

0000

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Comlan, James

DATE:

08/20/90



3758

Witnesses;

~~James~~

Arrested for
affair on his
brother

Sept her Prob
More less & his
Ch. Lady & M

227.

Counsel,

Filed

20

day of

Aug 18 90

Pleads,

At Entry 21

THE PEOPLE

21-1-0-28

James Comlan

James Comlan

Grand Larceny (From the Person.)
Degree. [Sections 528, 530 — Penal Code].

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

James Comlan

Forfeited.

Part II Aug 26/90

Please attempt 9. L. 22-000-

24/1/6. Mrs. Comlan

Aug 29. 1890

0009

00 10

Police Court—2 District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.

of No. 454 Seventh Avenue Street, aged 13 years,
occupation School Boy being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 13th day of August 1891 at the City of New
York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
and person of the deponent, in the year time, the following property, viz:

Good and lawful money of the United
States consisting of one bill of
the denomination and value of
Two dollars

the property of Harris Elman in deponent's
care and charge

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by James Barker (number)

Deponent says that about the 9 P.M.
on said date he went in store
north west corner of 7th Avenue &
35th Street and asked Bartender
to change said bill and he said
Bartender replied that he did not
have it. That said deponent who
was in said store asked the
waiter change and he replied
"Yes" - That deponent asked him
to come along and ~~he~~ ^{he} ~~took~~ ^{took} him in
another store and took said money
from his hand and ran away
Seymour Bernstein.

Sworn to before me, this
day of Aug 1891

J. P. McNeill Police Justice.

0011

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

2
District Police Court.

James Combs being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is h right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against h; that the statement is designed to
enable h if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against h
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that h waiver cannot be used
against h on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

James Combs

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

23 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

N. S.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

583 1 - Ave

2 yrs

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Driver

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty
James Combs

Taken before me this

day of

Aug

1891

Police Justice.

00 12

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Ten Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated Aug 15 1890 W. McFadden Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named _____
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named _____
_____ guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order h to be discharged.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

0013

Police Court---

2

1258 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Herman Bernstein
454 78 7 Ave
James Connors

1

2

3

4

Offence

Larceny

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street

Dated

Aug 15

1897.

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

\$

1000

to answer



G. S.
Person

0014

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,
against

James Comlan

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
James Comlan
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY in the *first* degree committed as follows:

The said

James Comlan

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *thirteenth*
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety, in the *night* time of the said day, at the City and County
aforesaid, with force and arms,

one promissory note for the payment of money, of the kind commonly called United
States Treasury Notes, of the denomination and value of *five* dollar *5*; *one*
promissory note for the payment of money of the kind commonly called Bank Notes, of the de-
nomination and value of *five* dollar *5*; *one* United States Gold Certificate,
of the denomination and value of *five* dollar *5*; *one* United States
Silver Certificate, of the denomination and value of *five* dollar *5*;

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Harris Elterman*
on the person of the said *one, Hyman Bernstein*
then and there being found, from the person of the said *Hyman Bernstein*
then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such
case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their
dignity.

John R. Fellows,
District Attorney.

00 15

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Connelly, James J.

DATE:

08/22/90



3758

0016

266.

Mr Jackson says
his Ch. for integrity
which was him was good
which he described as
a very good
G. H. H. H.

Counsel,
Filed 22 day of Aug 1890
Pleads,

THE PEOPLE
vs.
James J. Connolly
Grand Larceny, Second Degree.
[Sections 528, 531 Penal Code]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,
District Attorney.

A True Bill.
James J. Connolly

Foreman.
Aug 25, 1890
Pleads vs. J. J. Connolly
24th J. J. Connolly
Aug 24/90

and for

Andrew Jackson
express

42nd - 44th (Grand Central)

New York.
Amherst
= for

Henry
Frank Cameron
the home of
I Packard & Co.
one in Guernsey
Concerning in all 1890
Pr.

0017

Police Court

District

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,

John H. Paul

of No. 12 Park Place Street, aged years,

occupation Express Manager being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 8 day of August 1888 at the City of New

York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

One package
of money containing forty seven dollars
and five cents (\$47.05)

the property of

The Westcott Express Co., and
an carriers, and then in deponent's
care as manager

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect and does suspect that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by James J. Connelly, now

here under the following circumstances.
The deponent was a driver in the
employ of the Westcott Express
Company, and on said date the
said property was placed in the
possession of the deponent by Charles
J. Prissell, now here, an deponent
is informed by said Prissell, and
the said money was done up in
a package and directed to Frank
Stiles, at 12 Park, and it was the
duty of the deponent to deliver
the said property to the said Stiles
on August 8, and deponent is
informed by the said Stiles

Sworn to before me this day

1888

Police Justice.

0018

that the defendant did not
deliver the said money as it was
his duty to do, and that defendant
has not since delivered said money
but has left the service of the said
company and defendant charges
that defendant has feloniously
appropriated said money to his
own use.

Sworn to before me this 20 day

of August 1890

John H. Paul

John Korman
Police Justice

00 19

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Charles J. Russell

aged *26* years, occupation *Express* of No.

785 Broadway

Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of *John H. Paine*

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this *20*

day of *August* 188*8*

Chas. J. Russell

John J. Horner
Police Justice.

0020

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Frank Stiles

aged 30 years, occupation Educator of No.

12 Park Place Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of John H. Dams

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 20

day of August 1887

Frank Stiles

Police Justice.

0021

Sec. 193-200.

9 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

James J. Connolly being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

James J. Connolly

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

28 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

N.Y.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

145 East 87th St - 3 weeks

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Specimen man

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

I am guilty

James J. Connolly

Taken before me this

day of

August 1888

20

Alfred J. ...
Police Justice.

0022

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

James M. Connolly
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of *Seven* Hundred Dollars,.....and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated *August 20* 18*90* *John J. [Signature]* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....18..... Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order h to be discharged.

Dated.....18..... Police Justice.

0023

Police Court

1275 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,

ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John H. Paul
12 Park Place
James J. Connolly

2

3

4

Offence

Dated

Aug 20

188

Magistrate.

John J. McCarthy

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

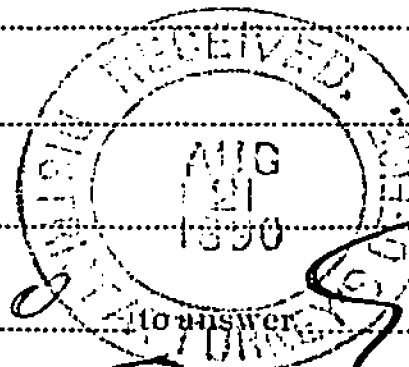
Street.

No.

Street.

No.

400
Camp



0024

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE, OF THE CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

James F. Connelly

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, by
this indictment, accuse

James F. Connelly
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE,
committed as follows:

The said

James F. Connelly

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *eightth*
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in the
day - time of the same day, divers promissory notes for the payment of money, being
then and there due and unsatisfied (and of the kind known as United States Treasury
Notes), of a number and denomination to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, for the
payment of and of the value of *\$47.05* *forty - seven*

dollars; divers other promissory notes for the payment of money, being then and there due
and unsatisfied (and of the kind known as Bank Notes), of a number and denomination
to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, for the payment of and of the value of *forty - seven*

dollars; divers United States Silver Certificates of a number and denomination to the Grand
Jury aforesaid unknown, of the value of *forty - seven*

dollars; divers United States Gold Certificates of a number and denomination to the
Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, of the value of *forty - seven*

dollars; divers coins of a number, kind and denomination to the Grand Jury aforesaid
unknown, of the value of *forty - seven dollars*

and five cents

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

John W. Paul
then and there being found,

then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the
Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State
of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS, *District Attorney.*

0025

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Connors, James

DATE:

08/19/90



3758

0026

201

Witnesses;

P. G. McSweeney

Counsel,
Filed *19* day of *Aug* 18*90*
Pleads, *Not Guilty* 19

THE PEOPLE
vs.
James Connors
Grand Larceny, Second Degree.
(From the Person.)
[Sections 528, 537 — Penal Code].

JOHN R. FELLOWS,
District Attorney.

A True Bill.

*Demanded for
Aug 20 1890
Dep a/c in her
Foreman.
and recog in
Mo of West Hall
FY*

*After examination, I recommend de-
fendant's discharge upon his own
recognizance.
Aug 24/90. A. D. Barker.
JRS.*

0027

Police Court—2 District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.:

Patrick J. McGillicuddy

of No. 50 Horatio
occupation LabourerStreet, aged 25 years,

being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 9 day of August 1898 at the City of NewYork, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
and person
of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

one silver
watch of the value of ten dollars,
\$ 10 —

the property of Deponent

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by James Connors, (nowhere)

under the following circumstances:

Deponent went to sleep at 863 Washing-
ton street on Saturday night August
9 having the said property in his
possession. Deponent was lying on some
goods piled in front of said place
Deponent was awakened by some
person fowling and fumbling about
his person and deponent saw
the defendant running away, and then
deponent missed the said watch
and deponent immediately chased
the defendant but failed to
hold him at that time. The
defendant was arrested on

Sworn to before me, this
of _____ day
188

Police Justice.

0028

August 12 1890 on another charge
and was then identified by deponent,
and deponent now asks that
defendant be dealt with as the
law directs

Sworn to before me this 12 day

of August 1890

P. J. McMillen
Police Justice

Patrick J. McMillen

0029

Sec. 198—200.

2 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

James Connor being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is h \ right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against h \ ; that the statement is designed to
enable h \ if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against h \
that he \ is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that h \ waiver cannot be used
against h \ on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. James Connor

Question. How old are you?

Answer. 33 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. N.Y.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. 48 10th Avenue 6 years

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. Laborer

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer. I am not guilty - I never
saw the man in my
life until after I was
arrested,
James Connor.

Taken before me this

day of

August 1888

103

Do Deputy Police Justice

0030

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

James Connor
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of ~~Eighteen~~ Hundred Dollars,.....and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated *Sept 13* 18*80* *D. J. C. [Signature]* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....18..... Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated.....18..... Police Justice.

0031

Police Court--- 2 ¹²⁴⁰ District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

P. J. Mc Gillicuddy
5'0 Warator
James Connors

2

3

4

Offence

Larceny
felony

Dated

August 13 188*90*

O. Reilly

Magistrate.

Carey

Officer.

26

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

\$ *15.00* to answer

COMMITTED

gh 2
James

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

0032

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

James Connors

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

James Connors
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY in the *second* degree committed as follows:

The said

James Connors

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *ninth*
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety, in the *day* - time of the said day, at the City and County
aforesaid, with force and arms,

*one watch of the value
of ten dollars*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Patrick J. Mc Gillivuddy*
on the person of the said *Patrick J. Mc Gillivuddy*
then and there being found, from the person of the said *Patrick J. Mc Gillivuddy*
then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such
case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their
dignity.

John R. Fellow,
District Attorney

0033

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Cook, Christina

DATE:

08/14/90



3758

0034

Witnesses;

M. H. Schulz

144.

Cham

Counsel,

Filed

day of

188

Aug 14

Pleads,

for entry 18

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Christina Cook

KEEPING A HOUSE OF IL. FAME, Etc.
[Sections 322 and 385, Penal Code]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.
Transferred to the Court of Special
Sessions for trial and final disposition

Part 2 Sept. 2d 1889

A True Bill.

Demanded for

Foreman.
on for Monday
Aug 18th 1889
Bail Notice taken
by Counsel

0035

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Christina Cook

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

(Sec. 322,
Penal Code.)

Christina Cook
of the CRIME OF KEEPING AND MAINTAINING A COMMON BAWDY HOUSE AND
HOUSE OF ILL-FAME, committed as follows:

The said

Christina Cook

late of the *10th* Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid,
on the *eighteenth* day of *July* in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and ~~eighty-nine~~ *ninety*, and on divers other days and times, as well
before as afterwards, to the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and
County aforesaid, a certain common bawdy house and house of ill-fame, unlawfully and
wickedly did keep and maintain; and in the said house divers evil-disposed persons, as well
men as women, and common prostitutes, on the days and times aforesaid, as well in the night
as in the day, there unlawfully and wickedly did receive and entertain; and in which said
house the said evil-disposed persons and common prostitutes, by the consent and procurement
of the said

Christina Cook

on the days and times aforesaid, there did commit whoredom and fornication; whereby divers
unlawful assemblies, disturbances and lewd offences on the days and times aforesaid, as well
in the night as in the day, were there committed and perpetrated; to the great damage and
common nuisance of all the good people of the said State there inhabiting and residing, in
manifest destruction and subversion of and against good morals and good manners, against
the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of
the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Christina Cook
of the CRIME OF MAINTAINING A PUBLIC NUISANCE, committed as follows:

(Section 385,
Penal Code.)

The said

Christina Cook

late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the *eighteenth*
day of *July* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred

0036

and ~~eighty-~~*ninety*, and on divers other days and times between the said day and the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, unlawfully did keep and maintain a certain common, ill-governed house, and in *her* said house, for *her* own lucre and gain, certain persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, as well men as women, of evil name and fame and dishonest conversation, to frequent and come together then and on said other days and times, there unlawfully and wilfully did cause and procure, and the said men and women in said house, at unlawful times, as well in the night as in the day, then and on said other days and times there to be and remain, tippling, drinking, gaming, cursing, swearing, quarreling, making great noises and otherwise misbehaving themselves, unlawfully and wilfully did permit and suffer, to the great annoyance, injury and danger of the comfort and repose of a great number of persons, good citizens of our said State there residing, and passing and repassing, to the common nuisance of the said citizens, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

THIRD COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

(Section 322
Penal Code.)

of the CRIME OF KEEPING A DISORDERLY HOUSE, committed as follows:

The said

Christina Cook
Christina Cook
late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the *eighteenth* day of *July* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ~~eighty~~ *ninety*, and on divers other days and times between the said day and the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, unlawfully did keep a certain ill-governed and disorderly house, the same being a place of public resort, and in the said house and place of public resort, for *her* own lucre and gain, certain persons, as well men as women, of evil name and fame, and of dishonest conversation, to frequent and come together, then and on the said other days and times, there unlawfully and wilfully did cause and procure, and the said men and women in *her* said house, at unlawful times, as well in the night as in the day, then and on the said other days and times, there to be and remain, drinking, tippling, gambling, rioting, disturbing the peace, whoring and misbehaving themselves, unlawfully and wilfully did permit, and yet continues to permit, by reason whereof the peace, comfort and decency of the neighborhood around and about the said house were, and yet are, habitually disturbed, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

0037

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Cook, J. Bartlett

DATE:

08/05/90



3758

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

0038

Witnesses:

Wm C. King

Counsel,

Filed

day of Aug 1890

Pleaded

Not Guilty (vs)

THE PEOPLE

(Sections 528 and 53 of the Penal Code).

P

J. Bartlett Cook

1230

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A True Bill

Foreman.

Aug. 28. 1890

Ordered and convicted

G. L. 2 dy.

4 Apr 1891

Received from Clerk
my Contract between
myself and the American
Development Co.

Sept 8th 1891

John D. R. Taylor

0039

THE Banker and Investor

A WEEKLY JOURNAL DEVOTED TO BANKING, RAILWAY AND
GENERAL INVESTMENT INTERESTS.

VOLUME I.
NUMBER I.

Philadelphia August 16th, 1890.

10 CENTS A NUMBER.
\$4.00 PER ANNUM.

0040

Court of General Sessions.

Part 1.

The People of the State of New York, ; Before Hon. Fred-
; erick Smyth, and a
a g a i n s t ;
J. Bartlett Cook ; Jury.

Indictment filed August 5th. 1890.
Indicted for Grand Larceny in the Second Degree.

New York August 27th. 1890.

Appearances; For the people, Assistant District Attorney, A. D. Parker.

For the defendant, Henry Seldner.

WILLIAM C, KING, a witness for the People, sworn testified.

I live at No. 39 Clinton place in this City. I am a newspaper mailer. In February last I was employed by the American Development Co. . About February I saw an advertisement in the World, and I answered it, and I got an answer back from J. Bartlett Cook, President of the company. After I received the answer I went and saw him at his office at 45 Broadway. When I went there I asked him if the position was filled. I told him I called in answer to the advertisement, and he said no the position was not filled, and I made a contract with him. He told me that ~~he~~^I would get fifteen dollars a week. He told me my occupation would be handling securities and monies, and that I would have to put up a bond of \$200 as a guarantee for my honesty, that was all that took place at that time. Before I left I told him that I would put up the (\$200. as security. I afterwards received

0041

2

from him a contract in writing signed J. Bartlett Cook. The
The paper which you show me is the contract which I re-
ceived.

Mr. Parker;-- The paper is as follows;--

" This agreement made this 26th day of February by and
" between the American Development Company of the City of
" New York. and William C. King of the City of New York,
" Witnesseth; That the said company hereby agrees to
" employ said King for the term of one year from the 27th
" day of February 1890, at a weekly salary of \$15.00
" for the first three months, and a weekly salary of \$18.00
" for the second three months. His salary thereafter to be
" in accordance with the value of his services. Said King
" on his part agreeing to perform his duties intelligently
" and faithfully under the directions of the officers of
" said company, and as a guarantee for his honest accounting
" for all monies and securities which may be intrusted to
" him by said company, belonging to it or its customers,
" he deposits with the said company the sum of \$200.00
" receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, which sum is to
" be increased to \$250.00 by the retention of \$5.00 per week
from the salary of said King for the term of ten weeks,
" from which sum of \$200. the said sum ~~is to~~ may have
" increased by the aforesaid agreement will be returned
" to the said King by said company upon the cancellation of
" this contract, provided there is no charge of dishonesty
" resting against him. And it is furthermore agreed
" and understood that this contract may be cancelled in

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" the event of any s dissatisfaction on the part of either
" party, to ~~it~~; by the giving of one weeks notice by one
" to the other.

"In witness whereof the parties to this
" agreement have hereunto set their hands
" and seals on the day and year first above
" written.

American Developement Company.
by J. Bartlett Cook, Prest.

William C. King.

I then entered into the employ of Mr. Cook on the 25th day of February last and remained in it for three weeks and three days. I attended at the office No. 45 Broadway each day. Four other gentlemen were employed there as clerks. My occupation was principally in copying some specifications about water works and writing out circulars. I took any orders that I got from Mr. Cook. I did nothing else besides get out these circulars. At the end of the first week I asked Mr. Cook for my pay and he told me that he hadn't got it, that he would pay me in a fortnight, or the week afterwards. In a few days afterwards I received \$15. from Mr. Cook, and I handed in my resignation by the hand of Mr. Tyler one of the clerks. Some few days after that Mr. Cook dissapeared and I didn't see him until I saw him in the Tombs. I asked him to return me my money but I have ~~never~~ received a cent of it since. When I saw him in the Tombs he told me that when he went ~~it~~ away from his office he s was sick and had to go.

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Cross-examination.

Q. When did you first hear of the American Development Co?

A. From the advertisement in the paper.

Q. That advertisement attracted you; you called at No. 45 Broadway?

A. Yes sir.

Q. Was it signed by anybody? A. No sir.

Q. What did you say when you saw the defendant?

A. I asked him if the position was filled. I also asked him what the work was, and he told me I would have to do some writing and copying, and that was all.

Q. Did you know what was the company? A. I knew the name was the American Development Company.

Q. You never saw Mr. Cook before that? A. No sir.

Q. Did you ask Mr. Cook what the business was there? A.

A. No sir.

Q. You took it for granted that it was all right?

A. Yes sir.

Q. And you worked there for three weeks and three days doing what? A. Writing out these circulars.

Q. When did you first find fault with the company or with Mr. Cook? A. When I didn't receive my salary when it was due.

Q. Did you see Mr. Cook at the time you handed in your resignation? A. No sir, Mr. Tyler laid it on his desk.

Q. Did you speak to any of the officers of the company?

A. No sir. I simply handed in my resignation.

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Q. What induced you to go to the Tombs?

A. I wanted to see what Mr. Cook had to say for himself.

JOHN B. R. TYLER, a witness for the People, being duly sworn testified;----

I live at No. 222 East 81st street. I am a clerk by occupation. I know the defendant J. Bartlett Cook. On March 4th I entered into the employ of the American Development Company at 45 Broadway. I am acquainted with Mr. King. I recollect dictating to him, his resignation, and placing it upon Mr. Cook's desk when he had written it. In this resignation he stated that he was dissatisfied with the position, and he demanded his security. After he had written the resignation he handed it to me and I put it with Mr. Cook's mail on his desk. I saw Mr. Cook when he came in, take up his mail and go over it. I couldn't say that I saw him open this particular letter. I remember the occasion of Mr. Cook's disappearance. He went away on a Sunday and on the following Monday I went to the office and he didn't turn u p. I deposited \$250.00 with Mr. Cook, and he gave me a contract similar to the one which he gave Mr. King.

Cross-examination.

I am 28 years of age, and at the present time not employed anywhere, I was with the American Development Company for about three weeks. I am positive that I placed the resignation of Mr. King on Mr. Cook's desk just after King had written it. I can not

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tell how many people went into Mr. Cook's room, from the time I placed the resignation on his desk until he came in and opened the mail. I have demanded my \$250. from Mr. Cook but have never received it .

RICHARD D. WALLACE, a witness for the People- sworn, testified;----

I live at 245 Clinton street in this City. I am a writer for Goodwin's Racing Guide. I am acquainted with the defendant. I made a contract with him on the 22nd of March, and deposited \$250.00 with him, and went into his employ on the 24th. I deposited that money as security for the faithful performance of my duty. I am acquainted with Mr. King. I recollect the day of Mr. Kings resignation. I wrote my resignation and on the same day I saw Mr. Cook on that day about lunch time. He came into the private office and stayed there fifteen or twenty minutes. The slip of paper which you show me Mr. Cook handed to me and told me to give it to Mr. King when he came in. I asked Mr. Cook for my money, and told him I wanted to resign. but he made some excuse and I did not get the money. At 12 o'clock on Saturday Mr. Cook told me mhe was going out and would be back again. I remained in the office until 4 o'clock but he didn't come back, and I didn't see him again until I saw him in the Tombs. When I saw him in the Tombs he remarked to me that it wouldn't do me any good if he was convicted. That

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is all the conversation I had with him. I gave him my address in case he wanted to send me any money.

Cross-examination.

I have been engaged in this Racing Business since the 6th day of February. I do not follow the races but I write for this racing Guide. I was in the employ of this Development Company from the 10th of February until the 26th day of March. I saw the advertisement in the paper and it was in answer to that, that I first met Mr. Cook. The note which I received from the Company was signed J. Bartlett Cook, President, American Development Company.

Q. Did you have any conversation with any other officer of the company in relation to your engagement?

A. No sir.

Q. You knew it was a company? A. Yes, Mr. Cook informed me so.

Q. Did you ever see a prospectus of the company?

A. Yes sir.

Q. That gives the names of the officers of the company?

A. I believe it does; but I did not know that there was any directors except Mr. Cook.

Q. You feel pretty bitter towards Mr. Cook?

A. Well I don't feel anyway more bitter to him than anybody else would under the circumstances.

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JOHN McDonald, a witness for the People, sworn testified;--

I live at No. 35 Willoughby street, Brooklyn. I am a clerk for the Metropolitan Insurance Company. I am acquainted with the defendant J. Bartlett Cook. On the 4th of March last I entered his employ, and remained there for three weeks until he ran away. I was simply doing some writing in the office at 45 Broadway. I made a contract with Mr. Cook at the time I entered his employ and deposited \$250.00. I have never received a cent of this money back. The \$250.00 was deposited as a guarantee for my honesty, that I shouldn't make away with bonds, stocks and securities. I never saw any bonds, stocks or securities to get away with. I would like to get my \$250.00 back. I am afraid I never shall. I have never seen Mr. Cook from the time he dissapeared until to-day.

Cross-examination.

Q. When did you see Mr. Cook for the first time?

A. About the first of March.

Q. You went to look for him? A. Yes sir.

Q. You went to him in answer to an advertisement?

A. Yes sir.

Q. Did you ask him anything about what the nature of the business was? A. No sir.

Q. You parted with your money? A. Yes sir.

Q. How much? A. \$250.00.

Q. And you didn't know what the company was doing?

A. No sir.

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Q. How long have you been in this country? A. Eight years.

Q. You didn't ask Mr. Cook for any references? A. No sir.

PATRICK DOLAN, a witness for the people sworn, testified;

I am a detective officer attached to the Central Office. I arrested this defendant in Philadelphia on a requisition. I met him in the Sheriff's office in Philadelphia, and took him home on the train. I said to him, "You have been doing a pretty good business in New York with those poor fellows", and he said "There were other people behind me, I think I can make this money good for those people"; and I said, "You will have to make good a pretty good amount, there are ten or twelve complaints against you". He asked me about the consequence in case he was found guilty and I told him it would be a couple of years, and maybe more. That is all the conversation I had with him in regard to the case. I didn't search him. He had already been searched by the Philadelphia officers. These papers which I produce were found upon him. These are the prospectuses of the company. I took him to the Court when I arrived and had him committed to the Tombs. I was looking for this man for nearly three months. I finally heard he was arrested in Philadelphia and I went there for him.

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Cross-examination.

Q. You told Mr. Cook in the train that there were ten or twelve complaints against him? A. Yes sir.

Q. How did you know that? A. Because that was a fact that had come to my knowledge.

Q., Where did you have this conversation? A. On the train coming from Philadelphia to New York. It was about ten minutes after leaving Philadelphia.

Q. Didn't you tell him it was better for him to plead guilty. A. I don't know whether I did or not. I told him that there was a pretty strong case against him but I thought he could get off with a light sentence if he pleaded guilty.

D e f e n d e e .

J. Bartlett Cook, the defendant, sworn, testified.-----

I am at present locked up in the Tombs. My business was president of the American Development Company. I have been president of that company since its incorporation on the 23rd of July 1889. Upon the organizing of the company I was elected president. The company was incorporated under the laws of the state of Kentucky. Its New York offices were located at No. 45 Broadway. The object of the company was to get the sale of

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American investments for the European market, and second to incorporate companies here to place their stocks on the American market, particularly industrial and manufacturing companies. Mr. Frederick M. Stevens was the Secretary, Mr. Wm. L. Miner was the Vice President. Mr. Dunn the Assistant Secretary, and Mr. Chas. Wendell the Treasurer. I had charge of the business of the company. I employed all the clerks. I recollect having a conversation with the complainant King, when he called on me in February of this year in answer to an advertisement. I asked him some general questions as to his efficiency, and saw his handwriting.

I told him in a general way what the business of the company was. The capital stock of the development company was \$300,000, with the privilege of increasing to one million. I drew up the contract which has been introduced as evidence, between myself ~~and~~ as president of the company, and Mr. King. I didn't consult with any of the officers of the company ^{about} the drawing of that contract.

I had that power. I received from Mr. ~~W~~King the sum of \$200,00, and placed it in the bank; deposited it in the bank to the account of the company. It was deposited to the credit of the American Development Co. in the bank for the use of the company. No one else but myself had power to sign checks in that company. The money thus deposited was drawn on by me from time to time and used for the benefit of the company. I don't know whether I informed any of the officers as to the receipt of this money or not.

I recollect receiving Mr. King's resignation, and I answered it with a note asking him to give me time to consider it. Shortly after the receipt of this on Saturday I was feeling very poorly and I sat down myself and wrote out my own resignation as president of the company, and left the city. My reason for resigning was that the company had failed in several negotiations, and I was quite sick, and I wanted to get away from business for some time. I went to Philadelphia, and afterwards to Washington. I handed my letter of resignation to Mr. Stevens the Secretary of the company.

Cross-examination,

I am 47 years of age. I am not married. I have lived in New York at different times since 1870. I was born in Massachusetts. I was at different times, clerk in an insurance office, manager for J. C. Ayer & Co., publisher of a Portugese newspaper called the Novomundo; publisher of a periodical called the American Athenaeum, and engaged in Newspaper work as a reporter in New Orleans and in New York. I also published a paper called the Economist, it was a financial paper. I was swindled out of that. Q. This American Development Company, was your idea was it? A. Yes sir.

Q. And all the directors were in accord with your policy?

A. Yes sir.

Q. And notwithstanding their standing and their backing the company went into liquidation in a few months?

A. Yes sir.

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Q. Where was the certificate of incorporation filed?

A. It was filed in Boyd County Kentucky. The offices of the company were in New York.

Q. What was the capital stock? A. \$300,000.

Q. What property had the company? A. It had some mining property in Idaho. I cannot recall the name of the district.

Q. Is that all the property it had? A. Yes sir.

Q. Did that represent the capital of the company?

A. Yes sir. There were two or three other companies established in connection with the Development Co., but it had no very large property; one of them was the Hecla Rose Co., and the Monmouth Water Works Co. The Water works Company was organized for the purpose of supplying water to New Jersey towns along the Atlantic Coast.

Q. It was you who drew up all the contracts for all these matters? A. Yes sir.

Q. You authorized the contracts of the company?

A. Yes sir.

Q. You drew the checks? A. Yes sir. as president of the company.

Q. It was you who requested security of these different men who came? A. Yes sir.

Q. You recollect their being employed? A. Yes sir.

Q. Did you have anything against the honesty of Mr. Wallace

A. No sir nothing except his ability.

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Q. Nor any of the other men? A. No sir.

Q. Is it not a fact that you started in at this particular time hiring people and getting security? A. No sir, it is not a fact.

Q. When you hired Mr. King did you hire him as a man bright enough to take charge of one of your departments?

A. No sir.

Q. He deposited \$200? A. Yes sir.

Q. And you made this contract with him? A. Yes sir.

Q. What was done with the money? A. It was dispersed along with other money for the benefit of the company.

Q. Did you draw money? A. I did for the use of the company. I kept the bank books.

Q. Did you get any salary? A. Yes sir, my salary was \$200 a month.

Q. Did you draw that out of this money? A. Only partially

Q. You used this money deposited by Mr. King for personal expenses? A. No sir, for the company.

Q. Where did you get the money to go to Philadelphia with?

A. I borrowed it.

Q. At the time you began to hire these men who gave the security, did the company have money in the bank?

A. I could not say whether they did or not.

Q. These contracts were drawn up and signed by you in behalf of the company? A. Yes sir.

Q. When did you write your letter of resignation?

A. My letter of resignation was written on a Sunday. On the same day I left the city, as I was feeling very sick

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Q. Did you claim that you didn't get the notice provided for by your contract? A. I don't wish to make that claim.

Q. To whom did you give your resignation?

A. I directed it to the acting secretary of the company.

Q. What time did you go to the office on Sunday to write your resignation? A. At about 12 o'clock.

I was let into the building by the Janitor.

Q. What did you do in Philadelphia? A. I was just making preparations to organize a company for the manufacture of dessicated cocoanut when I was arrested.

Q. Had you no other enterprise on hand? A. No sir.

Q. You were arrested on a charge of some kind in Philadelphia? A. I was arrested unjustly.

Q. Did you hire any employees in Philadelphia for this company you organized? A. No sir. I simply had a contract to organize it under certain conditions.

Q. Do you remember the officer arresting you? A. Yes sir, I asked him what he arrested me for and he showed me the paper. We talked pleasantly together in the car on our way. I knew when I was coming that I had already been tried and convicted in the newspapers. Everybody was against me.

Q. Did you prepare the prospectus of the American Development Co.? A. Yes sir, I had considerable to do with the preparation of it. I sent out a number of those circulars all over the country.

Q. Have you communicated with any of the gentlemen who

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Who have their names here as directors of the company?

A. I have had no opportunity of communicating with them.

Q. Are any of them here? A. No sir, I don't see any of them here.

Q. When did you see Mr. Stevens last? A. I think it was a week before I left New York. I have never seen him since.

Q. Have you tried to find him? A. No sir, because he told me he was going to move.

The Jury returned a verdict of
"Guilty of Grand Larceny in the Second Degree".

0056

Indictment filed Aug. 5-1890

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS

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Q. When did you see Mr. Stevens last? A. I put it off and

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who have first names here as directors of the company.

Joe

0057

POOR QUALITY
ORIGINAL

LATIN-AMERICAN TRADE.

The North, Central, and South American Exposition.

ITS SCOPE AND PURPOSE.

REPORTED FOR THE BOSTON COMMERCIAL BULLETIN.

On the 10th of November there will be opened, at New Orleans, to continue until the 31st of March, the North, Central and South American Exposition. Although this exposition is the outgrowth of the World's Exposition, held last year, it will be unlike it in many respects, being designed particularly to foster the commercial and social relations between the different countries of the American Continent.

The commissioners who have been sent to the Spanish-American Republics by the managers of the Exposition are sending word that important and interesting exhibits will be sent from these countries, and there is every prospect of a large attendance from them as well.

To the south and southeast of the United States are the West India Islands, the fifteen Spanish American Republics, the Portuguese Empire of Brazil, and four European colonies. Aside from the West India Islands and the European colonies, the aggregate of the foreign commerce of these countries amounts to (upon the best obtainable authority) \$903,000,000, of which \$438,000,000 are exports and \$465,000,000 are imports. Of this trade the United States now controls something like \$143,000,000, of which \$96,000,000 are the exports of these countries and \$47,000,000 the imports. That is to say, this country sells to her next door neighbors \$47,000,000 worth of goods annually, while they purchase in the markets of the world goods to the annual amount of \$418,000,000, and she purchases goods of them to the annual amount of \$96,000,000, paying the balance in gold (\$47,000,000), which is sent to Europe, and in nine cases out of ten manufactured goods are purchased which could be supplied by the United States of a better quality, and, all things considered, cheaper in price.

To a large number of our manufacturers this assertion will seem like a vain boast and not the calm statement of fact; but as "a prophet is not without honor except in his own country," so it is that we have to go out of the United States and into the factories of our European competitors to find just where our manufacturers stand in the markets of the world. About three years ago *Chambers' Journal*, one of the most conservative periodicals in Great Britain, published an article entitled "A Warning to British Manufacturers," in which it was acknowledged that there was "growing in the United States a race of artisans, who, from their intelligence, dexterity and artistic tastes, would soon wrest the markets of the world from English manufacturers unless they improved on their present products."

EUROPEAN OPINIONS.

M. Eugene Lourdelet, a commissioner from France, who has visited this country several times, in an address in 1883, delivered before an industrial society in Paris, asserted that the depressed condition of French industries was in a great measure due to the fact that the United States of America had so developed the manufacture of furniture, silk, velvets and embroideries as to be able to compete with France in the very lines of which her manufacturers had fancied they had a monopoly.

Professor Dieffenbach, a German commissioner, reported to his government that "freedom from restraint has developed the highest types (industrial) in America." He pays the highest tribute to the superior methods of our people, to their superb machinery, their better applications of power to industrial uses, to their better hand tools, and still more to their superiority in personal intelligence and energy as workmen.

Mr. Schoenhof, another German, a close observer and a writer of exceptional ability, finds that the "earnings of operatives (in a New England shoe factory) are certainly twice as high as in England or anywhere in Europe, and that the best and finest work is done at a very low cost per dozen. The degree of intelligence and nerve power which the faces of the operatives show, would hardly be found in any factory outside of America."

The above concessions by Europeans to the skill of our operatives and the excellence of our manufactures, could be almost indefinitely added to, but what has been said by them of the few industries alluded to is a fair sample of the agricultural implements, hardware and a hundred others in nearly the same degree. It is true of tools and machinery first of all, not only of themselves, but in their relation to industrial labor.

While it is true that in many instances both the cost of raw material and labor is higher in the United States than in Europe, these disadvantages are more than compensated for by the superior excellence of our labor, saving machinery and the dexterity of our workmen.

According to the census of 1880, and manufacturing establishments have been increasing rapidly since, while immigration has been falling off, the average increase of population in the New England States was 15 per cent, the average increase of manufacturing was 4 per cent. In the Western States the average increase in population was 48.2 per cent, and the average increase in manufacturing was 34.6 per cent; (102 per cent in Illinois, 235 per cent in Minnesota and 250 per cent in Kansas). In the Middle States the average increase in population was 20.5 per cent and the average increase in manufacturing was 34.6 per cent. In the Southern States the average increase in population was 40.6 per cent, and the average increase in manufacturing was 26.3 per cent; the total average increase of population in the United States being 31 per cent, and the average increase in manufacturing 37.4 per cent.

Of the \$5,369,579,191 worth of goods manufactured in 1879, according to the census in 1880, (but which according to the figures of the "Industrial League" amounted to \$8,000,000,000), we exported but 2 per cent. The whole foreign commerce of the United States amounts to but \$1,500,000,000 annually, against an aggregate production of, according to the census, \$8,000,000,000; but according to the "Industrial League" of \$15,000,000,000. According to the census our annual agricultural product is \$2,700,000,000. If these figures are correct the value of a month's revenue from our agricultural and manufacturing industries would purchase the whole fleet of Great Britain, aggregating 12,500,000 tons, two-thirds of them steamers. Our shipping engaged in the foreign trade has dwindled to 1,200,000 tons, while Great Britain alone last year built 1,027,000 tons of new ships. Out of 22 steam lines to South American ports the United States have 2.

NEW CUSTOMERS.

To the southward of us are 48,000,000 of consumers, who would be glad to buy of us our manufactured goods if the merits of these goods were properly brought to their notice, and they were sold to them on as equally favorable terms as are European goods.

European manufacturers have branch houses throughout the Latin-American countries, who study the wants of the people, and adapt their goods to them in quality, style, finish and packing. American manufacturers must follow in the footsteps of their European competitors if they ever expect the United States to occupy its rightful position in the world as a commercial nation, and they, individually, enjoy the prosperity which the excellence of their products warrants.

The North, Central and South American Exposition is intended to foster this trade both by interesting foreign visitors in the display of our own mechanical inventions and by familiarizing our own people with the characteristics of foreign markets through a display of their products.

THE *Economist* is among the most valued of our exchanges outside of the direct textile journals. The August 1st issue contains a very able article on the export trade entitled, "New England's Opportunity." We have not seen a more practical and well written editorial on the subject of South American trade as an accessible remedy for overstocking our market. The general financial and commercial situation, with valuable hints to investors, are weekly presented in a clear and sound manner, which causes the favor it is receiving in financial and mercantile communities to be richly deserved. Every cotton manufacturer should read the article above mentioned, which we intend to reproduce, but it is impractical for us to reproduce even a small part of the valuable matter contained in the *Economist*, which is published at 45 Milk Street, Boston, \$3.00 per year, directed as above to J. B. Cooke, will be an economical investment for manufacturers and financiers.

Another able article on mining by J. B. Cooke appeared in last week's *Kansas City Commercial*. His subject next week will be the coming importance of Kansas City as a mining center.

An able article on mining by J. B. Cooke will be found in last week's *Kansas City Commercial*.

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Mr. Tyler. 222 E. 81st

J. Lynch 205 E. 20

Ch. Wallace 250 Clinton St

Jas. McDonald

125 Atlantic Av.

Bklyn.

Richd. D. Wallace

241 B. way.

245 Clinton St.

William B. King

39 Clinton Place

0059

Sec. 151.

Police Court 1 District.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss. *In the name of the People of the State of New York; To the Sheriff of the County of New York, or any Marshal or Policeman of the City of New York:*

Whereas, Complaint in writing, and upon oath, has been made before the undersigned, one of the Police Justices for the City of New York, by William C. Hutz of No. 39 Clinton Place Street, that on the 26 day of February 1890 at the City of New York, in the County of New York, the following article to wit:

good and lawful money of the
United States
of the value of One hundred Dollars,
the property of Complainant
w us taken, stolen and carried away, and as the said complainant has cause to suspect, and does suspect and believe, by J. Bartlett Cook

Wherefore, the said Complainant has prayed that the said Defendant may be apprehended and bound to answer the said complaint.

These are Therefore, in the name of the PEOPLE of the State of New York, to command you the said Sheriff, Marshals and Policemen, and every of you, to apprehend the body of the said Defendant and forthwith bring him before me, at the 1 DISTRICT POLICE COURT, in the said City, or in case of my absence or inability to act, before the nearest or most accessible Police Justice in this City, to answer the said charge, and to be dealt with according to law.

Dated at the City of New York, this 26 day of March 1890

John J. ... POLICE JUSTICE.

0060

Police Court

District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,of No. 39 Clinton Place Street, aged 24 years,
occupation Clerkdeposes and says, that on the 26 day of February 1890 at the City of New
York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

goods and lawful moneys of the sum of the
United States in all of the value of
Two hundred dollars \$200.⁰⁰/₁₀₀

the property of deponent

and that this deponent
 has a probable cause to suspect and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
 and carried away by Bartlett Cook

From the fact that a few days prior to said
26th day of February 1890 deponent saw an
 advertisement in the Newspaper known as the Evening
World, to the effect that a Clerk was wanted at
W-45 Broadway Deponent went to said
 place on Broadway and there met said
 defendant who engaged deponent as a Clerk
 and he promised to pay deponent a salary
 of fifteen dollars per week, it was said defendant
 represented to deponent that deponent had to handle
 a great deal of money and bonds, and for
 surety and the proper performance of deponent's
 duty, deponent must deposit with said defendant
Two hundred dollars, deponent believing said

Subscribed before me this

day

Notary Public

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representation to be true gave said defendant
two hundred dollars as such unity and
defendant accepted a position as Clerk
and was in said position and received
fifteen dollars for such service for 4 weeks
Defendant demanded the return of said two
hundred dollars, which said defendant
refused and refused to return.

That said defendant on the 22nd day of
March 1890 said defendant ~~has~~ left his
office and has not returned to the same
and his whereabouts or whereabouts,
Defendant charges that said defendant
did unlawfully and feloniously make
said false and fraudulent representation
with the intent to cheat and defraud
and whereby he was cheated and defrauded
as aforesaid and does deprive defendant
the true owner of the use and benefit
of said money.

Sworn to before me this } William C King
26th day of March 1890 }
John H. Brown
Notary Public

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It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

.....
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of
..... Hundred Dollars,..... and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of
the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated..... 18 Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated..... 18 Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
..... guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated..... 18 Police Justice.

0063

Police Court---

1194 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Yper C. King
29 Clinton Place
J. Bartlett Cook

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3
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Lawrence
Belmont
Offence

Dated *March 26* 188*0*

Graham Magistrate.
Balan Officer.
OAP Precinct.

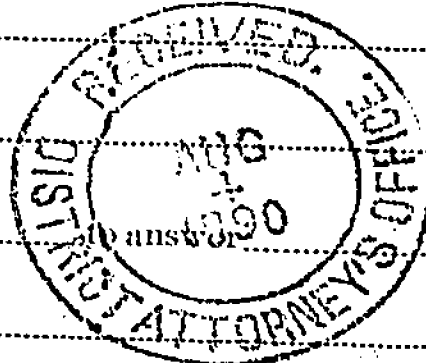
Witnesses

No. Street.

No. Street.

No. Street.

S. Street.



BAILED.

No. 1, by

Residence Street.

No. 2, by

Residence Street.

No. 3, by

Residence Street.

No. 4, by

Residence Street.

0064

art 6. 10

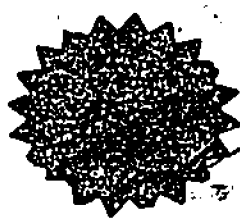
This Agreement made this fourth day of March, 1890 by and between the American Development Company, of the city of New York and John Macdonald, of the city of Brooklyn. Witnesseth that the said Company agrees to employ the said Macdonald as messenger and clerk for the term from year from the date hereof at a monthly salary of fifteen dollars for the term of three months, his salary then after to be advanced in proportion to the value of his services, the said Macdonald agreeing to perform his duties diligently and faithfully under the direction of the officers of the said Company, and as a guarantee for the honest handling of and accounting for all moneys and securities which come into his possession belonging to the said Company, or its customers, he deposits with the said Company the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars, receipt of which is hereby acknowledged, which sum is to be returned to the said Macdonald in full by the said Company, upon the

0065

expiracion or cancellation of this Agree-
ment provided there is no change of
disturbance resting against him. And
it is furthermore agreed that in
the event of any dissatisfaction upon
the part of either party to this Agree-
ment it may be cancelled by the
giving of one weeks notice the one
to the other.

In Witness Whereof the parties
to this Agreement have hereunto
set their hands and seals this
fourth day of March, 1890.

American Development Co.
By J. B. Bartlett Clerk, Ass.



John Macdonald

0066

Special attention given to Incorporating and Organizing Joint Stock Companies.

J. BARTLETT COOK,
BROKER IN
High Grade Investment Securities,
528 & 530 Locust Street,
ROOM No. 3. PHILADELPHIA.

*30 per cent advance until
further notice*
JOBBER'S PRICE LIST.

NOIX DE COCO

DECORATED TIN CANISTERS,

Four Colors, assorted.
1 lb. Canisters, 12 and 24 lbs. in case, 24c. lb.
1-2 " " 12 " 24 lbs. " 25c. lb.

DECORATED TIN CANS, Flat Top,

In One Color.
1 lb. Cans, 12 and 24 lbs. in case, 22c. lb.
1-2 " " 12 " 24 lbs. " 23c. lb.

PAPER PACKAGES,

Attractive Label.
1-2 lb. Packages, 12 and 24 lbs. in case, 20c. lb.
1 " " 12 " 24 lbs. " 19c. lb.
1 and 1/2 lb. Packages, assorted, 13 and 25 lbs. in case, 19c. lb.

10c. PACKAGE.

60-1/2's Packages, in 15 lb. hinged case, . . . \$3.75 per case.
This package is sold to the retail trade at \$4.25 per case; they
sell at 10c. each, making a nice profit.

NOIX DE COCO, in Bulk.

10 lb. Fancy Decorated Canister, 2 and 4 in case, . . . 18c. lb.
15 and 20 lb. Wooden Pails, 16c. lb.
25 " 50 lb. " Cases, 16c. lb.
Barrels, about 175 lbs., 15c. lb.

DESICCATED COCOANUT,
For Bakers' and Confectioners' Use.

In bbls. about 175 lbs.
Bakers' A, 13c. lb. | Confectioners' Strip, A, 13c. lb.
" B, 12c. lb. | " B, 12c. lb.
" O, 11c. lb. | " O, 11c. lb.
" Granulated, . 13c. lb. | " Granulated, 13c. lb.
" Macaroon, . . 13c. lb. | " Sugarless, 14c. lb.

Terms, Days, F. O. B., Philad'a.

THE PHILADELPHIA FRUIT CO.
(OVER.)

0067

Merrick Price, Chairman.

R. Morris Bateman, Sec. & Treas.

George D. Brown, Asst. Sec.

Incorporated under the Laws of the State of Penn.^a - Capital \$100,000 (Full Paid)

The Merrick Price Co. (Limited)

Stocks Petroleum Grain & Provisions.
Bought & Sold on Margin Cash or future delivery.

Direct wires to Chicago & New York & all other points.
Telephone Call 440.

439-441 Chestnut St.

Philadelphia, July 22nd 1896.

D. I. Ledger Office.

In reply to your Adv. in
to day's Ledger, would say, I think myself
capable of filling the position you offer.

I am a young man 25 yrs. of age, "married"

Have been with the above firm, about one year
as clerk. Can furnish best of ref.

Would be pleased to have an interview.

Please state amount of security required.

Hoping to receive an early reply.

I am.

Yours Very Truly.

W. L. Taylor.

237 Burns St.

Camden N.J.

Not deposited
A.W.

0068

American Development
Company.

No. 2 ed.

0069

AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$300,000.

(Fully Paid.)

Board of Directors.

G. R. F. COOPER, Vice-Pres. N. Y. Equipment Co., 10 Wall St., N. Y.
WM. A. MINER, Vice-Pres. American Finance Co., 6 Wall St., "
CHARLES WENDELL, " " " 146 Broadway, "
TOWNSEND PERCY, Vice-Pres. Globe Light Co., 6 Wall St., "
J. BARTLETT COOKE, " " " 45 Broadway, "
L. H. WILSON, Aud. Pres. & Ariz. Cent. R'y Co., 42 Wall St., "
G. L. WRIGHT, Pres. River & Rail. El. L't Co., 45 Broadway, "

Officers.

J. BARTLETT COOKE, President,
WM. A. MINER, Vice-President,
CHARLES WENDELL, Treasurer,
FREDRICK M. STEVENS, Secretary,
FRED. S. DUNN, Ass't Secretary.

London Correspondents.

THE BRITISH COMMERCIAL CORPORATION, LIMITED,
31 Lombard Street, London, E. C.

GENERAL OFFICES:

45 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY, N. Y.,

U. S. A.

0070

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Rice Investment Co.,	Fort Payne, Ala.
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Loan Co. of Alabama,	Selma, Ala.
Fred'k R. Ross, Esq.,	Denver, Col.
E. S. McCandless, Cashier Gate City Nat. Bank,	Atlanta, Ga.
Jno. Blackmer, Banker,	Columbus, Ga.
James U. Jackson, Esq.,	Augusta, Ga.
B. P. Waggener, Gen'l Att'y Mo. Pac. Ry. Co.,	Atchison, Kan.
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E. Boyd Faulkner, Esq.,	Martinsburg, W. Va.
Ro. T. Oney, Cashier Kanawha Valley Bank,	Charleston, W. Va.

0071

NEW YORK:
E. W. COOPER & CO., STATIONERS AND PRINTERS,
83 CEDAR STREET.

AMERICAN DEVELOPMENT COMPANY.

Prospectus.

The American Development Company was incorporated under the Laws of the State of Kentucky, July 23rd, 1889, for the purpose of securing control, either by purchase or otherwise, of bodies of agricultural, timber and mineral lands, ranches, water-powers, mining properties of all kinds, manufacturing and other industrial enterprises, and the securities of railways, gas works, water works, electric light and other corporations, and negotiating their sale to American and European investors.

Condition of European Capital.

In Great Britain and most of the countries of continental Europe money is plentiful and cheap, while substantial investments which will pay anything like a living interest are very scarce, it being next to impossible to find a sound security in the whole of Europe paying 3 per cent. interest. Not long since the London *Statist*, an acknowledged authority on financial matters in Great Britain, estimated that there were at that time in the banks of London alone over 200,000,000 pounds sterling awaiting profitable opportunities for investment. The tendency of the present flow of European capital is towards the United States, for in no other part of the world is there offered such strong inducements for either speculative or investment enterprise, for no other country possesses such a healthy present, nor promises such a magnificent future. The estimated amount of English capital alone invested in this country within the past twelve months is placed at \$200,000,000. To this may probably be safely added as much more from conti-

0072

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mental Europe, and the signs of the times point unmistakably to the fact that this enormous influx of foreign money into the United States will continue for some years to come, at least until the rates of interest in Europe and this country have become equalized.

Condition of American Capital.

According to Mulhall, an acknowledged authority, the United States of America is to-day the richest country in the world, its estimated wealth being \$57,000,000,000, while that of Great Britain, the second richest, is \$47,000,000,000, and, in addition, the accumulated wealth of this country is growing at the rate of \$2,500,000 daily, which is about one-third of the total daily accumulations of mankind. Although, comparatively speaking, there is not as much floating capital available for miscellaneous investments here as there is in Europe, especially Great Britain, the bulk of it being employed in the carrying on of ordinary commercial affairs, yet the amount is rapidly increasing. This is evidenced by the constantly decreasing rates of interest paid on railway bonds and municipal securities. Perhaps one of the most important indications of the accumulation of money in this country, and its consequent cheapness, is the fact that the savings banks of New York, Maine, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island and Vermont alone hold on deposit over \$1,100,000,000.

The Present Tendency of Capital.

The accumulation of money is necessarily accompanied by a lessening of its earning power, and as interest rates on so-called standard investments are lowered beyond a living or profitable point new avenues of employment for capital must be found. A marked evolution in this respect is manifest in this country similar to

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that which has been going on in Europe for many years. Railway bonds which a few years ago paid 6 and 8 per cent. now pay but $3\frac{1}{2}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and on some of the strongest roads it will not be long before loans will be made at from 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Government bonds pay but a trifle over 2 per cent. First class municipal bonds pay but from $2\frac{1}{2}$ to $3\frac{1}{2}$ per cent., and the average rate is being rapidly reduced. Real estate mortgages on improved property in all the large cities have been reduced from 6 and 8 per cent. to 4 and 5 per cent. And this is the case with all investments which combine the element of absolute safety with a living interest rate. They offer strength simply with no promise of liberal interest. Western farm mortgages are about the only securities which offer anything like living rates of interest, but the business in them has been largely overdone, and, on account of numerous recent failures of mortgage companies, it is doubtful if they ever regain their past popularity.

The evolution referred to has already commenced, and extensive investments within the past two years in manufacturing and other industrial securities mark its direction.

The tendency of capital at the present time is towards centralization, for it can not be gainsaid that a consolidation of various similar competing interests under one management means a business policy in harmony with the best interests of the different shareholders, since it means a reduction of working expenses and increased facilities for output, with a consequent enhancement of profit.

In Great Britain the formation of joint stock companies has been reduced to a science, and, advantage being taken of the tendency to centralize, "going concerns" of every character are being converted into joint stock companies, and their shares, issued in denominations of one pound and upwards, for the convenience of

0073

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small investors, are distributed throughout the empire.

Precisely the same thing is going to occur in this country. Heretofore there has been too active a demand for money here in ordinary commercial and financial affairs to permit of any but heavy capitalists to invest in any business outside of their own, but wealth has been so rapidly diffused that there are now hundreds of thousands of investors throughout the country, possessed of moderate fortunes, who, unable to obtain an income sufficient from investments of the character referred to, on account of the low rates of interest realized, are ready to invest in the shares of industrial corporations, when organized upon a proper basis, and conducted by efficient management.

Advantages of Industrial Securities.

As competition is the life of business it may be said also that it is equally its death, for the sharp competition of the present time in almost all lines forces the small manufacturer or merchant either to consolidate with others, or go into bankruptcy. By consolidation the benefit of increased capital, increase of customers and decreased management expenses are obtained. Now to go a step further and incorporate the consolidation thus effected (unless it be wise to incorporate without consolidation) means the placing of such business in a position where it can obtain necessary capital from a thousand different sources, the responsibility of management being determined by amount of stock controlled. To the manufacturer or merchant who is handicapped by want of capital this tendency to consolidation and incorporation is an unmixed blessing, while to the investors in the shares of such a corporation the advantages to be derived are very marked. One of these advantages is that in the place of an investment returning only 1 or 3 per cent. annual interest he has one which returns him from 10 to 25. In

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addition such an investor has an element of permanency and a current market value in his investment possessed by the securities of almost no other character of corporation in the world. It is permanent, for, as manufacturing industries are the very basis of a country's wealth, and are founded upon actual and increasing necessities, they cannot, as a rule, be injured except through the effect of abnormal conditions, or mismanagement, and possess a current market value which cannot be manipulated; for unlike a railway or a mine, the value of which may be temporarily depreciated by an unprincipled manager for speculative purposes, without permanent injury, the security of an industrial enterprise must be kept at its maximum value constantly, for the credit of its creator cannot be injured even momentarily except with such grave consequences as none but a criminally reckless management would incur. The advantages possessed by industrial securities may then be said to be two-fold, to wit:

1st. Exceptionally profitable: for a well managed business enterprise, either mercantile or manufacturing, should yield from 10 to 25 per cent. profit per annum.

2nd. Permanent: for manufacturing industries are the foundation of a nation's wealth, and none but an absolutely reckless manager will tamper with the credit of his company, as, having once been injured, its healthy recovery is almost an impossibility.

Railway Securities.

Although, as stated above, the average rates of interest paid on railway bonds has been largely decreased within the past five years, yet there are a large number of capitalists who are ready to take up new railway loans if offered under tempting conditions, and, as railway building in the United States at the present time is not being overdone, the securities of roads in favorable sections which

are capitalized and bonded at fair figures find a ready market.

It is more than probable that the most active railway building for the next ten years will be in the Southern States, for in order for these States east of the Mississippi River to have the same amount of railway mileage which the Northern States east of that River possess, they must build something like 65,000 miles of new road. This activity in railway building in the South has already commenced, for since January, 1880, there has been nearly 21,000 miles of new road built in the fourteen Southern States, not counting sidings and switches, and this is more than the entire mileage of these States in 1880. In 1888 the South built 35 per cent of the whole mileage of the country, and in 1889 nearly 50 per cent.

The average cost of construction and equipment is probably not less than \$25,000 per mile, so that within a few years there will be invested in railway building in these States somewhere in the neighborhood of \$1,625,000,000, independent of the capital put into extensions and improvements of old roads.

Notwithstanding the rapid increase of railways in the South, so great is the development now going on in that section that there is hardly a road which is not blocked with business, and the double tracking of nearly all of the leading roads is becoming a pressing necessity.

For many reasons it is probable that for some time to come the bonds of these new roads will be issued at not less than 6 per cent, which, considering the low rates of interest paid on the bonds of older roads, ought to make them find favor with all railway investors.

Miscellaneous Securities.

In all of the progressive towns and cities of the West, Northwest and South, franchises are being constantly obtained for the

organization of gas, water works, electric light and street car companies, and their capital as a rule, has to be obtained from outside sources. In the placing of the bonds and shares of such corporations this Company will find a most important and remunerative field.

General Plans of the Company.

The general plans of the Company are to obtain control of large bodies of land, (agricultural, grazing and mineral), issues of new railway securities, particularly those on Southern roads, securities of gas, electric light and street car companies, contracts for public improvements controlled by valuable franchises, and manufacturing, and other industrial enterprises, and negotiating their sale both in the United States and Europe.

With established agencies in London, and other European money centres, as well as in this country, a constant demand will be created for the properties and securities the Company acquires, and, by the aid of its Advisory Board, composed of gentlemen of the highest character and influence, residing at the principal points in the United States where there are the most favorable opportunities for the investment of capital, upon whose examination and endorsement the Company can conscientiously rely, it is in a position to acquire and successfully negotiate a large line of investments of the very soundest character.

The Company will pay considerable attention to the handling of the securities of joint stock companies based upon first-class industrial enterprises, believing, as stated above, that there is to be in the near future a great and permanent demand for this character of investment.

0075

12

Profits.

In an enterprise of this character it is manifestly impossible to predict with any degree of certainty the amount of money to be made annually, as the profit on each transaction must be governed by the circumstances surrounding it. But taking into consideration the present financial conditions of Europe and the United States, the enormous amount of money available for investment, the extraordinary influential connections the Company possesses, and its perfect system of operations, it is fair to say that its profits must be exceptionally large, limited only, in fact, by the ability with which its affairs are managed.

The volume of business which the Company now has in hand and negotiating is very extensive, and promises to pay a most handsome dividend on its entire capital stock within its present fiscal year.

New York, January 15, 1890.

0076

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

J. Bartholomew Rook

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

of the CRIME OF *J. Bartholomew Rook* ~~Grand~~ LARCENY, in the second degree, committed as follows:

The said *J. Bartholomew Rook*, —

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *21st* day of *March* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty ~~eighty~~ *nine* at the City and County aforesaid, being then and there the clerk and servant of *William D. King*

R. King

and as ~~such clerk and servant~~ *such* ~~then and there~~ having in his possession, custody and control certain moneys, goods, chattels and personal property of the said *William D. King*,

the true owner thereof, to wit: *The sum of Two Hundred dollars in money, lawful money of the United States of America, and of the value of Two Hundred dollars,*

the said *J. Bartholomew Rook*, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, did feloniously appropriate the said *sum of money* —

to his own use, with intent to deprive and defraud the said *William D. King*,

of the same, and of the use and benefit thereof; and the same moneys, goods, chattels and personal property of the said *William D. King*.

did then and there and thereby feloniously steal, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

~~District Attorney.~~

0077

Second COUNT:—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment further
accuse the said *J. Bartlett Rood* —

of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second*
DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *J. Bartlett Rood*, —

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *29th*
day of *March*, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
eighty-ninth, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms.

the sum of two hundred dollars in
money, lawful money of the United
States of America, and of the value
of two hundred dollars,

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *William C. King*,

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away,
against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of
the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

John McAllister
District Attorney

0078

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Cooper, Edward

DATE:

08/20/90



3758

0079

229.

Witnesses;

W. J. Reems

W. J. Carver

Primo Guard

Ch.

FR

Counsel,

Filed

20 day of

Aug 18 90

Plends,

W. J. Carver

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Grand Larceny

Edward Cooper

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

Edward Cooper

Aug 21 1890

Foreman.

Pleas G. L. ray

W. J. Carver

0080

Police Court—

District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.:

John S. Warren
of No. 216, Woodrow Avenue, New York City, aged 31 years,
occupation Superintendent, being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 13 day of August 1888 at the City of New
York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
of a person, in the night time, the following property, viz:

One Yacht of the value of
Six Hundred dollars

the property of Deponent

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by Edward Cooper (now here)

from the fact that said yacht
called the Key Wara Beech was
securely anchored and fastened
to a mooring opposite foot of
Union Place in the City of New York
in the County of Westchester N.Y. State.
That deponent last saw said yacht
at about the hour of ten o'clock
P.M. of the evening of August 13th
that at that time she was securely
fastened. Deponent now says
that he discovered said yacht
missing the following morning
and notified the Police of the

Sworn to before me, this
1888 day

Police Justice.

0081

City of Yonkers, who deponent
 believes notified the Police of
 New York City. Deponent is now
 informed by Officer Alexander Graham
 of the 28th Precinct that at about
 the hour of 12.20 PM he arrested
 said Cooper in the waters of the
 North River in possession of a
 yacht that deponent has seen
 the yacht before in the possession
 of said Cooper and fully identifies
 the same as the one stolen
 from its moorings at the City
 of Yonkers and belonging to him

John S. Warren

Sworn before me this
 14th day of August 1894
 J. J. [Signature]

Police Justice

0082

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Alfred Graham
aged years, occupation Policeman of No. 28 Duane

 Street, being duly sworn deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of John Warren
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 14

day of August 1898

[Signature]
Police Justice.

Alfred Graham

0003

Sec. 198-200.

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.
OF NEW YORK, }

Edward Cooper being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Edward Cooper

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

34 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

US

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

none

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Boatman Freeman

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty. I found the boat adrift and boarded her, and wanted to get salvaged.

Edward Cooper.

Taken before me this

day of

1888

Police Justice.

0084

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Aguedant

John guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated August 14 1890 A. J. Smith Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....18.....Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
.....guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order It to be discharged.

Dated.....18.....Police Justice.

0085

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence Street.

No. 2, by

Residence Street.

No. 3, by

Residence Street.

No. 4, by

Residence Street.

Police Court---

1269 District

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John Warren
Edward Cooper

2
3
4

Dated *August 14* 188*9*

Whit Magistrate.
Graham Officer.

Precinct.

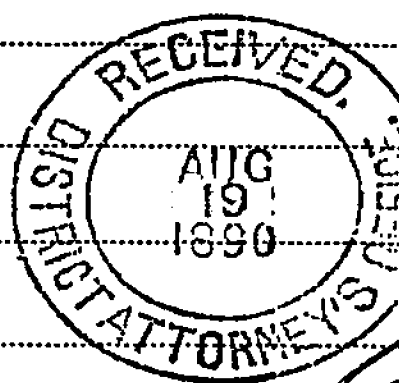
Witnesses

No. Street.

No. Street.

No. Street.

\$ *1100* to answer



0086

GRAND JURY ROOM.

PEOPLE

US.

Edward Cooper

Officer Graham
will inform the
G.J. that the prisoners
tried escape when he
attempted to make
the arrest the
complainant's
letter is attached

Person not shown

0087

Yonkers, N. Y., August 20, 1890.

District Atty.

I have just received a subpoena to attend before the Grand Jury for General Sessions at 10.30 today in the case of Edward Cooper. This subpoena reaches me within two hours of the time I am ordered to appear. I am the Supt. in the Patroon Silk Company here, for which company a receiver has just been appointed by the Court and I am at present very busy making an inventory of the Company's property for the Receiver and if I leave this work must stop and will cause a great inconvenience. I ask you therefore to postpone this case to another day when I can attend without any trouble. May I ask you to give me a little more notice so that I may bring other witnesses with me. If the matter cannot be postponed today please telegraph at my expense and I will stop the work and come.

Yours &c.,

John L. Harrow

0000

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Edward Cooper

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment,
accuse

Edward Cooper

of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *first* DEGREE, committed
as follows :

The said

Edward Cooper

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *thirteenth*
day of *August* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and *ninety*,
, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

*one yacht of the value of
six hundred dollars*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

John S. Warren

then and there being found, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away,
against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of
the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

0009

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Edward Cooper
of the CRIME OF CRIMINALLY RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY committed as follows:

The said

Edward Cooper

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year
aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

one yacht of the value of
six hundred dollars

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

John S. Warren

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before
feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said

John S. Warren

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

Edward Cooper

then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been
feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made
and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,
District Attorney.

0090

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

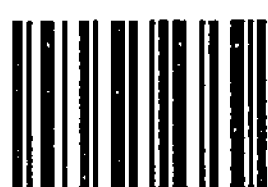
3758

DESCRIPTION:

Cornell, Sarah

DATE:

08/06/90



3758

Witnesses;

Otto Laffer
Hien A. Mark

Sept 1891
Hans Rosenthal
Buck in Ohio
Bud By

31.

Burlington

Counsel,

Filed

6 day of Aug 1890
Pleads, Not Guilty (7)

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Sarah Cornell

Grand Larceny, Second Degree.
[Sections 628, 631, Penal Code].

12 Aug 1890

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A TRUE BILL

Cambridge, Mr.

Foreman.

Aug 12, 1890

Pleads P.C.

14th Dec 75

0091

0092

Police Court 2 District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss.:
of New York, }

Otto Leffer

of No. 64 Stanton Street, aged 26 years,

occupation Bar tender being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 20 day of July 1888 at the City of New

York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
and person of deponent, in the day time, the following property, viz:

Ten dollars in
gold and lawful money of the
United States
\$ 10 -

the property of Deponent

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by Sarah Cornell (now

here under the following circumstances:
Deponent had the said money in the
pocket of his vest when worn
by him in a saloon at the southwest
corner of Seventh Avenue and
West 27th Street. The defendant
came in and was fooling
with deponent and he snatched
deponent's vest and deponent missed
the said money shortly after the
defendant went away and the
defendant, after an arrest offered to
return nine dollars to deponent
in the presence of Officer Michael A. West
now here.

Otto Leffer

Sworn to before me, this 21 day of July 1888

John J. McNamee Police Justice.

0093

Sec. 198-200.

2 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

Isaac Cornell

being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Isaac Cornell

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

23 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

N.Y.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

140 West 23 St - 2 weeks

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Iren Maker

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty.

Isaac Cornell
Maker

Taken before me this

day of

188

John J. O'Connor

Police Justice.

0094

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

Isaac Carmel
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Ten Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated July 11 1880 John Homan Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated _____ 18 _____ Police Justice.

0095

July 24th 7³⁰ PM
for exp \$300 bail

BAILED,

No. 1, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 2, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 3, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 4, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

Police Court---

1150 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,

ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Otto Laffer
164th Stampp
Jacob Cornick

2

3

4

Dated

July 21
Carman
West

1889

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

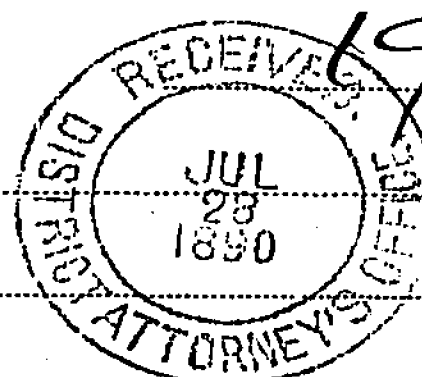
\$

1000

to answer

Can

G. L. Laffer
J. L. Laffer



0096

N.Y. 28/7.90

Received from Mrs.
Sarah Donnell the sum
of Ten Dollars

Received from Mr. Donnell
C. M. Lyster.

0097

COURT OF GENERAL SESSIONS OF THE PEACE, OF THE CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Sarah Cornell

THE GRAND JURY OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, by
this indictment, accuse *Sarah Cornell*

of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY IN THE *second* DEGREE,
committed as follows:

The said

Sarah Cornell

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *twentieth*
day of *July* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
ninety, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in the
day time of the same day, divers promissory notes for the payment of money, being
then and there due and unsatisfied (and of the kind known as United States Treasury
Notes), of a number and denomination to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, for the
payment of and of the value of *ten*

dollars; divers other promissory notes for the payment of money, being then and there due
and unsatisfied (and of the kind known as Bank Notes), of a number and denomination
to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, for the payment of and of the value of *ten*

dollars; divers United States Silver Certificates of a number and denomination to the Grand
Jury aforesaid unknown, of the value of *ten*

dollars; divers United States Gold Certificates of a number and denomination to the
Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, of the value of *ten*

dollars; divers coins of a number, kind and denomination to the Grand Jury aforesaid
unknown, of the value of *ten dollars*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Otto Loffler*, on the
person of the said Otto Loffler, then and there being found,
from the person of the said Otto Loffler
then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the
Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State
of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS, District Attorney.

0098

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Coyle, Edward

DATE:

08/22/90



3758

0099

Witnesses;

Abraham L. Goates
Joseph Stanton

and for

J. Stanfield clerk
paper

with Beck the

cor 29th & 47th av

forever

Sept 1890
the more informal
than Council - 17
J.M.

100.

Counsel,

Filed 22 day of Aug. 1890
Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

Edward Coyle

Burglary in the Third degree.
and Receiving
[Section 408, 409, 410, 411, 412, 413, 414, 415, 416, 417, 418, 419, 420, 421, 422, 423, 424, 425, 426, 427, 428, 429, 430, 431, 432, 433, 434, 435, 436, 437, 438, 439, 440, 441, 442, 443, 444, 445, 446, 447, 448, 449, 450, 451, 452, 453, 454, 455, 456, 457, 458, 459, 460, 461, 462, 463, 464, 465, 466, 467, 468, 469, 470, 471, 472, 473, 474, 475, 476, 477, 478, 479, 480, 481, 482, 483, 484, 485, 486, 487, 488, 489, 490, 491, 492, 493, 494, 495, 496, 497, 498, 499, 500, 501, 502, 503, 504, 505, 506, 507, 508, 509, 510, 511, 512, 513, 514, 515, 516, 517, 518, 519, 520, 521, 522, 523, 524, 525, 526, 527, 528, 529, 530, 531, 532, 533, 534, 535, 536, 537, 538, 539, 540, 541, 542, 543, 544, 545, 546, 547, 548, 549, 550, 551, 552, 553, 554, 555, 556, 557, 558, 559, 560, 561, 562, 563, 564, 565, 566, 567, 568, 569, 570, 571, 572, 573, 574, 575, 576, 577, 578, 579, 580, 581, 582, 583, 584, 585, 586, 587, 588, 589, 590, 591, 592, 593, 594, 595, 596, 597, 598, 599, 600, 601, 602, 603, 604, 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 612, 613, 614, 615, 616, 617, 618, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 625, 626, 627, 628, 629, 630, 631, 632, 633, 634, 635, 636, 637, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 651, 652, 653, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 661, 662, 663, 664, 665, 666, 667, 668, 669, 670, 671, 672, 673, 674, 675, 676, 677, 678, 679, 680, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699, 700, 701, 702, 703, 704, 705, 706, 707, 708, 709, 710, 711, 712, 713, 714, 715, 716, 717, 718, 719, 720, 721, 722, 723, 724, 725, 726, 727, 728, 729, 730, 731, 732, 733, 734, 735, 736, 737, 738, 739, 740, 741, 742, 743, 744, 745, 746, 747, 748, 749, 750, 751, 752, 753, 754, 755, 756, 757, 758, 759, 760, 761, 762, 763, 764, 765, 766, 767, 768, 769, 770, 771, 772, 773, 774, 775, 776, 777, 778, 779, 780, 781, 782, 783, 784, 785, 786, 787, 788, 789, 790, 791, 792, 793, 794, 795, 796, 797, 798, 799, 800, 801, 802, 803, 804, 805, 806, 807, 808, 809, 810, 811, 812, 813, 814, 815, 816, 817, 818, 819, 820, 821, 822, 823, 824, 825, 826, 827, 828, 829, 830, 831, 832, 833, 834, 835, 836, 837, 838, 839, 840, 841, 842, 843, 844, 845, 846, 847, 848, 849, 850, 851, 852, 853, 854, 855, 856, 857, 858, 859, 860, 861, 862, 863, 864, 865, 866, 867, 868, 869, 870, 871, 872, 873, 874, 875, 876, 877, 878, 879, 880, 881, 882, 883, 884, 885, 886, 887, 888, 889, 890, 891, 892, 893, 894, 895, 896, 897, 898, 899, 900, 901, 902, 903, 904, 905, 906, 907, 908, 909, 910, 911, 912, 913, 914, 915, 916, 917, 918, 919, 920, 921, 922, 923, 924, 925, 926, 927, 928, 929, 930, 931, 932, 933, 934, 935, 936, 937, 938, 939, 940, 941, 942, 943, 944, 945, 946, 947, 948, 949, 950, 951, 952, 953, 954, 955, 956, 957, 958, 959, 960, 961, 962, 963, 964, 965, 966, 967, 968, 969, 970, 971, 972, 973, 974, 975, 976, 977, 978, 979, 980, 981, 982, 983, 984, 985, 986, 987, 988, 989, 990, 991, 992, 993, 994, 995, 996, 997, 998, 999, 1000]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

Aug 25, 1890 District Attorney.

Pleaded Barr. 3 days

A True Bill

Aug 29, 1890

Fogman.

24th St. to

John

29

Police Court—2 District.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.:

of No. 361 8th Avenue Abraham L Isaacs Street, aged _____ years,
occupation Florist being duly sworn

deposes and says, that the premises No. 361 8th Avenue Street,
in the City and County aforesaid, the said being a one story frame office
attached to the 3 story brick dwelling & store 361 8th Avenue
and which was occupied by deponent as a Florists store
and in which there was at the time no human being, by name _____

were BURGLARIOUSLY entered by means of forcibly opening the
skylight of said premises, and breaking
two locks of money drawers

on the 27 day of July 1888 in the night time, and the
following property feloniously taken, stolen, and carried away, viz:

value of ten dollars; a cash of the value of the
value of four dollars and a key; a
cigar holder of the value of three
dollars and a key and three German
copper coins, consisting of one pfennig dated
1875; one penny 1886; one Koninkrijk Cent
1875 all of the value of fifteen
dollars and three cents \$ 11.03

the property of deponent.

and deponent further says, that he has great cause to believe, and does believe, that the aforesaid
BURGLARY was committed and the aforesaid property taken, stolen, and carried away by

Edward Boyle

for the reasons following, to wit: Deponent securely locked
and closed the said place on Saturday
night July 26, and found the said
skylight open and the said property
missing on Sunday morning following.
Deponent suspected the defendant who
had been employed in the place and
discharged, and when the defendant
was arrested this morning, July 27

0101

as deponent is informed by Michael
O. Meara of the 20th Precinct,
the defendant had in his possession
the three copper coins aforesaid
and the defendant attempted to
throw the said coins away at the
time of his arrest

Abraham L. Isaacs

Sworn to before me this 29 day

of July 1880

John J. Horner
Police Justice,

Police Court District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Degree.

vs.

Burglary

Dated

188

Magistrate.

Officer.

Clerk.

Witnesses:

Committed in default of \$ Bail.

Bailed by

No. Street.

0102

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Michael O'Meara
aged _____ years, occupation Poheema of No. 20th Duane Street, being duly sworn deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of Abraham L. Isaacs
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 29 day of July 1888 Michael O'Meara

John J. [Signature]
Police Justice

0103

Sec. 108-200.

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK } ss.

Edward Coyle being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to
enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used
against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Edward Coyle

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

21 years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

N.Y.

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

915 West 29 St

1 year

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Rolling Paper

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not guilty

Edward Coyle
made

Taken before me this

day of

July

188*8*

John J. ...

Police Justice

0104

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

Arnold Coyle

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Ten Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated July 29 1890 J. H. Hoffman Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated 1890 Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated 1890 Police Justice.

0105

1172

Police Court--- District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Abraham Isaacs
361 73. 5th Ave
Edward Coyle

Offence *Harassment*

2
3
4

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence Street.

No. 2, by

Residence Street.

No. 3, by

Residence Street.

No. 4, by

Residence Street.

Dated *July 29* 188*90*

Eorman Magistrate.

Michael O'Meara Officer.

20 Precinct.

Witnesses *John H. Mc...*

No. Street.

Joseph Kantor

No. *422 West 31st* Street.

No. Street.

\$ *1000* to answer *G. S.*

V. Coyle

0106

Grand Jury Room.

PEOPLE

vs.

Ed. Coyne

Abraham L. Isaac

Joseph Stanton

I am not guilty

0107

TORN PAGE

DIRECTIONS.

The Grand Jury Rooms are in the third story of large brown stone Building in Chambers Street, near Centre Street, adjoining the New Court House in the Park.

When you arrive at the witness room, hand this Subpoena to the officer or Clerk at the desk.

[SEE OTHER SIDE FOR OTHER DIRECTIONS.]

SUBPOENA FOR A V.

THE GRAND JURY OF THE COURT OF
GENERAL SESSIONS.

20 P.

In the Name of the People of the State of New York.

To Officer O'Meara

of No. _____ Street _____

YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear before the Grand Jury of the County of New York, at the Grand Jury Room, in the third story of the Sessions Building, adjoining the New Court House in the City Hall Park, in the City of New York, on the 12 day of August 1890 at the hour of 10½ in the forenoon of the same day, as a witness in a criminal action prosecuted by the People of the State of New York, against

Edward Conlee

Dated at the City of New York, the first Monday of August
in the year of our Lord 1890.

JOHN R. FELLOWS, *District Attorney.*

0108

TORN PAGE

20 P
 Officer Ostrava is sick
 and will not be able to
 report for duty for
 several days.

Sgt Ed Arroyo
 Aug 12/90

The Grand Jury calls witnesses in whatever order its Foreman pleases. The Foreman knows best for the public good. If you wait patiently on the day of attendance until your turn comes, it may save you waiting hereafter. If it is very inconvenient for you to attend on the day designated, let the District Attorney's Office or Clerk in the witness room know this at an early moment. If you do not obey this Subpoena, or do not explain your absence, the Court will enforce your attendance by attachment, and fine you. If you are ill, when served, send timely notice of that fact to the District Attorney. If other witnesses in this case are called, and another case taken up, you may know—unless otherwise advised—that the Grand Jury do not care to examine you: and you may then retire mentioning your withdrawal to the officer or clerk. If the Grand Jury adjourn, and you have not been called without explanation, inquire of the Chief Clerk in the District Attorney's office, if you are wanted again, and when.

0109

TORN PAGE

DIRECTIONS.

The Grand Jury Rooms are in the third story of large brown stone Building in Chambers Street, near Centre Street, adjoining the New Court House in the Park.

When you arrive at the witness room, hand this Subpoena to the officer or Clerk at the desk.

[SEE OTHER SIDE FOR OTHER DIRECTIONS.]

Personal Service or affidavit wanted
SUBPOENA FOR A WITNESS TO ATTEND THE GRAND JURY OF THE COURT OF
GENERAL SESSIONS.

207

In the Name of the People of the State of New York.

To *Off Meara*

of No. Street

YOU ARE COMMANDED to appear before the Grand Jury of the County of New York, at the Grand Jury Room, in the third story of the Sessions Building, adjoining the New Court House in the City Hall Park, in the City of New York, on the day of 189 *0*, at the hour of *10 1/2* in the forenoon of the same day, as a witness in a criminal action prosecuted by the People of the State of New York, against

Edward Lally Coyle

Dated at the City of New York, the first Monday of
in the year of our Lord 1890.

JOHN R. FELLOWS, *District Attorney.*

0110

Grand Jury Room.

officers only
Wanted
PEOPLE
CS.

Ed Coyle

*been on the G. J.,
Calendar a
number of
times G. J. desires
to see the officer
Officer reported
sick by Madden
Aug 20/90*

0111

GRAND JURY ROOM.

PEOPLE

VS.

E. Cople

Offo Meara

0112

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Edward Boyle

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Edward Boyle

of the CRIME OF BURGLARY IN THE THIRD DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

Edward Boyle

late of the Twentieth Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York, aforesaid, on the twenty-seventh day of July in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety, with force and arms, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, a certain building there situate, to wit: the store of one

Abraham L. Isaacs

feloniously and burglariously did break into and enter, with intent to commit some crime therein, to wit: with intent, the goods, chattels and personal property of the said

Abraham L. Isaacs

in the said store then and there being, then and there feloniously and burglariously to steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0113

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment further accuse the said

— Edward Boyle —
of the CRIME OF *Petit* LARCENY committed as follows:

The said

Edward Boyle

late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid,
at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, in the ~~night~~ time of the said day, with force and arms,

the sum of ten dollars in money,
lawful money of the United States
and of the value of ten dollars,
one pistol of the value of four
dollars and fifty cents, one cigar
holder of the value of three dollars
and fifty cents, and three coins of
the value of one cent each

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one Abraham L. Isaacs

in the store of the said Abraham L. Isaacs

there situate, then and there being found, in the store aforesaid, then and there
feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such case made and
provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0114

THIRD COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Edward Bayle
of the CRIME OF CRIMINALLY RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY, committed as follows:

The said

Edward Bayle

late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

the sum of ten dollars in money, lawful money of the United States of America and of the value of ten dollars one pistol of the value of four dollars and fifty cents, one cigar holder of the value of three dollars and fifty cents, and three coins of the value of one cent each

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Abraham L. Isaacs

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before feloniously stolen, taken and carried away from the said

Abraham L. Isaacs

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

Edward Bayle

then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been feloniously stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,
District Attorney.

0115

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

3758

DESCRIPTION:

Craig, Edward

DATE:

08/05/90



3758

0116

BOX:

406

FOLDER:

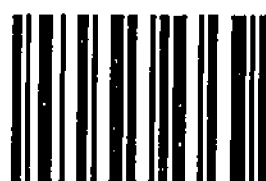
3758

DESCRIPTION:

Craig, Edward

DATE:

08/05/90



3758

Witnesses;

Rose O'Brien

dear for office

for

16.

Counsel,

Filed

5 day of Aug 18 90

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

and Retit of account.
[Section 497, 526, 528 and 532.]
Tried in the second degree.

I

Edward Craig

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

Edward L. H. Jr.

Forman.

Aug 6 1890

Pleado D. L.

G. M. R. B. H.

Aug 8, 1890-71 8

0117

0118

Police Court— District.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,

of No. 221 Fifth Street, aged 17 years,
occupation Married and kept house being duly sworn

deposes and says, that the premises No. 221, 5th Street, Ward
in the City and County aforesaid the said being a three story brick
new tenement.

and which was occupied by deponent as a dwelling Room O'Brien
and in which there was at the time a human being, by name
this deponent.

were BURGLARIOUSLY entered by means of forcibly turning the
knob of the door leading from
the hallway in the 1st floor of said
premises and opening said door

on the 17th day of July 1888 in the night time, and the
following property feloniously taken, stolen, and carried away, viz:

One leather pocket-book of
the value of twenty five cents.

the property of deponent
and deponent further says, that he has great cause to believe, and does believe, that the aforesaid
BURGLARY was committed and the aforesaid property taken, stolen and carried away by

Edward Craig (now here).

for the reasons following, to wit:

that at about the
hour of nine o'clock P. M.
said date deponent closed said
door and retired to bed. Learning
said pocket-book lying in a bureau
in deponent's room.
deponent is informed by George
Smith of No 221, 5th Street, that
at about the hour of 11.15 o'clock

0119

P.M. said date he heard a noise and saw this defendant in the act of leaving apartment. Apartment is further informed by Officer William Forner that after he arrested the defendant he searched him and found a pocket-book in his possession.

Defendant further says that she has since seen said pocket-book so found in the defendant's possession and fully identifies it as her property and charges this defendant with burglary entering said premises as aforesaid and feloniously taking stealing and carrying away said property.

Served to before me } Rosie O. Brein.
this 18th day of July 1885 }

Police Justice

188

Dated

Guilty of the offence within mentioned, I order he to be discharged.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named

Police Justice

188

Dated

to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

I have admitted the above named

Police Justice

188

Dated

of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Hundred Dollars and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of

committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been

Police Court, District,

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
on the complaint of

vs.

Offence—BURGLARY.

1
2
3
4

Dated

188

Magistrate

Officer

Clerk

Witnesses

No.

Street

No.

Street

No.

Street

\$ to answer General Sessions.

0120

CITY AND COUNTY {
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

aged 22 years, occupation George Smith
221.5th Marble Cutter of No.

Street, being duly sworn deposes and
says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of Rue Brien
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 18 day of July 1898 Geo. Smith

[Signature]
Police Justice.

0121

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

William Fraser
aged _____ years, occupation *Police Officer* of No. _____

14th Precinct - Police Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of *Rue O'Brien*
and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own
knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this _____
day of _____ 1887

18
July
William Fraser
[Signature]
Police Justice.

0122

Sec. 198-200.

3 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK, ss.

Edward Craig

being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Edward Craig

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

37 years old

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

Spain

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

170 Chatham St. 9 months

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Waiter

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

I am guilty

Edward Craig

Taken before me this

day of

1897

Police Justice.

0123

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

Alfred Lamb
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of *Five* Hundred Dollars,..... and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated *July 18* 18 *90* *Alfred Lamb* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated..... 18 Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
guilty of the offence within mentioned. I order he to be discharged.

Dated..... 18 Police Justice.

0124

Police Court

1118 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John H. Smith
221st St.
Edward Craig

Office of Magistrate

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

Dated

July 18 1890

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

No.

Street.

to answer

509 Gt
Room

0125

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Edward Craig

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

— Edward Craig —

of the CRIME OF BURGLARY IN THE ~~second~~ DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said *Edward Craig*;

late of the ~~Seventeenth~~ Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the ~~seventeenth~~ day of ~~July~~, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ~~ninety~~, with force and arms, about the hour of ~~seven~~ o'clock in the ~~night~~ time of the same day, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, the dwelling house of one ~~Rose O'Brien~~.

there situate, feloniously and burglariously did break into and enter, there being then and there some human being, to wit: ~~The said Rose O'Brien~~.

within the said dwelling house, with intent to commit some crime therein, to wit: the goods, chattels and personal property of the said ~~Rose O'Brien~~.

in the said dwelling house then and there being, then and there feloniously and burglariously to steal, take and carry away;

against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0126

SECOND COUNT—

AND THE GRAND JURY AFORESAID, by this indictment further accuse the said

— Edward Davis —

of the CRIME OF ~~Robbery~~ LARCENY, —

committed as follows:

The said *Edward Davis*

late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid,
at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, in the ~~night~~ time of the said day, with force and arms,

*one pocket book of the value
of twenty five cents.*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *Rose & Davis*. —

in the dwelling house of the said *Rose & Davis*. —

there situate, then and there being found, from the dwelling house aforesaid, then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

John D. Hallows
Attorney