to him.

Johnson greeted the man, but when the officers forbade him to converse he exclaimed, sadly: "Well, good-bye; I may never see you again."

Negroes lined the sidewalk on 30th st., and watched Johnson as he walked, closely guarded, to the station.

One of the reasons why Capt. O'Connor asked for another delay in the Johnson case, it is said, is that the negro is showing many signs of weakening.

The police hope that he will soon make a confession.

The evidence against him is multiplying rapidly. In addition to the bundle of clothes found in his room, soiled with blood, Detective Sullivan to-day discovered in a Chinese laundry, at 7th ave. and 24th st., a shirt which Johnson had left there on Saturday night.

On the cuffs, according to the detectives, are unmistakable blood stains.

The trousers, which were found in the prisoner's room, Dr. Edson has examined, and found them to be really colored by blood. Early to-day Johnson was taken to Police Headquarters and photographed and weighed. His weight was 135 pounds.

Then he was crossexamined by Supt. Byrnes and Capt. O'Connor. During the conversation Johnson, who was very uneasy, said: "If anything happens to me, if I am hanged, I want my body sent to my father and mother, at Key West."

A colored man, James Saunders, who lives at 215 West 20th st., and who says he is a relative of Johnson's, declared that the latter was afflicted with consumption, and that he was weak-minded.

Johnson, those who know him say, is a religious fanatic, who has often remarked that he had a mission of blood to perform.

man who was on the ground floor of the building, and it is believed by those who know Kuckelhorn best—those who were aware of his great strength and activity—that only a powerful man could get the better of Kuckelhorn. If the engineer had an opportunity to face an assailant.

The wrench was found this morning on one of the racks holding lithographic stones, and but six feet away from the pit where Kuckelhorn received the blow which felled him was given at the corner's bench on the west side of the building, but half a dozen steps from the doors.

There is little doubt that the murderer is to be found in the body of his victim, and the pieces in the fire in order to destroy evidence of crime.

Only one blood stained saw was found on the racks. The other was found near the dead man's tool box.

The discovery made this morning of a pair of trousers had been stolen in the building, in addition to the robbery of the trousers belonged to Mr. Ed.

son of the senior member of the firm. They were in a closet on the third floor. It is advanced that the murderer had dragged the remains from the cellar to the rear, found that the trousers were stained with blood, when he went up stairs and procured the furnace in which the fire had been.

over this morning for traces of burns, but none was found there. It is possible also probable that the murderer had his own trousers in the fire, and his hair forms one of the important which the police are running down was found in one of the dead man's more, and dyed with blood, was found in the furnace.

O'Connor seized all such evidence as was discovered. For the present he does not say anything about the case, further to state that he never said he expected to find the murderer within twenty-four hours.

Superintendent Byrnes is personally at the case, and it is known that he knows more of the matter than he cares to say at present.

men have learned that shortly after the murder was committed the negro went about the neighborhood of the lithographic establishment.

and then in his possession some property which belonged to the engineer, his watch and other things. They have ascertained, but since the negro was discovered in the room where the engineer was at work, and days ago, Kuckelhorn feared an attack on his life.

negro had a piece of lead pipe in his hand at the time, and was hiding between bags, waiting for the engineer to pass. Kuckelhorn told his wife that he feared death at the hands of the negro.

It is all the evidence necessary to establish the fact that a desperate hand to hand fight occurred before the engineer was over. Even in death he had clutched in his right hand a bunch of hair and came from the head of his assailant. His hair is brown—a peculiar shade of dull brown, hard to describe. It was such a color as one of the lithographers employed in the room, expert in colors, by the way, not able to describe further than as

one clear that the attack was made Kuckelhorn was taking a last look at the then live engineer had on his hat at that time.

put out the fire in one of the two cases he had in his charge, as is his usual Saturday afternoon. All he has to do is to bank the fire in the other case. Then he went home, which was about 4:30.

man who saw him last alive was Fred Johnson, a lithographer, who said he saw Kuckelhorn in the immediate neighborhood of the room where the door of the establishment

The Sun

Dec 12 1892

AFTER THE MURDERER

A Negro Seen with Some of Kuckelhorn's Property in His Possession.

KILLED FOR REVENGE

Another Weapon and More Evidence Discovered.

The police are searching for two men who they think can throw light on the murder of Emil Kuckelhorn, engineer for the lithographic firm of Thomas & Wiley, at 132 and 134 West Twenty-fourth street. One is a negro, formerly a porter in the establishment who was discharged a little over a year ago. Whether he was discharged because of a com-



THE DEAD MAN.

plaint made by the engineer could not be remembered this morning by those who should know.

Whether or not that was the case, the employees of the firm say the negro always believed that the engineer was the cause of his dismissal. The other man is white and until a short time ago was employed on the elevator. It is said by those in the place that he had threatened the engineer for some cause or other.

The police do not attempt to hide the fact that they are looking most earnestly for the

murderer, which was the only one open at the time. The policeman Skully of Capt. O'Connor's command saw and talked with the engineer then. That was shortly after 4 o'clock—not more than an hour or two past the hour. When the policeman left him, Gilbert, who was on very friendly terms with Kuckelhorn, went over and spoke to him.

When the engineer left him it was just 4:13. Then Gilbert went across the street, and it was at a point where he could see all the entrances to the building, and he is willing to make an affidavit that no one entered or came out of the building between the time he left Kuckelhorn and 5:45 o'clock, which was the time he left his position on the other side of the street.

During that interval he tried the door through which the engineer had passed, and found it locked. That he did, because he thought he might be able to get in, if the engineer was there, and remove some empty hanging cases which were there.

The murdered man had on his overcoat when found. He had nothing in his hands, not even a shovel, when attacked. He was in the furnace pit, and he first seized a broom with which to defend himself. The imprint of his bloody hands are on the handle.

When first struck he was evidently dazed, and seized the rim of an ash can in the pit to steady himself. The marks of bloody fingers are on the inside of that just below the rim, and showing how he grasped it.

He made an effort to get his hammer, on a shelf near by, and it was there, or by the side of his tool chest close by, that he was killed. His watch, chain, money—everything of value he had about him, disappeared with the murderer. Whoever he is, he must have concealed himself in the building before any of the entrances were closed.

The scene of the murder is an extensive basement, which extends the entire length and breadth of the big building. The place where the fatal blow was struck was the coal pit, directly in front of the big furnace. Here was a big pool of blood. Another pool crimsoned the cement floor when the murdered man sprang out of the pit at his assailant. From here a trail of blood ran to the tool chest, a few feet distant, at the west wall of the building.

The tool chest was directly under the sidewalk and in line with the coal pit, which was a corner of the sidewalk.

The cement floor is here covered with a pool of blood larger than the one by the furnace. The murderer had evidently followed the man, and driven from the first attack, to the broom with which Kuckelhorn had defended himself.

When the dead man was apparently from the scene, a quantity of blood showed that very plainly.

The murderer was very deliberate. After he had completed his job, he calmly secured a cloth, and wrapped the body in the bloody sheet, and dragged the body to the rear of the basement, seventy-five feet away.

The trail was discovered by the marks of a dragging foot, that could be traced on the dust-covered floor. Hardly a drop of blood could be found along the track, the bloody head was so well and thoroughly wrapped up.

The murderer had evidently designed to cut up the body and burn it in the furnace. He had taken down two of Kuckelhorn's saws and began the work of dismemberment, in order that the remains might be more easily forced through the small door of the furnace.

Something had evidently started him as he worked directly under the sidewalk, and he had put up one bloody saw in the chest and, after dragging the body to a more secluded spot in the rear, had gone back with another saw to complete the job. Where there would be no chance of the awful sound of sawing human flesh being heard by passersby in the street above.

The only entrances to the basement, in which the murderer could either enter or make his exit were by an iron ladder to the sidewalk—its position was almost directly over where the body was found—and a stairway which led to the ground floor. Everything points to the fact that the man must have been concealed for some time before the murder.

The whole basement is a gloomy affair and badly lit up, and there could have been little trouble in hiding there in case no one was searching for one.

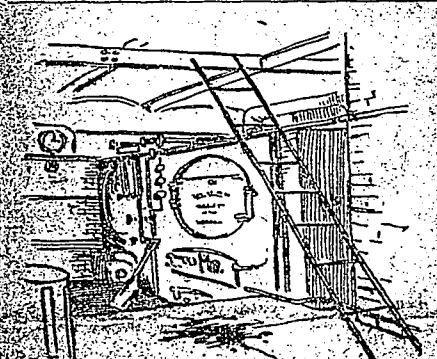
Long rows of racks on which are piled lithographic stones run the entire length of the building from end to end, and it would be an ideal place in which children might play and seek.

There is a big engine at the east wall and the centre of the building, and every one has the opportunity for any one to see him, and avoid observation with a view to Kuckelhorn was much liked by the men employed here. Every one was so badly affected that no one was doing any work in the establishment this morning.

Mr. H. A. Thomas said this morning that he was a splendid fellow, and hadn't a single enemy as far as he knew. He was born with the employees of the place. He had been recommended by George E. Baily of 17 East Eighteenth street, and was a member of the Royal Arcanum, from which his family will receive \$3,000.

At 8 o'clock this afternoon Capt. O'Connor forgot his reason long enough to say he had conclusive evidence that the former porter Johnson, committed the murder. The hair found in the hand of the murdered man, he said, was the same as that in the negro's hands. Detectives were still searching for him.

Since Saturday he has not been seen in his usual haunts, which were in West Twenty-seventh street. Capt. O'Connor does not believe that he has yet left the city. That means his capture can be a matter of only a few hours.



SCENE OF THE MURDER.

negro. Superintendent Byrnes this afternoon sent out the following:

Arrest for murder a West Indian negro known as Matt Johnson and also as Matthew Johnson. He is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, between 30 and 35 years of age, of slim build, weighs 140 or 150 pounds, has high cheek bones and sunken cheeks. He is a clean, copper-colored negro, with hair brushed back from his forehead; wears sometimes a silk hat and sometimes a Kossuth hat.

TESTIMONY.

E. J. Doului

M. D., being duly sworn, says:

I have made

Post Mortem examination of the body of
Emil Kachelhorn

now lying dead at

130 West 3rd Street and from such

autopsy

and history of the case, as per testimony, I am of opinion the cause of

death is

Shock from fracture of skull
and hemorrhage from multiple wounds of
head.

Inspection: An incised wound on back
of left wrist about 2 inches long
An incised wound about 3 inches in
length extending upwards on forehead
from outer edge of left eyebrow.

M. D.

A ragged and contused wound about 2
inches in length extending from auditory
canal to the cheek. A semicircular wound
about left angle of mouth. A deep wound
of lower jaw, starting about an inch to the
right of median line and extending 3 inches
to the left of same, exposing the bone and
showing fracture of the bone. an inch to left
of the median line

Besides these wounds there are about seven
or eight smaller wounds of the face scalp
and back of neck. On opening the skull
I found a fracture of frontal bone starting at left
orbit through the base of skull and fracturing
both temporal bones of both sides. The fracture
of the left temporal was compound.

Both hemispheres of cerebellum cerebrum are
congested. Heart, lungs, kidneys & liver
are anemic but otherwise normal

E. J. Doului

Sworn to before me,

this

11th

day of December 1895

John B. Shea CORONER.

0845

MEMORANDA.

AGE			PLACE OF NATIVITY	WHERE FOUND	Date When Reported
Years	Months	Days			
40			New York	130 W 24 th St	Dec 11 1892

0846

J. B. S.

Howe side 1587
No. 805
4th Quar. 1892

AN INQUISITION

On the **VIEW** of the **BODY** of

Emil Kukulhorn

*whereby it is found that he came to
his death by wounds in-
flicted by some
person unknown*

*Inquest taken on the 28 day
of December 1892 before*

JOHN B. SHEA, Coroner.

✓ *805*

0047

STATE OF NEW YORK,

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

AN INQUISITION

Taken at the *Coroners Office*
No. 27 Chambers Street, in the *6th* Ward of the City of
 New York, in the County of New York, this *28th* day of *December*
 in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two before

JOHN B. SHEA, Coroner,

of the City and County aforesaid, on view of the body of *Emil Kuckelkorn*
 now lying dead at

Nine good and lawful men of the State of New York, duly chosen and
 sworn, or affirmed, and charged to inquire, on behalf of said people, how and in what manner
 the said *Emil Kuckelkorn* came to his death, do upon
 their Oaths and Affirmations, say: That the said *Emil Kuckelkorn*
 came to his death by on *December 11th*
1892, at *No. 134 West 24th Street*, from wounds inflicted
 with some blunt instrument in the hands of some
 person unknown to this Jury

In Witness Whereof, We, the said Jurors, as well as the CORONER, have to this Inquisi-
 tion set our hands and seals, on the day and place aforesaid.

JURORS.

Henry Strick 132 - 1 Ave
Brund W. Berger 152 E. 108th Street
William Groth 133 First Ave
Julius Horner 409 E 88th
Balthasar Han 664 E 142nd
Charles T. Busted 22 E 115th
Joseph Weiss 136 E 29th St
R. H. Lee 31 Attorney St
Fred. J. J. J. 116 1st Ave
 Coroner. J. S.
John B. Shea

B. 241, 2 c.

Coroners Office New York County.

Inquest into the death

- of -

EMIL KUCKELKORN.

)
:
)
:
) B e f o r e ,
) HON. JOHN B. SHEA,
:
) and a Jury.
)

New York, December 28th, 1892.

APPEARANCES: Mr. Osborne, appears for the District
Attorney.

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CAPTAIN RICHARD O'CONNOR, duly sworn:

I am a police Captain in the City of New York, 19th
precinct; that is the precinct in which this murder took
place.

By the Coroner:-

Q Will you kindly state to the jury what your investiga-
tion showed in regard to it? A At 11.30 December 11th,
on a Sunday, an officer came in the station about 11.30 and
reported a man was in a pool of blood at No. 134 West 24th
Street, in the lithographing establishment of Thomas and
Wylie. I went down with the officer and took a look at the
body and saw it was a murder, and stayed there pretty much
with the detectives all that Sunday investigating the case;

0049

It wound up by making an arrest of a colored man named Matt Johnson who has since been indicted by the Grand Jury.

-----000-----

VERDICT: WE FIND that EMIL KUCKELKORN came to his death on December 11th, 1892, at No. 134 West 24th Street from wounds inflicted with some blunt instrument in the hands of some person unknown to this Jury.

-----000-----

MAUD ROGERS, 101 West 52nd Street
239 West 61st St.

Matthew Johnson called on me Sunday night, Dec. 11, 1892, after eleven o'clock. He told me that some one had told him that the detectives were after him; he said he didn't know ~~what~~ for. I went down and saw him in the hall; he was not in the flat. He said he had gone to Jersey to see a man about work ^{man was there} and that was the reason he couldn't give a good account of himself.

On the Wednesday previous, Dec. 7, before 8 A.M. he got Two dollars from me; he said he wanted to pay his rent; he said nothing of any money due him only what he could make by day's work in the future; he said he would give the money back to me.

I saw him in W. 25th St. on Friday Dec. 9 but had no conversation about money.

CAPTAIN RICHARD O'CONNER, 19th Precinct.

I went to Thomas & Whyllies, 133 West 24th Street about 11.30 A.M. Sunday Dec. 11, 1892. I saw the body of Emil Kukelhorn in the cellar, rear part, face up (at place shown in diagram) with his feet crossed lying in a pool of blood. I put the place in charge of Officer Reinhart and told him to remain there until he was relieved. I remained there about twenty minutes and immediately started an investigation. I ordered a search made of the clothing of the deceased by Officer Reinhart. He found nothing in his pockets.

Matthew Johnson was arrested about 9.30 P.M. Monday Dec. 12 1892. He was brought in my room immediately. He was stripped and searched in my room. He had four dollars and twenty cents; Three dollars in bills and the balance in change; a few small keys, an English penny or half penny. He was somewhat excited. He had an evening paper in his hand and said he saw by the paper that he was charged with killing a man in 24th Street. He said he was innocent and that he did not know anything about it. I asked him where he was on Saturday December 9th. He said he was in Jersey; said he was up on the heights somewhere; met a boy; did not know the boy. He said he went to see a man, but he didn't know the man's name; he said he wanted to get work. He then made a detailed statement of his movements from 6.30 or 7.30 P.M. on Saturday Dec. 11 1892 until the time of his arrest. When asked about ^{8³⁰ P.M.} ~~the blood~~ ^{about the blood} on December 13th he said he

about the blood on the pants,
 didn't wear cuffs on Saturday; that he was in the habit
 of going in a butcher shop on Seventh Avenue near 24th
 Street; that they fooled with him sometimes and got ~~the~~
 blood on his ~~trousers~~ ^{about 12³⁰ P. M. on Dec. 13} pants. When asked where he last worked he
 said for Mr. Bird, about two weeks ago. Said he had
 \$30.00 about three weeks ago and that he had not spent it
 He said that he got the black pants in 58th Street near
 That they were the pants he took to the tailor to get cleaned
 a hotel. That he worked up ^{town} stairs at \$10.00 a week for
 3 weeks; that he didn't murder any one and that he didn't
 know anything about Kuckelhorn's watch.

At Police Headquarters in presence of Sup't
 Byrnes Johnson said "I know I'll be hanged
 and I only want you to send my body to Key
 West to my mother"

Conversation between Captain O'Conner and Matthew Johnson
in Captain's room at 8.50 P.M. Dec. 13th 1892.

Q. Where did you get the blood that was on the cuffs found in
your room on 24th Street?

A. Well, the shirt I had on Saturday was a colored shirt with
sort of black stripes.

Q. That's not what I asked you. Where did you get the blood that
was on your cuffs?

A. I didn't wear any cuffs on Saturday. (here shown a pair of brown
striped pants)

Q. Aint these the pants you wore on Saturday and where did this
blood come from?

A. I wore a black pair of pants.

Q. Your landlady, who you paid the 50cts. to says these are the
pants you wore when you came to her room.

A. I had on a black pair of pants.

Q. Where did the blood come from?

A. Where did I get the blood? Well, I go into a butcher shop
on Seventh Avenue near 24th Street and of course they play with
me and it got on my pants. They have a stick and they push me
up against the beef. I go into Westhormans ^{beinman} butcher shop, they
generally plays with me.

Q. Does the blood spurt from the beef?

A I don't know. They push me up against the beef. I wore the
black pants Saturday night.

Conversation between Capt. O'Connor and Matthew Johnson,
in Captain's Room, Dec. 13th 1892; 12.30 P.M. Detectives Lang and
Doran being present:

BY THE CAPTAIN:

Q. Where--when did you last work?

A. Where did I last work? I'll tell you. (hesitating) Well I'm
stuttering--I don't want to lie. I've done days work for Mr.
Bird about two weeks ago; for Mr. Bird down town, whitewashing.

(here shown paper)

Q. What is this paper? How long have you had that paper?

A. I can't read. I don't know how long I have had that paper.

Q. What is it a receipt for?

A. I can't read, I don't know.

(detective Lang reads paper)

Q. What is that receipt for?

A. It is for whitewash.

Q. Do you know a Dr. Meadre, 304 E. 120th Street?

A. Yes sir, I go there for medicine.

Q. When was you there last?

A. I was there two weeks ago. I got some medicine from him.

Q. What medicine did he give you?

A. I don't know. I take it three times a day after meals a
teaspoonful.

Q. (shown medicine label) Is this the medicine label?

A. I don't know. I can't read.

Q. How long have you been going to the doctor?

A. I've been going there nine months.

Q. Where did you get the money you had Saturday afternoon?

A. I got money for my work from Mr. Bird.

(2)

Q. How much did Mr. Bird pay you?

A. I got a days wages two weeks ago from him \$1.50

Q. Did you have money before Saturday?

A. I had \$30.00 about three weeks ago; I saved it, I never spend my money; I never spend money.

Q. (Here shown a pair of pants) Where did you get those pants, take them to the light and look at them?

A. I got them up town in 58th Street, near a hotel there. I got them up in 58th Street.

Q. Are those the pants that you took to the tailors on Saturday night to have cleaned and pressed and which you also asked "Sawyer" to put on Sunday?

A. Yes sir.

Q. You know where they came from?

A. I got them up town; I worked there three weeks for \$10. a week

Q. Don't you know that those are the pants belonging to Mr. Thomas and which you stole on Saturday?

A. I got those pants up town.

Q. What money did you have Saturday night?

A. I had \$24. I saved it; I don't spend my money.

Q. You know that money belonged to the man you murdered down in the cellar in Mr. Thomas' place.

A. I had it for some time. I saved it. I haven't murdered no one; I did not kill any man. I got those pants up town.

Q. Now I want you to tell me the truth. I want to know where the watch is that you took from Kuckelhorn?

A. I haven't killed anyone. I don't know anything about the watch.

0056

DR. CYRUS EDSON, 54 West 9th St.
Sanitary Superintendent

I received a pair of shoes, three cuffs, a pair of trousers and a towel. I found on the shoes blood, though it had been wiped off and soaked into the blacking. I do not consider the cuffs of any value as there are no indications of blood corpuscles on the cuffs. The trousers have blood spots upon them apparent to the naked eye and proved upon examination to correspond to the corpuscles of human blood, so also with the towel. I have made a specialty of the study of blood for about ten years. From the ease with which the solution was made from the stain I consider that the spots were of recent origin.

0057

DEPUTY CORONER DONLIN

Deputy Coroner got there between five and five thirty
Sunday afternoon and testifies that the wound that the
deceased ^{did} from was a fracture of the skull.

HENRY WESTHEIMER, 267 Seventh Avenue.

I work for Abraham Westheimer, butcher, at the above number. I have known the defendant for two or three years; he was in the habit of coming in the store very often and we were in the habit of fooling with him. There are four men working in the store. The last time I saw him at the store was on Friday December 9th 1892 at about 6.30 P.M. He came in and wanted to borrow ten cents to go up town to look for a job (I was alone at the time) and he offered me a pawn ticket saying that I could have that as security. I did not lend it to him and he went right out. He did not speak to any one ~~else~~ else in the store. I have never seen him since. I have no recollection of seeing him that week at all. We were ~~in the habit of fooling with him when he came in the store; sometimes taking the stick we use for poultry; we use no stick for Beef at all. The stick would seldom if ever have blood on it.~~ in the habit of fooling with him when he came in the store; sometimes taking the stick we use for poultry; we use no stick for Beef at all. The stick would seldom if ever have blood on it.

0059

ALBERT WEISS, 251 Seventh Avenue

I keep the butcher shop on Seventh Avenue on the East side between 24th and 25th Street. I saw Johnson frequently but did not know his name. I never saw him in my place at any time.

Thomas Doherty works for me and says he never saw Johnson in the place.

HUBERT MORGAN, 40 East 66th Street.

I reside at No. 40 E. 66th St. I am employed at Thomas & Wyles. I am a black artist worker on stone. I was called down Monday and made the drawings; a ground plan of the cellar, the blood spots on the floor; the position of the body was given me by Detective Sullivan, who showed me the position of the bolts etc. I took all the measurements myself. I had helped my father with similar work. It was work that I would be expected to ~~be~~ competent to do at any time.

I studied with my father for two years from 1887 to 1889. I also took a special course in architectural drawing at the Riverview Military Academy at Poughkeepsie New York. I have been employed by Thomas & Wylie for the past two years; having finished my apprenticeship in September 1892.

LOUIS DEEHL: I live 222 East 27th Street. I work for Cartman & Son, 124 West 24th Street, next to Thomas & Wiley. A little girl came to me about ten o'clock Sunday morning; she asked for KuckelKorn. I got over to Thomas & Wiley's about fifteen after ten. I tried to get in but could not. I went into my place and through the fire escape in No. 130. I had a talk with the artists. I went into the engine room and saw blood over the floor and the work bench. I went over first with the artists, Mr. Bricling and Mr. Plosuger. We all went up one flight; I went and got my lantern and came back. I went around the corner and got an officer and the officer and I went down stairs and finally found the body lying upon its back in the rear of the building with blood over it and its head crushed and throat cut.

0062

OFFICER JOHN REINHART, 19th Precinct.

I was called by Diehl at about eleven A.M. on Sunday Dec. 11. I went down stairs in Thomas & Whylies with Diehl and Brieling. I searched and found the body; it was lying in the rear part of the cellar; it was lying face up with the feet crossed in a pool of blood which extended from a little above his waist to his head. I saw no bloody instrument there at that time. I did not look. I went directly to the Station House and Captain O'Conner came down with me. The body was then exactly in the same position as when I first saw it; the head toward the north and the feet towards the south. I saw two wounds; one on the neck and one on the face.

0063

X
FREDERICK GILBERT, Jr.
186 12th St. B'klyn.
134 West 34th St. N. Y. City

I am a garman for Thomas & Whyllie. I saw Emil Kuckelhorn at 4.13 P.M. on Saturday Dec. 10, 1892, standing in the main door of No. 130 West 24th Street; he was alone; he was in his shirt sleeves; said he was all through he said he would be up in a few minutes (I knew he would have to go down stairs for his coat and overcoat) I never saw him again.

*I saw Johnson on Friday afternoon about
five o'clock*

AUGUST CARL^{son} I live at No. 413 West 30th St. I am
 employed by Thomas & Wiley. On or about the summer of
 1891 I heard a talk between Johnson and Kucklehorn; it
 was in the morning. I heard Kuckelhonn say you are
 robbing the firm. Johnson said it was not so; he was
 only taking a few lithograph papers. Johnson was discharg-
 ed in November 1891. ^{14 On Saturday} About a week after his discharge
 I found him about fifteen minutes to nine in the morning
 lying hid away ^{behind the bags of} ~~among some~~ waste paper. He said he came
 to see who had his position. He had his lunch. I found
 a bag of a half a dozen crullers and something to eat.
 Some time in June 1891, Johnson and the deceased had a
 quarrell in which the deceased threatened to break the
 defendant's head and the defendant said "I will get
 square with you some time."

On Monday after the murder I found the
 wrench and hammer.

J. E. Hager, 343 West 7th St. Superintendent and
~~General Manager~~ for Thomas & Wylie. Has known
 Johnson nearly four years. He was employed as
 porter until November 14, 1891.

Previous to his discharge I was standing in
 the office near the bookkeeper and Johnson struck
 his head in the window and said "If Emil or
 anyone in this place gets me discharged I
 will kill him. I'll kill him, I don't care if
 I hang for it or not, I'll kill him. Any man
 take my bread and butter out of my mouth I'll
 kill him."

After his discharge I did not see him
 around the factory until one day in the latter
 part of November or early in December when I
 passed him in the street and he was dressed
 up and seemed to avoid me.

0866

DETECTIVE CORNELIUS SULLIVAN 19th Precinct:

I reached Thomas & Wileys at 12M. Sunday Dec. 11.

I saw the body as it lay on the ground. We lit the gas. Officer Reinhart was there. I found an iron bolt on the rack about 3 feet from the body; it was covered with blood. I found a large saw covered with blood and hair. On the work bench about 63 feet from the body, I found a smaller saw covered with blood and put back into its place. ^{Scrap of finger marks on door on 3rd floor} I found a towel on the 4th floor with blood marks on it. There was blood on the wash basin on the 4th floor. I saw the body; could see the marks of the saw on the back of the neck they were close to the hair.

On Monday night about ten P.M. I forced open the door of Johnson's room at 24th Street and 7th Avenue on the first floor. I found two pair of pants and blood on the striped pair. The other was identified by Mr. Edwin A. Thomas. I found a pair of cuffs; blood on one of them. I gave them to Captian O'Conner.

I brought saw & bolt to Station House
abt 12 & then returned with Sully &
~~continued~~ exd some of the employees.
Johnson's name was first mentioned by
Carlson about 5¹⁵. Then Capt sent us
to Powers 6th Ave & 30th. We found Powers
brought him to Station House at 5⁵⁰

0060

EDWIN A. THOMAS, 433 Hancock St. Brooklyn N.Y.

+ 130 West 74th St NYC
I work for Thomas & Whyllie. I identified a pair

of trousers shown me by Captain O'Conner at the Station House. I left them in my studio at half past twelve Saturday Dec. 10. I wore them Saturday ~~xxxx~~ morning when I was working. The Studio was never locked. I hung them on hooks in my father's room on the 4th floor. No one else in the employ should have been in the room that day except the man that swept out.

Gr.
3 Stonepines
?

MICHAEL BRIENING

I am the foreman for Thomas & Whyllie. I saw the engineer at 2.45 P.M. on Saturday Dec. 10. I left him at the front door. I snapped the latch and found it that way Sunday morning. There were four or five men working on the top floor on Saturday when I left. (Some of them say they saw him shining his shoes before they went out before 4 o'clock) I came on Sunday at 8.45 A.M. and found the door as I had left it. The pad lock was not ~~usually found padlock on,~~ on. I could not find any one in the building; I called for the engineer but could get no answer. ~~Would let no one look for the body; sent for a Policeman.~~

After Dihe came in, he went down stairs with Pleschnig and then I went down & saw the blood around the furnace and sent for an officer -

Edward F. Pleschinger - artist for Thomas & Wylie
let Diehl in from fire escape and went
down stairs with him & saw the blood around
the furnace. Breiding then came down and
we sent out for officers -

There are only three sets of Keys -
Inquirer had one, Breiding another and
Pleschinger the third.

0071

Frank Coster - Cashier. Inquiries was paid off
about 12⁴⁵ in envelope - Amount 25⁷² of which
4⁷² was for overwork - Was paid in two ten dollar
bills, one five dollar bill & balance ⁷²⁴ in silver

MARTHA GRAHAM, 165 West 24th St. Corner of 9th Ave, room
 Rented room to Johnson since Nov. 23, 1892. I saw

Johnson Friday Dec. 9, 1892. I saw him Saturday morn-

ing, Dec. 11th. He asked me Friday night to wake him up
 when my husband went out, which was about five o'clock

Saturday morning ~~which I did~~. He told me he was going
 to Jersey. I saw him again between five and six Sat-

urday afternoon. He asked me to please put some water
 on as he wanted to take a bath. At 9.30 Sunday morning

I gave him the water. He gave me a fifty cent piece
~~Saturday evening. He came into the house Saturday night.~~

He went out Sunday night between six and seven o'clock
 and has not since returned. He was in the house off and
 on all day Sunday. He had a ^{blue} key and could come in
 and out when he wanted without waking me. Some time in
 the week, about Wednesday or Thursday, he paid me \$1.50

Saturday first came in alone & threw 15c
 on table for drinks & went out - He then asked
 if Sawyer had been there & he told him to wait
 Second time he came in alone & shortly
 afterward Fryman came in & stayed a
 short time & went out together -
 While they were out Sawyer came, I
 delivered the message - Sawyer waited
 until Johnson came

②

What time

What time
 Sawyer
 Fryman
 Johnson

X
 PHILLIP J. SAWYER, 324 W. 21st St.

*Johnson Johnson. Simon
 Carl Johnson*

I am a ~~waiter~~. Johnson and I were together Friday evening between eight and nine o'clock. He had on the pants which were afterwards shown me by Captain O'Conner. The next time I saw Johnson ~~at his room~~ ^{on Seventh Street} Saturday evening between 7.45 and eight P.M. His landlady told me that Johnson had left word for me to wait for him which I did and he came in. He wanted me to have something to eat and pulled out a ten and a one dollar bill. I told him I had not eaten since twelve o'clock. I said Johnson you have that money; I have a gold watch in pawn for six dollars. You get that watch out of pawn and I will let you wear it until I am able to pay you the six dollars. I went and got the ticket and he gave me a ten dollar bill and I got the watch and gave it to him. I told him not to sell it for less than \$25 or \$30. We then went and ^{Pawnbroker on 6th Ave No 443 or 445} ate something. He bought a hat. ^{To restaurant on 27th} On the way back to his room he said I have a pair of pants that will just suit you (He had just said that we would go up town tomorrow evening) ^{I said I did not want to wear my pants} We got back to his room and I looked at the pants. He said he was going over to a tailors to have them pressed and he went out with the pants and returned without them. I have seen them pants since at the Station House. When he came back I said I am going around to 26th Street to see Dorcas Sweeting. He said I am going with you and we went there and she was not home. After a while she came in ^{about 9:30 or 10} and we stayed there until eleven o'clock P.M. From there we went to

0074

coming out

~~Resting for dinner~~

+ didn't wake up
until 6 o'clock

We met Bird ^{on Jessop} went into Saloon & had a drink
Birds Laundry. We passed the night in a house in the
rear of No. 119 West 25th Street. ^{I fell asleep in chair} He and I left the
and about 2 o'clock I woke up & ^{and he proposed that I go to his house} and he proposed that I go to his house

which I did and went to bed together. I slept until
eleven o'clock and when I woke up he was taking a bath.

He went out to the tailors and brought in the pants and
I saw paint on the pants and I said I wouldn't wear them.

^{We had breakfast} Then he went out but before going I told him that I would
be back at 1.30 I came back at two o'clock and he was
not there so I laid on his bed and slept until about
3 o'clock when Johnson woke me up and we had dinner.

There came a rap on the door and he got up and said excuse
me and went out saying we will meet at No. 113 West 25th
Street, Mrs. Perkins. ^{at 7 o'clock} I left the house at dusk and went

around to Mrs. Perkins and left his key there and
word for him. ^{that I would be back at 7} I returned to No. 113 and stayed there

until about nine o'clock when Seay came in and inquired
whether any one had been looking for Johnson. Seay said
is Sawyer here and I said I am the one. Seay said

Johnson sent me to inquire if any one was looking for
him and said that he would be down at ten o'clock. ^{I waited until about 11 o'clock then} returned Johnson's key to his landlady at 11 Sunday night

and went home and went to bed. On Monday morning about 8 ³⁰
he came down to my house and said he was in trouble. I
asked him what was the matter and he said he didn't know.

I said if you don't know, who does? I said have you got
any money and he said No. I said all that I can do is
to get back my watch and I will put it in pawn and get

at 7 o'clock

at 7 o'clock

*Dorcas wanted him
to go to a Mr. Johnson
about some
business -
His place is in
Burlington Ship*

the money and give it to you. I got the watch and put
it in hock and gave Six dollars to Johnson. He said go
around and tell Dorcas when she is ready to go ^{down} ~~up~~ town
to go to Mrs. Seay's house; go around to Byrd's and see
if anybody has been ^{looking} ~~working~~ for him and go around to my
room and get a pair of socks and ~~take~~ a pair of shoes
~~as those he had on last his feet~~
and take them up to Seay's house. I told him it would
^{We took 8:00 am Cars & he got off on 4th Street}
be some time before I could do it. I delivered the

message to Dorcas about 9.40 and then I went to Byrds. I
~~on way I met Mr. Seay & asked him to take these shoes. He~~
~~then got the shoes with Seay and delivered them to Seay. I~~
recognize the shoes as belonging to Johnson. I have seen
him wearing them. I saw Johnson Monday evening between
8 and 8.30 at Seays house. I asked Johnson if what I
read in the papers was so and he said he was innocent. I
heard Seay advise him to give himself up. I have never
had any talk with Johnson since.

*Friday ^{during day} ~~night~~ 10 told him ~~you~~ I was worried
about being out of work & he said nothing
about his expecting to get work.*

*Tuesday or Wednesday. He said he was out
of money -*

AMBROSE SEAY;

I reside at No. 242 West 47th St. I have been working. I know the defendant Matthew Johnson and have known him about seven years. I saw him Sunday about 7.30 or eight o'clock. He came to my house. He was there before me. I said "hello Johnson; he said fir st rate.

I said I guess I will have something to eat. Johnson said I will walk down to the corner while you are eating. When he came back I was through eating. Then I lit my pipe and went into the front room and Johnson drew his chair near me and said "I want you to be my right hand man" and I said "I will do so Johnson ^{provided} it does not throw me out of my way". He said ^{then I shot} ~~it would be an injury to you.~~ I said all right I will do so and gave him my right hand and he said "Now I am all right, I want you to do me a favor; go to No. 113 West 25th Street and see whether Mr. Sawyer has been there" (I did so and met Sawyer) and ask Mr. Sawyer if ^{any one had been to his room & see if he had the key to his room & then go to} ~~he had the key to Johnson's room.~~ Sawyer said he did and handed it to me. He told me at the same time that after I saw Sawyer to go

around and see Mr. Bird and find out whether any body had been there looking for him. I did not see Mr. Bird. I went down & saw Sawyer. Sawyer said he would be at my house at ten o'clock if he could. I told Johnson that and that I had not found Bird and he said "I will stay here and see whether Sawyer comes". He staid until 11.15 Sunday night. He then said I will go now.

On Monday morning about 8.30 Johnson returned and

*What the
I saw him Sunday about 7.30 or eight o'clock. He came to my house. He was there before me. I said "hello Johnson; he said fir st rate. I said I guess I will have something to eat. Johnson said I will walk down to the corner while you are eating. When he came back I was through eating. Then I lit my pipe and went into the front room and Johnson drew his chair near me and said "I want you to be my right hand man" and I said "I will do so Johnson provided it does not throw me out of my way". He said then I shot it would be an injury to you. I said all right I will do so and gave him my right hand and he said "Now I am all right, I want you to do me a favor; go to No. 113 West 25th Street and see whether Mr. Sawyer has been there" (I did so and met Sawyer) and ask Mr. Sawyer if any one had been to his room & see if he had the key to his room & then go to Johnson's room. Sawyer said he did and handed it to me. He told me at the same time that after I saw Sawyer to go around and see Mr. Bird and find out whether any body had been there looking for him. I did not see Mr. Bird. I went down & saw Sawyer. Sawyer said he would be at my house at ten o'clock if he could. I told Johnson that and that I had not found Bird and he said "I will stay here and see whether Sawyer comes". He staid until 11.15 Sunday night. He then said I will go now. On Monday morning about 8.30 Johnson returned and*

0077

X

bidding me the time of day said "What are you drinking
 this morning? I said I will drink whiskey. He said
 bring me up some gin; he gave me a ^{half dollar} ~~quarter~~. He said I
 want something to eat. You go out and get it and let
 your wife cook it. I did so. He said now I want you to
 go down ^{town as quick as you can} ~~to 25th Street~~ and see Mr. Bird and see whether
 any one has been there looking for me yet. I did so and
 when I arrived at Bird's I saw him and he says to me have
 you see Johnson? I said that's my errand here now; to
 see whether anyone has been looking for him. He said the
 detectives have been here and are after him as ^{hot} ~~hard~~ as
 hell. I said to Mr. Bird, what has he done? Bird says
 I don't know. While I was talking to Bird I walked
 Sullivan. I went back to Johnson. I ~~met Sawyer~~ ^{Before}
 going back to Johnson, I met Sawyer who asked me if I
 would take Johnson a pair of shoes as he wanted to go
 down town. I said "Yes I will take them up for you"
 Mr. Sawyer and I went to Johnson's room and got the
 shoes and three pair of socks. I wrapped them up and
 took them to Johnson and said to Johnson "This is the
 parcel that Sawyer gave me. He said, "You met Sawyer, did
 you? I said Yes. I said Johnson I am going down ^{town} ~~to~~ He
 said Well I am going pretty soon myself. I put on my
 coat and hat and went down town. When I returned to my
 house about 5.30 Monday afternoon I met my wife and she
 handed me a ~~paper~~ containing an account of the murder of
 Kuckelhorn and I took it and read it to Johnson. I said

0078

X

"Johnson they have got you for murdering him whether you did it or not, go down to the Station House and give yourself up and if you didn't do it go down to the Station House and get satisfaction, because you have got to get out of my house" Johnson said "I don't know anything about the murder" I said "They have you down here for it" He said "I will go and do as you say" I said "well I will have some supper before you go down, you might just as well sit here and eat". In the meantime Sawyer had come in and we all sat at the table and ate. Afterwards Sawyer left and I repeated my advise to Johnson and he left about 7.30 I gave the shoes which I got in Johnson's room to the doorman at the Station House.

Andrew Serrano -

GEORGE BIBB:

C.N.

I live at No. 127 West 25th Street New York. Johnson was at my house almost daily; he was in the habit of working for me but he had not worked for me for some ~~time~~ *not since September* time. I did not owe him any money. I did not know of any work that he did that week; he spoke of getting a job down town. I paid him One and two dollars a day some times. I saw him on Saturday night, Dec. 10, at my house. I went with him to Kostans at 125 West 25th Street about ~~9 or 10 P.M.~~ *10 or 11 P.M.* to have a drink. ~~He then had about~~ *He then had about* \$2.50. I think it was Sawyer was with us. He was in my house about ten or fifteen minutes; he didn't say where he got the money; he didn't say anything about the ~~XXXXXXXXXX~~ detectives.

We all went into 119 West 25th Street to see Dr. Jessop and his family and had a game of cards there. We staid there until three or four o'clock in the morning. We were playing seven up for ten cents a game. The others *besides Johnson* playing were Fad Irving (lives in 60th Street) and Jim (Lives in W. 26th Street) *Sawyer went to sleep* He and Sawyer left *five or six* about ~~four~~ o'clock in the morning. I saw him again about twelve or one oclock Sunday Dec. 11. Never saw him since. Merely said "Hello Pop" at my house in West 25th Street.

0000

DAVID H. LEWIS

I reside at No. 127 West 25th Street with George Bird. I was at the house of Mr. Murray No. 251 Seventh Avenue and had a talk with Johnson. He came into the house about five P.M. He called me into the hall and said I want to speak to you. I said What do you want He said wont you do me a favor and I said what is it. He said I want you to go to my room over Lynch's liquor store and get ^{Wash Sawyer to send me} my overcoat for the detectives are after me. I asked Mr. Murray to come out and told him what Johnson wanted me to do and in consequence of what Murray told me I went in and told Johnson that I could not find anybody. Johnson said I just left Sawyer down at my room.

*maybe it have
been later*

0001

GEORGE C. MURRAY:

I live at No. 251 Seventh Avenue. Johnson called
at my house ~~Monday~~ ^{Sunday} December 11th 1892 at five or six P.M.
He called Lewis out. ~~and~~ ^{him} had a talk with ~~Lewis~~. ^{Then Lewis spoke to me} I then
went to my room and saw Johnson. I said to Johnson, are
the detectives after you and he said yes and I said what
have you been doing. He said nothing. I said what
are you running for. He said I am not running only I
don't want to go there. I said go on and get your own
coat and let that man alone. I am a brass and metal
polisher and have been at work for five years.

0002

Since Byrd 127 W. 25th St. I have known
 Johnson about 10 years a ~~friend~~ ~~friend~~ ~~friend~~ ~~friend~~
 On Sunday about 10 o'clock I came
 to John's house & saw Capt. & Mary Johnson -
 Johnson said "I came around at 2 o'clock
 & told him about what was going on
 but the Board had sent him out." I said I
 did not know where he was - I knew
 all right he is my father in law I never
 knew anyone was looking for him until
 about 10 o'clock ~~Monday~~ ~~Monday~~ ~~Monday~~ ~~Monday~~
 Sunday afternoon when Lang & Sullivan came
 to see Mr. Byrd & I overheard the conversation
 after they left I went around to where
 Johnson lived & knocked on door. Johnson
 came out in hall and I said there were
 2 men looking for him. I thought they
 were detectives - He said nothing but
 turned away quickly.

0003

Louis Kewitsky - 163 W. W. St.

En.

Johnson brought in pair of pants Sunday
night abt 8³⁰ & said he wanted them
pressed - I pressed them & he came back
for them Sunday abt 11 o'clock & paid
40 cents. He wanted to sell me a
watch for \$30.

0004

Samuel Schwartzman - wife D. Lawrence 103 W. 31st
 about 6th 1912 Johnson came & took
 out of house some clothes

Oct 20	Paid	2.25	3.50
Mar 16	Cost	5.25	6.75
Nov 29	Cost	52	60
			10.5

Given him coat ~~which~~ ^{which} he paid me and I
 gave him the change. When I returned to the
 business & came back he told he took out pants
~~which~~



0005

Baron Swickard 221 W. 61st with Mrs. Rolfs.

In Dec. I was spending some weeks with Mrs.

Beck 126 W. 26th. I first met Johnson about 8 yrs
ago & had not seen him since until

Saturday night when he called on me with
Swickard who had promised

to call to see me with his brother.
I did not get home until 8³⁰ & they stayed until
about 9 or 10 past 9.

A large digital display, similar to a calculator or electronic counter, showing the number 0005. The digits are white on a black background.

Ross

In Nov 9th I had charge of transferring
spinning. One morning engineer came up
to me on top floor & ~~said~~ ^{said} to me he
thought must ~~stop~~ ^{stop} engine ~~was~~ ^{was} ~~under~~ ^{under}
paper bags. ~~I said that was nonsense~~ ^{I said that was nonsense}
He asked me to come down I did so
& called Matt if you did then come
right out - No response, Engineer took
a long iron rod into gas pipe & moved
to top of bag & poked rod down in web
bags & he came out looking paler
than usual - I asked him what he
was doing - He had nothing to say and
I took him to office & held him until Mr
Lyrahann came -

0007

District Attorney's Office
City & County of
New York.

People
v
Johnson

Paym Tickets
to the Xhibit

00000

Peopce
Johnson

Deceased was engineer for Thomas & Wylie 130 W. 24
+ dept had been for the time since Nov. 1891 when
he was discharged for negligence.

Officer Sullivan
officer Sullivan
Sullivan

On Saturday Dec. 10, 1892 deceased was seen by
Fred E. Abbott Jr. (truckman) at 4¹³ P.M. standing in
main door in his shirt sleeves - He did not return
home that night + Sunday morning abt 10 o'clock
his daughter came to Louis Biehl who works at
124 W. 24th St + he went with her to Thomas &
Wylie's place + could not get in but finally got into
No. 130 through fire escapes + then went into the
engine room with Reinhart + Pleunger + saw blood
+ Biehl came down in 10 mins
on floor + work bench - Then got officer Reinhart
abt 11 A.M. + found body. Officer Reinhart
went to Station house + Capt O'Connor came back
with him abt 11³⁰ + off Reinhart was left in charge -

Detective Sullivan found Carlson + saws abt 12 noon
Carlson found wrench + hammer
Reinhart, foreman, arrived Sunday morning abt 8⁴⁵
+ found door all night (no lock) + called for
engineer but got no answer.

Detective Burns started to look for Johnson abt 5³⁰
Sunday afternoon + arrested him at cor 29th St +
6th Ave Monday night abt 9³⁰ P.M. + took him to
Station house -

other blood

On 4th floor a bloody towel was found + also blood on
wash basin - and it was also discovered that a

name of glass

pair of trousers belonging to E.A. Thomas, which had been worn by him on Saturday morning + hung on a hook in his father's room on 4th floor abt 12³⁰ o'clock.

~~The trousers~~ had been stolen

No detections started looking for Johnson until 5³⁰ Monday night abt 10 o'clock in Johnson's room in 2nd St. we found the stolen trousers + also a pair of striped trousers with blood on them + a pair of ~~suits~~ with blood on ~~them~~.

The striped trousers had been worn by Johnson on Friday night + seen by Sawyer ~~and on Saturday morning~~ and seen by Mrs. Graham ~~on Saturday night~~ abt 8 o'clock he showed the stolen trousers to Sawyer.

Johnson at Deceased had been paid off at 12 by cashier on Saturday + had received 2 ten dollar bills + 1 \$5 bill + no money was found on his body.

Johnson showed Sawyer a \$10 bill Saturday night. Johnson asked Sawyer Sunday morning to get him some socks + a pair of shoes + to take them to Ecary ~~where he lived~~. These shoes have blood on them. When left was arrested he said he was in Jersey on Saturday.

On Wednesday, Dec. 7th Johnson borrowed \$2 from Maud Rogers + although he came back again on Friday did not offer to return it + also tried to borrow 10¢ on pawn tickets from Richard Westheimer on Friday night. On Friday night bet. 8 + 9 o'clock Johnson was with Sawyer + had on the striped pants + that night asked his land lady Martha Graham to wake him Saturday.

Pamphlet

Shoes worn

See Sawyer all money

3/

morning which she did ^{about 6 o'clock} ~~between 5 & 6 o'clock~~ ~~about~~

He returned ^{between} ~~about~~ 5 & 6 o'clock on Saturday afternoon
 asked her to give him some water to take a bath
 He then ~~gave her 50 cents~~ ^{gave her 50 cents}
 at 9³⁰ Sunday morning she gave him the water

Johnson at 10¹⁵

At 6 o'clock Saturday he went to pawnbrokers

Between 7⁴⁵ & 8 Saturday evening Sawyer was waiting
 at Mrs. Graham's for Johnson & he ~~showed~~ ^{showed} in and
 invited S. to have something to eat, showing a 10 +
 1 bill & ^{gave 10 to Sawyer to take out} ~~gave 10 to Sawyer~~ watch which he did
 & gave watch to Johnson. Then they went out &

had something to eat & Johnson bought a hat 75¢
 & when they returned to room offered Sawyer a pair of
 pants & took them out to tailors to have pressed -
 They were the stolen pants. Then they went to

Oscar Sweeting in 26th St. & stayed there until
 11 o'clock & then went to Regis Laundry & with

Went to Kootenay 125 W. 25th St. for a drink. Then to
 119 W. 25th to Dr. Joseph & stayed there ^{until 3 or 4} ~~until 3 or 4~~
 o'clock in morning & then returned to his house 165 W.

much
 penny cents

2nd St. & when Sawyer woke about 11 Johnson was
 taking a bath. Johnson went out & got the
 pants & Sawyer refused to wear them because they
 had paint on them. Sawyer promised to be back
 at 1³⁰ but did not return until 2 & then went

to sleep & was awakened by Johnson about 3. Then
 was a rap on the door & Johnson went out agreeing
 to meet Sawyer at 113 W. 25th. About 5 o'clock

Johnson

Johnson went to 251 Seventh Ave (Murray) &
 said the detectives were after him and asked

4)

Lewis to go to his room + get Wash Sawyer to send his overcoat. Johnson went to Seays at 242 N. 47th St. about 7³⁰ or 8 o'clock Sunday evening + asked him to go to 113 N. 25th St. + get Key from Sawyer which he had + also asked him to go to Birds + find out if anyone ^{had been} looking for him.

Johnson went to Mabel Rogers? Sawyer said he would come up about 10 o'clock. Johnson waited until 11th Sunday night.

Monday morning he asked Sawyer to get a pair of socks + pair of shoes ^{from his room} - Sawyer met Seng who had been sent down by Johnson to inquire at Birds whether anyone had been looking for him, + they got the shoes + socks + took them up to Johnson - who ~~did not then~~ ^{did not then} wear them.

On Monday ^{he was} at Seays all day.

Johnson when at? said he got pants for someone in 58th + saw he got blood at butcher's -

~~" he was at Seays after him by Sam~~
~~Slyman, who was confronted with him~~
~~denied it + he then said nothing~~

Had not been to Seays for 2 mrs before

" " " " woman in 29th St for several years

The keys of front door (yale lock + pad lock) were kept
by Engineer + Baichung ^{Saw} + Pleschinger

Johnson was discharged Nov 14. 91. -

a. 11 8³⁰ - 83
a minute before found by Carlsons on a Saturday about 11th
behind tag's pitbay of crullers of Mr. Ross was there at
time + I left Johnson with Engineer ^{Mr.} Ross, ~~who~~
+ then went up stairs + he was brought up to office
Mr. Ingraham asked him what he was doing +
he said to see darky who had taken his place.
~~The colored man was Sam Boy.~~

He also saw Johnson ^{about there} on day afternoon at 5 P.M.

Mosier - thought engineer was cause of discharge

Threms made just before his discharge

0093

(455)

Court of General Sessions of the Peace
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
against

Matthew Johnson

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment accuse *Matthew Johnson* —

of the crime of *Murder in the 2nd degree*, —

committed as follows:

The said *Matthew Johnson*, —

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
— *twelfth* — day of *December*, in the year of our Lord one thousand
eight hundred and ninety-*two*, — at the City and County aforesaid,
in and upon one *Erin K. Kellam*, then
and there being, wilfully, feloniously and
of his malice aforethought, did make
an assault, and with the said *Erin*
Kellam, with a certain instrument and
weapon to the said *Erin Kellam* unknown,
which he the said *Matthew Johnson* then
and there held in his hand, in and upon
the head of him the said *Erin Kellam*,
then and there wilfully, feloniously and
of his malice aforethought, did strike, beat,

wounds and fractures, giving into him the said Eric Tudellson, then and there, with the instrument and weapon aforesaid, in and upon the head of him the said Eric Tudellson, two mortal wounds and fractures, each of the length of six inches, of the breadth of four inches, and of the depth of two inches, of which said mortal wounds and fractures he the said Eric Tudellson then and there died.

And as the Grand Jury aforesaid do say, that the said Mathew Johnson, him the said Eric Tudellson, in manner and form, and by the means aforesaid, unlawfully feloniously and of his malice aforethought, did kill and murder; against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

De Lancey Hill,

District Attorney.

0895

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jones, James H.

DATE:

12/19/92



4607

Witnesses:

J. P. Hamilton

Counsel,

Filed, *19* day of *Dec* 189*2*

Pleads, *May 21*

THE PEOPLE

vs.

B

James H. Jones

Transferred to the Court of Sessions for trial on final disposition

Part 5. *May 8/93* 189*3*

VIOLATION OF THE EXCISE LAW.
Selling, etc., on Sunday.
[Chap. 401, Laws of 1892, § 32.]

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

St. Lawrence O'Brien

Foreman.

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
against

James H. Jones

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
James H. Jones
of the CRIME OF SELLING STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINES, ALE AND
BEER ON SUNDAY, committed as follows:

The said

James H. Jones

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
day of *November* *13* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, the same being Sunday, certain strong
and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, to wit: One gill of wine, one gill of brandy, one gill
of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial, one gill of bitters, one gill of ale,
one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer, and one gill of a certain strong and spirituous
liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, unlawfully did sell, ~~to one~~

~~and~~ to certain other persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, against
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of
New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

James H. Jones

of the CRIME OF OFFERING AND EXPOSING FOR SALE ON SUNDAY STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS,
WINES, ALE AND BEER, committed as follows:

The said

James H. Jones

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to-wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, the
same being Sunday, certain strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, to wit: One gill of
wine, one gill of brandy, one gill of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial, one
gill of bitters, one gill of ale, one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer, and one gill of
a certain strong and spirituous liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, unlawfully did offer and
expose for sale to one

and to certain other persons whose names are *Jeremiah J. Hamilton* to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, against the
form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State
of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

0098

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jones, Patrick

DATE:

12/22/92



4607

Witnesses:

Off John Walsh

Counsel,

Filed, *22nd* day of *Dec* 189*2*

Pleds, *Wm. L. Lundy* 1893

THE PEOPLE

vs.

B

Partnered for

May 23 93

VIOLATION OF THE EXCISE LAW.
Selling, etc., on Sunday.
[Chap. 401, Laws of 1892, § 32.]

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

Herman Delus

Foreman.

0900

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

2987

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK
against

Patrick Jones

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
of the CRIME OF SELLING STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINES, ALE AND
BEER ON SUNDAY, committed as follows:

The said

Patrick Jones

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *twenty-fifth*
day of *September* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, the same being Sunday, certain strong
and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, to wit: One gill of wine, one gill of brandy, one gill
of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial, one gill of bitters, one gill of ale,
one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer, and one gill of a certain strong and spiritu-
ous liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, unlawfully did sell, ~~to one~~

~~and~~ to certain other persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, against
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of
New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said
of the CRIME OF OFFERING AND EXPOSING FOR SALE ON SUNDAY STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS,
WINES, ALE AND BEER, committed as follows:

The said

Patrick Jones

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to-wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, the
same being Sunday, certain strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, to wit: One gill of
wine, one gill of brandy, one gill of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial, one
gill of bitters, one gill of ale, one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer, and one gill of
a certain strong and spirituous liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, unlawfully did offer and
expose for sale to one

and to certain other persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, against the
form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State
of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,

District Attorney.

0901

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jordan, William

DATE:

12/21/92



4607

0902

Witnesses:

Daniel R. Kennedy

Before court of C. C.
RBM
L

273

Counsel,

Filed 21st day Dec 1892

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

William Jordan

33
317
Boring

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
District Attorney.

Grand Larceny, second Degree.
[Sections 538, 539, Penal Code.]

A TRUE BILL.

St. James District
George Foreman.
Plead Guilty
Ben Dyer
RBM
L

0903

Police Court Third District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss:
of New York,

Daniel R. Kennedy

of No. 64 E 10th

Street, aged 42 years,

occupation Auctioneer

being duly sworn,

deposes and says, that on the 14 day of December 1897 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

Good and lawful money of the
amount and value of Sixty
three dollars ^{and} fifty cents

\$63 50

the property of

Deponent

and that this deponent

has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away by William Gourdon

(man servant) Deponent says that said defendant was in his employ and by virtue of such employment received the aforesaid sum of money to deposit at the Astor Place Bank in Astor Place in said City.

Deponent says that said defendant did not deposit said money at aforesaid and he said defendant charged said defendant with unlawfully appropriating the aforesaid sum of money to his own use with intent to deprive the true owner of the same.

Daniel R. Kennedy

Sworn to before me this 14th day of December 1897
of New York
Notary Justice.

0904

Sec. 198-200.

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss:

William Jordan

being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge, and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he sees fit, to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him; that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

William Jordan

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

33 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

This City.

Question. Where do you live and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

317 Bowry

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Labret

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation.

Answer.

I am not guilty
William Jordan

Taken before me this 18th day of 1890
[Signature]
Police Justice

0905

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Defendant

ten ~~guilty thereof~~ order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of ten Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated Dec 15 1897 Wm. H. Caffrey Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named _____
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named _____
_____ guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

0908

Police Court--- 3

1578 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Dan R Kennedy
vs.
William Jordan

2

3

4

Offence

Sam

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street

Dated

Dec 15

1892

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

\$

1000

to answer

G S

Committed

9 x 22
G S
Kendall

Court of General Sessions of the Peace
OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

William Jordan

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

William Jordan
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE, committed
as follows:

The said

William Jordan

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *14th*
day of *December* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*the sum of sixty-three dollars
and fifty cents in money,
lawful money of the United States
of America, and of the value
of sixty-three dollars and
fifty cents*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Daniel R. Kennedy*

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against
the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People
of the State of New York and their dignity.

Second COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further
accuse the said *William Jordan*
of the same CRIME OF *Grand LARCENY, in the*
second degree, committed as follows:

The said *William Jordan*,
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *14th*
day of *December* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety-*two*, at the City and County aforesaid, being then and there the *clerk*
and servant of *one, Daniel R. Kennedy*

and as such *clerk and servant* then and there having in *his* possession,
custody and control certain goods, chattels and personal property of the said

Daniel R. Kennedy
the true owner thereof, to wit: *the sum of sixty-*
three dollars and fifty cents
in money, lawful money of the
United States of America, and of
the value of sixty-three dollars
and fifty cents,

did afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with
force and arms, feloniously appropriate the said *sum of money*

to *his* own use, with intent to deprive and defraud the said *Daniel R. Kennedy*
of the same, and of the use and benefit thereof; and the same goods, chattels and personal property
of the said *Daniel R. Kennedy*

did then and there and thereby feloniously steal, against the form of the statute in such case made
and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
District Attorney.

0909

BOX:

505

FOLDER:

4607

DESCRIPTION:

Jorgensen, Oliff

DATE:

12/21/92



4607

Witnesses:

Off David Eugene

Counsel,

Filed, *21st Dec* 1892

Pleads, *Ministry Jany 43*

THE PEOPLE

vs.

B

Olaf Jorgensen

I hereby consent and desire that
this case against me be sent to
Court of Special Sessions for trial
and final disposition.

Dated *April 21 1893*

VIOLATION OF THE EXCISE LAW.
(Illegal Sales Without License.)
[Chap. 401, Laws of 1892, § 81.]

DE LANCEY NICOLL

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL.

Wm. H. ...

Foreman.

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2006

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Cliff Jorgensen

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Cliff Jorgensen

of the CRIME OF SELLING STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINE, ALE AND BEER, IN QUANTITIES LESS THAN FIVE GALLONS AT A TIME, WITHOUT HAVING A LICENSE THEREFOR, committed as follows:

The said

Cliff Jorgensen

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the - *30th* - day of *November* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety-*two* - , at the City and County aforesaid, certain strong and spirituous liquors, and certain wine, ale and beer, to wit: one gill of wine, one gill of brandy, one gill of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial, one gill of bitters, one gill of ale, one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer, and one gill of a certain strong and spirituous liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, unlawfully did sell, in quantities less than five gallons at a time, to

certain *other* persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, without having a license granted to him in pursuance of any law of this State permitting him to sell either strong or spirituous liquors, wines, ale or beer, contrary to the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace and dignity of the People of the State of New York.

DE LANCEY NICOLL,
District Attorney.