

0806

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Fox, John

DATE:

04/01/89



3291

Witnesses:

Off. Dan. O'Kad, 22-

Counsel,
Filed 1 day of April 1889
Pleas, *Not guilty*

THE PEOPLE

vs.

John Fox

2d. 11 55

538 11 55

Assault in the First Degree, Etc.
(Sections 217 and 218, Penal Code).

JOHN R. FELLOWS,
District Attorney.

A True Bill.

Wm. Murphy

Foreman.

Wm. Murphy

Clarence A. Smith

Rem 11 mbs

No 8.

R.B.M.

0007

0000

Police Court— District.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,

of No. 22 Quarant Street, aged 26 years,
occupation Police Officer being duly sworn
deposes and says, that on the 27 day of March 1889 at the City of New
York, in the County of New York,

he was violently and feloniously ASSAULTED and BEATEN by John Fox
(now here) who cut and stabbed
deponent on the left arm with
a pocket knife then and
there held in his (deponent's)
hand.

with the felonious intent to take the life of deponent, or to do him grievous bodily harm; and without
any justification on the part of the said assailant

Wherefore this deponent prays that the said assailant may be ~~apprehended~~ and bound to answer
for the above assault, etc., and be dealt with according to law.

Sworn to before me, this 27 day
of Mar 1889

Daniel D. Kask

Police Justice.

0009

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY } ss.
OF NEW YORK,

4 District Police Court.

John Fitz being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is *his* right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against *him*; that the statement is designed to
enable *him* if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against *him*;
that, he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that *his* waiver cannot be used
against *him* on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *John Fitz*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *28 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *Ireland*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *No 538 W 55th St 2 weeks*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Labour*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer. *I am not guilty*
John Fitz

Taken before me this

day of *August* 188*9**John J. Connon*
Police Justice.

08 10

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated Mar 27 188 9 John Herman Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named

to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 188 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named

guilty of the offence within mentioned, I order h to be discharged.

Dated _____ 188 _____ Police Justice.

0811

Police Court---

460 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

David S. Kash
vs.
John D. Fox

Offence
Robbery

BAILED,

No. 1, by

Residence

Street.

No. 2, by

Residence

Street.

No. 3, by

Residence

Street.

No. 4, by

Residence

Street.

Dated

188

9

Magistrate.

Officer.

Precinct.

Witnesses

No.

Street.

No.

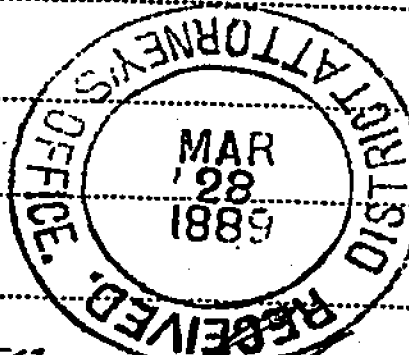
Street.

No.

Street.

\$

to answer



0812

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

John Fox

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE FIRST DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

John Fox

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
twenty-seventh day of *March* in the year of our Lord
one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine with force and arms, at the City and
County aforesaid, in and upon the body of one *Daniel D. Kash*
in the peace of the said People then and there being, feloniously did make an assault,
and *him* the said *Daniel D. Kash*
with a certain *knife*

which the said

John Fox
in *his* right hand then and there had and held, the same being a deadly and
dangerous weapon then and there wilfully and feloniously did strike, beat, cut, stab and
wound,

with intent

him the said *Daniel D. Kash*
thereby then and there feloniously and wilfully to kill, against the form of the statute in
such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York
and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

John Fox

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year
aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon the body of
the said *Daniel D. Kash*
in the peace of the said People then and there being, feloniously did wilfully and
wrongfully make another assault, and *him* the said
Daniel D. Kash
with a certain *knife*

which the said

John Fox
in *his* right hand then and there had and held, the same being a weapon and
an instrument likely to produce grievous bodily harm, then and there feloniously did
wilfully and wrongfully strike, beat, cut, stab and wound, against the form of the statute in
such case made and provided, and against the Peace of the People of the State of New York
and their dignity.

0813

THIRD COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

John Fox
of the CRIME OF ASSAULT IN THE SECOND DEGREE, committed as follows:

The said

John Fox
late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year
aforesaid, at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, in and upon the said
Daniel W. Kash in the peace of the said People then
and there being, feloniously did wilfully and wrongfully make another assault, and
him the said Daniel W. Kash
with a certain knife

which

the said

in

he John Fox
his right hand then and there had and held, in and upon the arm
of him the said Daniel W. Kash

then and there feloniously did wilfully and wrongfully strike, beat, stab, cut, bruise and
wound, and did then and there and by the means aforesaid, feloniously, wilfully and wrong-
fully inflict grievous bodily harm upon the said Daniel W. Kash

against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of
the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

08 14

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Francis, Joseph T.

DATE:

04/16/89



3291

08 15

Counsel,

Filed

day of April 1889

Pleads,

THE PEOPLE

vs.

P

Joseph S. Francis

Grand Larceny, & with Degree.
(From the Person.)
[Sections 528, 58A — Penal Code]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

April 23/89. District Attorney.

Appointed Defendant.

Guarantee.

A True Bill.

Henry W. Hickman, Sheriff State.

Detained at San Francisco.

W. M. W. B. M.

Foreman.

#240

0816

Police Court Hurd District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County }
of New York, } ss.:

William Fisher

of No. 474 Pearl Street, aged 26 years,
occupation Laborer being duly sworn

deposes and says, that on the 10 day of April 1889 at the City of New

York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
and ~~possession~~ of deponent, in the ~~night~~ time, the following property, viz:

One silver Watch, with brass chain attached
of the value of Six
dollars

\$6-

the property of deponent

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by Joseph Francis (now here)

from the fact that deponent was walking along
Forsyth Street in said City when said
defendant came behind him and took
said property from the pocket of the vest
then and there worn by him and ran
away. That deponent pursued him
and saw defendant throw said
property in a sewer north East corner
of Division ^{and} Forsyth Streets in said City

William Fisher
mark

Sworn to before me, this
of April 11
1889 day

Lo. Kelly Police Justice

08 17

Sec. 198—200.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

District Police Court.

Joseph Thomas Francis being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to
enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used
against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

Question. Where do you live, and-how long have you resided there?

Answer.

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer.

I am not Guilty
Joseph Thomas Francis

Taken before me this

day of April

188

Police Justice.

08 18

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named Defendant

guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Fifteen Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated Apr 11 1889 Samuel J. McHenry Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....188..... Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
.....guilty of the offence within mentioned, I order h to be discharged.

Dated.....188..... Police Justice.

0819

BAILED,

No. 1, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 2, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 3, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 4, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

Police Court---3

District. 563

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAIN OF

William Fisher
474 Pearl St
Joseph Francis

Offence Larceny &
H. Jones

Dated Apr 11 1889

Daniel O'Reilly Magistrate.

James J. Turner Officer.

11 Precinct.

Witnesses _____

No. Dr. John G. Inman Street.

17 East 127 St

No. Rev. J. Leonard Street.

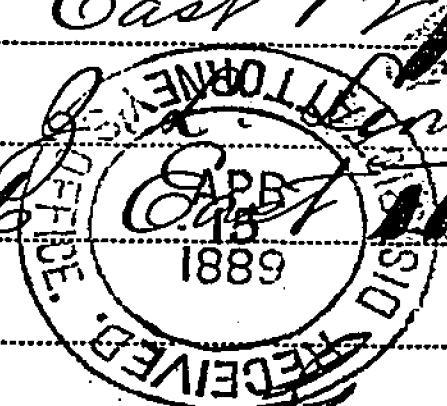
328 East 116 St

No. _____ Street.

\$ 15.00 to answer

Committed

921 memo



0020

42
The People
vs.
Joseph T. Francis.

{ Court of General Sessions, Part I.
Before Judge Martine.

Tuesday, April 23, 1889.

A Jury was empannelled to try the question of the Defendant's sanity.

John G. Truax sworn and examined.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. Dr. Truax you are one of the physicians of this city.

A. I am.

Q. You are connected I believe with the City Prison as a physician.

A. No sir.

Q. Did you have occasion under the direction of Judge Martine to examine the prisoner at the bar, Joseph Francis.

A. I did, yes sir.

By the Court. Q. Under the direction of the District Attorney.

A. Yes sir.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. This man here Joseph Francis, when did you examine him.

A. Last Friday.

Q. Where was he when you examined him.

A. In the City Prison.

Q. At what time of day or night about.

A. It was about the hour of two to three, or half past three in the afternoon.

Q. You examined him mentally.

A. I did.

Q. His mental condition.

A. I did, and physical.

Q. After such examination or investigation what do you say a medical expert is the condition of his mind.

By the Court. Q. Tell us the examination you made, Doctor.

A. I first inquired into his memory.

Q. Of whom did you inquire, of him.

0821

A. Of him, yes sir, and to test that I asked him first where he was, and he was under the impression that he was in Clinton Prison, serving out a sentence which he had not completed. I asked him how long he had been where he is now, and he said four years. I went back to this in every form and manner until I saw that it was really a delusion of which his mind was possessed, that he was not simulating it but it was a delusion. I found that he had not any correct idea as to his condition, his surroundings or where he had been for a given period of time, a long period of time. I also found that he was suffering with delusions of sound. He believed that people were entering his cell and calling him names; he believed that the officers of the prison were in collusion with these people and admitted them to his cell, especially when he attempted to go to sleep they admitted them there for the purpose of annoying him and they would call him names, names which he repeated and which will hardly bear repetition here. I found his physical condition to be this: his pupils would not respond to light, all rhythm of the action of his heart was lost; you would not count the pulsations at all, neither could you count them at the wrist. I found that he was unable to stand at all with his eyes closed; he could stand with his eyes open but the moment he attempted to stand with his eyes closed he would fall right down; I think that possibly he might do it now.

Q. Stand him up.

Witness speaking to the Defendant: Shut your eyes tight.

The Defendant did so.

Witness: Well, his physical condition is somewhat better to-day than the day upon which I examined him; then the moment he attempted to close his eyes he grabbed for me instantly.

Q. Is that a special indication of insanity.

A. It is an indication of nerve degeneration; of course that is one form of insanity.

Q. What form of insanity do you think this man has.

A. He has acute mania, there is no question about that, whether it is the effect of general paresis or not I could not say.

Q. Can you judge what produced it.

A. Of course I could say that if I could believe what he told me but ----

Q. Only from the history of the case.

A. Only from the history of the case.

Q. And that history was derived from him.

A. That history was derived from him.

Q. Is it alcoholic.

A. No, it is syphilitic -- of course it is something one is not apt to be proud of and yet they might make that as an excuse if they wanted to escape punishment, still, I have no doubt but in a sense it is absolutely true.

Q. Do you believe that these conditions are likely to continue.

A. I think that they will, I do not think he will be sound--

Q. Is he curable or incurable.

A. I believe that he is incurable, but of course there may be periods if it is of syphilitic origin he may be curable.

Q. Is he dangerous.

A. He has attempted suicide, so they told me in the prison.

Q. Dangerous to himself.

A. Dangerous to himself; of course with a delusion that he has of people calling him names he is apt to imagine that anybody whom he meets insults him and to resent the insult; that of course would make him dangerous to others.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. Doctor, do you think his present physical and mental condition to-day at this moment is of such a character and nature as that he could not understand that he was being tried for a crime and that he could not make a defence to his Counsel if put upon trial.

A. I do not believe he could understand anything you said to him about it.

Q. In your opinion is he too insane to be put on trial for this alleged picking of pockets.

A. Yes sir.

By the Court. Q. From your examination Doctor, are you able to form any opinion as to how long these conditions have lasted.

A. Well, I think that they have been at least a year and a half from what I could learn from himself personally.

Q. Taking into consideration the fact that this man is charged with having picked a pocket, I have not the facts before me fully, assuming that that were true, would that be in any way inconsistent in your view with his present condition.

A. No, I should think not.

Q. Do you believe him to be shamming.

A. No, I do not.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. It is your judgment now that he is insane and incapable of making a defence to this accusation.

4 A. Yes sir.

Q. And you believe he is likely to continue so.

A. Yes sir.

Q. You believe him to be dangerous.

A. I do.

Q. In your judgment what would be the best disposition to make of him.

A. I think he should be confined in some asylum for insane people.

By Counsel. Q. Doctor, this accusation upon which he is indicted happened on the 10th day of April, do you believe that these symptoms that you have described existed at that time from your examination are you prepared to tell us.

A. I should think they did, yes sir.

By a Juror. Q. Doctor, are you a commissioner of lunacy.

A. I am.

By Counsel. Q. You have treated a great many of these cases.

A. Yes sir.

By the Court. Q. A large number of this character, Doctor.

A. Yes sir.

Zenas L. Leonard sworn and examined.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. You are a practising physician in this city.

A. Yes sir.

Q. For how many years.

A. For the last nine years.

Q. At the suggestion of the Court and the District Attorney you, as a medical man, examined the defendant.

A. Yes sir.

Q. When did you examine him.

A. On the afternoon of the 18th of this month.

0825

By the Court. Q. Were you and Dr. Truax together.

A. It was on the same day.

Q. Not together.

A. No sir.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. A separate examination on the same day.

A. Yes sir.

Q. Tell us your opinion, after examining him as regards his sanity or insanity.

By the Court. Q. Tell us what you found and upon which you based your opinion.

A. I made an extended examination of this man's case.

Q. Covering what time.

A. Nearly an hour, and during that time I found that his memory was at fault, he had no idea of time -- the statement was that he was in Clinton Prison and had been there for four years, his term had not expired and that he had been committed for assault. I then discovered that he had very pronounced insane delusions. He imagined that he heard voices of persons persecuting him, especially the keepers and that at all times day and night; and also I found that he had delusions as to his own physical condition in that he regarded himself as being a remarkably strong man. I asked him to take hold of my hand and press it as hard as he could, I found that his force was very slight, slighter than that of a child ten years of age and as to his physical condition I found that his circulation was poor, the heart's action was at fault, so much so that he could not tell one sound from another and the pulse was almost imperceptible. The pupils would not react to the light and I found that he was not able to walk across the floor steadily and that when he closed his eyes he had a tendency to fall, no more so than I have seen to-day.

0826

Q. What do you infer from that, the tendency to fall when he closed his eyes.

A. That it shows that his nerve forces is at fault, degeneration of nerve power, incoordination.

Q. What effect would the closing of the eyes have.

A. Then the loss of power, coordination.

Q. Describe that more particularly so that laymen can understand it.

A. With his eyes open he would be better able to govern his movements, he could then exert what power he had but with his eyes closed he is altogether at a loss. I found during my examination, toward the close of my examination as a result of the examination he became excited and finally refused to make any answers, and as a result of the examination I came to the conclusion that he was not shamming. There were symptoms that it would be impossible for him to sham.

Q. You say now that it is your opinion that he is not shamming.

A. He is not shamming.

Q. What form of mania or delusion has he, what form of insanity has he.

A. His symptoms are those of acute mania.

Q. Likely to continue.

A. Yes sir, I think so.

Q. Is he dangerous in your opinion.

A. Yes sir.

Q. Why do you consider him dangerous.

A. Because with one of these insane delusions of persecution, imagining someone is persecuting him, he might strike down

an attendant or he might injure himself.

By Mr. Bedford. Q. In your opinion as a medical gentleman is he now capable should he be put on trial for this alleged larceny, of understanding he is on trial, is he capable of having an interview with his Counsel and making a defence in his own behalf.

A. I think not.

By Counsel. Q. Do you believe, Doctor, that those symptoms you describe existed on the 10th of April.

A. Yes sir.

By the Court. Q. How long do you think it has lasted Doctor, if you are able to form an idea.

A. At least six months.

The Jury rendered a verdict that the Defendant was insane and the Court committed him to the Hudson River State Hospital for the insane at Poughkeepsie.

Testimony in the

case of
Joseph V. Davis

Filed April

1891

2020

1. The first of these is the fact that the
of which is the subject of the present report
the fact that the present report is a summary
of the work done in the field of the
the fact that the present report is a summary
of the work done in the field of the
the fact that the present report is a summary
of the work done in the field of the

0829

Hudson River State Hospital

Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Octo 18 1884

Hon. John R. Fellows,
District-Attorney,
New York City-

Sear Sir,

Joseph T. Francis, an insane
criminal, committed to this hospital
May 24/84 by Hon. Randolph B.
Martine of Court of General Sessions,
escaped from this hospital this
evening by forcing the window-guards.
I have telegraphed Supt. Murray of
Police Department, & written to
Judge Martine-

Yrs Truly,
J. M. Cleanland-
Supt.

0830

Hudson River State Hospital

Poughkeepsie, N.Y. Oct. 18 1889

Hon. Randolph B. Martine -
Court of General Sessions -
32 Chambers - New York

Dear Sir,

Joseph F. Francis, an insane criminal
sent here May 24, 1889 - on your order,
escaped from this hospital this evening,
by forcing the window-guards. I have
telegraphed the Supt. of your Police
Department, & written to District Attorney
Fellows -

Yours truly,
J. M. Cleeland,
Supt.

0031

#326 E. 116 St. N. Y. Apr. 19th 1889.
Hon. John R. Fellows,
District Attorney.
Dear Sir, —

At your request I
have examined into the mental condi-
tion of Joseph P. Francis at the City
Prison.

I find that he is insane, has
pronounced delusions, and is not
capable of making a proper defense.

Yours very respectfully,

J. L. Leonard M.D.

0832

J. G. TRUAX, M. D.,

17 E. 127th St.

New York, Apr. 18th 1889

Dear Sir

I have this day, at
your request, examined
Joseph J. Francis, now confined
in the City Prison. He is
insane; consequently would
not understand the nature
of a trial or be able to make
a proper defense. He is in
such a physical condition;
that his immediate removal to
a proper hospital for the treat-
ment of such cases, is undeni-
ably necessary.

Sincerely Yours
J. G. Truax M.D.
District Attorney's Office, 7 E. 127th St.

0833

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Joseph T. Francis

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Joseph T. Francis
of the CRIME OF GRAND LARCENY in the *first* degree, committed as follows:

The said

Joseph T. Francis
late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *tenth*
day of *April* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
eighty-*nine*, in the *night* time of the said day, at the City and County
aforesaid, with force and arms,

*one watch of the
value of five dollars and
one chain of the value of
one dollar*

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one *William Fisher*
on the person of the said *William Fisher*
then and there being found, from the person of the said *William Fisher*
then and there feloniously did steal, take and carry away, against the form of the statute in such
case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their
dignity.

John R. Fellows,
District Attorney

0834

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

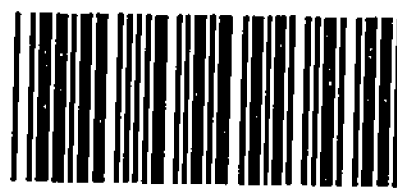
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Frank, Joseph

DATE:

04/05/89



3291

0035

Decker

Counsel,

Filed 5 day of April 1889

Pleads, Not guilty

THE PEOPLE

KEEPING A HOUSE OF ILL FAME, Etc.
[Sections 322 and 385, Penal Code]

vs.
Richard B.

Joseph Frank

vs.
April 15, 1889

He is guilty

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

Part 2 of 15 at 11:15

aged 17

A True Bill Part II May 6/89-

Pleady guilty

C. M. W. by

judgment and penalty

Part 3 1 day

man by order of

no 71

Witnesses:

Off McConney

T.

0836

Sec. 198-200.

3
District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Joseph Frank being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is *h^e* right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against *h^e*; that the statement is designed to
enable *h^e* if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against *h^e*
that *h^e* is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that *h^e* waiver cannot be used
against *h^e* on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Joseph Frank*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *28 Years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *New York*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *34 Orchard 10 Years*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Laborer*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer. *I am not guilty of the*
Charge now brought against me
by
Jury

Joseph Frank

Taken before me this

day of *March*

188

J. M. McClellan

Police Justice

0837

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named

Alfred
guilty thereof, I order that he be held to answer the same and he be admitted to bail in the sum of Five Hundred Dollars, and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until he give such bail.

Dated March 28 1889 J. M. Blount Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated _____ 188 _____ Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named
guilty of the offence within mentioned, I order h to be discharged.

Dated _____ 188 _____ Police Justice.

0838

Police Court 3^d District 484

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John McKinn
vs.
Joseph Frank

Office of the
Hon. J. McKinn

BAILED,

No. 1, by Jacob Ripp,
Residence 308 Broome Street.

No. 2, by
Residence Street.

No. 3, by
Residence Street.

No. 4, by
Residence Street.

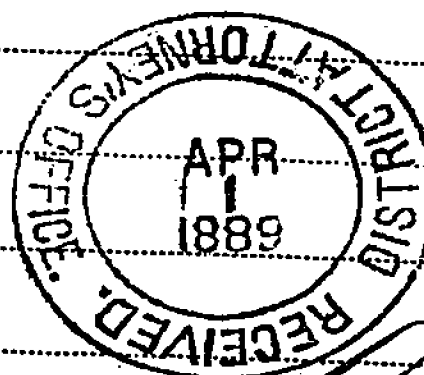
Dated March 28 1889
J. M. Patterson Magistrate.

McKinn Officer.
11 Precinct.

Witnesses
No. Street.

No. Street.
No. Street.

No. Street.
\$ 500. to answer G. S. Cond



0839

Sec. 322, Penal Code.

63 District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY { ss.
OF NEW YORK.

John M. Kivney
of No 11 Presner Police Street, in said City, being duly sworn says
that at the premises known as Number 34 Orchard Street,
in the City and County of New York, on the 26 day of March 1889, and on divers
other days and times, between that day and the day of making this complaint

John STE
did unlawfully keep and maintain and yet continue to keep and maintain a House of
Resignation and did then, and on the said other days and times, there unlawfully procure
and permit as well men as women of evil name and fame and of dishonest conversation to visit, frequent and come
together for unlawful sexual intercourse, and for the purpose of prostitution and lewdness, and then and on the said
other days and times, unlawfully and wilfully did permit and yet continues to permit said men and women of evil
name and fame there to be and remain drinking, dancing, fighting, disturbing the peace, whoring and misbehaving
themselves, whereby the peace, comfort and decency of persons inhabiting and residing in the neighborhood, and
there passing is habitually disturbed, in violation of the statute in such case made and provided.

Deponent therefore prays, that the said John STE
and all vile, disorderly and improper persons found upon the premises, occupied by said
John STE
may be apprehended and dealt with as the law in such cases made and provided may direct.

Sworn to before me, this 27
day of March 1889

John M. Kivney
Police Justice.

0840

Police Court— *J H* District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John McKiver

vs.

AFFIDAVIT—Keeping Disorderly House, &c.

Dated *March 27* 188*9*

J. M. Patterson Justice.

Officer.

Precinct.

WITNESSES :

0841

State of New York,
City and County of New York, } ss.

of No. 11 Rensselaer Street, being duly sworn, deposes and says,
that Joseph Frank (now present) is the person of the name of
John B. Frank mentioned in deponent's affidavit of the 27
day of March 1889, hereunto annexed.

Sworn to before me, this 28

day of March 1889

John W. Kearney

John W. Kearney POLICE JUSTICE.

0842

Sec. 151.

Police Court

District.

CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK, { ss.*In the name of the People of the State of New York; To the Sheriff of the County of New York, or to any Marshal or Policeman of the City of New York, GREETING:*

Whereas, Complaint in writing, and upon oath, has been made before the undersigned, one of the Police Justices for the City of New York, by *John M. Kewey* of No. *11 Avenue Police* Street, that on the *27* day of *March* 188*9*, at the City of New York, in the County of New York, *John Doe* did keep and maintain at the premises known as Number *54 Orchard* Street, in said City, a *House of Assignment* and there unlawfully procure and permit as well men as women of evil name and fame, and of dishonest conversation to visit, frequent and come together for unlawful sexual intercourse, and for the purpose of prostitution, and there unlawfully and wilfully did permit said men and women of evil name and fame there to be and remain drinking, dancing, fighting, disturbing the peace, whoring and misbehaving themselves whereby the peace, comfort, and decency of persons inhabiting and residing in the neighborhood and there passing is habitually disturbed in violation of the statute in such case made and provided.

THESE ARE, THEREFORE, in the name of the People of the State of New York, to Command you, the said Sheriff, Marshals and Policemen, and each and every of you, to apprehend the body of the said

John Doe and all vile, disorderly and improper persons found upon the premises occupied by said *John Doe* and forthwith bring them before me, at the *3* DISTRICT POLICE COURT, in the said City, or in case of my absence or inability to act, before the nearest or most accessible Police Justice in this City, to answer the said charge, and to be dealt with according to law.

Dated at the City of New York, this *27* day of *March* 188*9*

J. M. Kewey POLICE JUSTICE.

0843

Police Court— District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

John McHiner

Joseph Frank

WARRANT—Keeping Disorderly House, &c.

Dated *March 27th* 1889

Satterton Magistrate.

McHiner Officer.

11th Precinct.

The Defendant *Joseph Frank*

taken, and brought before the Magistrate, to answer
the within charge, pursuant to the command con-
tained in this Warrant.

McHiner Officer.

Dated *March 28th* 1889

This Warrant may be executed on Sunday or
at night.

M. Satterton Police Justice.

having been brought before me under this Warrant, is committed for examination to the
WARDEN and KEEPER of the City Prison of the City of New York.

Dated

188

The within named

Police Justice.

N.Y. Court of General Sessions.

The People vs.
Joseph Frank

City and County of New York ss.
Joseph Frank the above named defen-
dant being duly sworn deposes and
says that on Saturday May 4. 1889.
I removed from 54 Orchard st to
6 Varick Place, where I now reside.

Sworn to before me
his 6th day of May 1889 } Joseph Frank
Isaiah Rubin
Notary Public
wyc.

0845

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

against

Joseph Frank

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Joseph Frank

(Sec. 322,
Penal Code.)

of the CRIME OF KEEPING AND MAINTAINING A COMMON BAWDY HOUSE AND HOUSE OF ILL-FAME, committed as follows:

The said

Joseph Frank

late of the *10th* Ward of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *twenty-sixth* day of *March* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-*nine*, and on divers other days and times, as well before as afterwards, to the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, a certain common bawdy house and house of ill-fame, unlawfully and wickedly did keep and maintain; and in the said house divers evil-disposed persons, as well men as women, and common prostitutes, on the days and times aforesaid, as well in the night as in the day, there unlawfully and wickedly did receive and entertain; and in which said house the said evil-disposed persons and common prostitutes, by the consent and procurement of the said

Joseph Frank

on the days and times aforesaid, there did commit whoredom and fornication; whereby divers unlawful assemblies, disturbances and lewd offences on the days and times aforesaid, as well in the night as in the day, were there committed and perpetrated; to the great damage and common nuisance of all the good people of the said State there inhabiting and residing, in manifest destruction and subversion of and against good morals and good manners, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Joseph Frank

(Section 385,
Penal Code.)

of the CRIME OF MAINTAINING A PUBLIC NUISANCE, committed as follows:

The said

Joseph Frank

late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the *twenty-sixth* day of *March* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred

0846

and eighty-*nine*, and on divers other days and times between the said day and the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, with force and arms, unlawfully did keep and maintain a certain common, ill-governed house, and in *his* said house, for *his* own lucre and gain, certain persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, as well men as women, of evil name and fame and dishonest conversation, to frequent and come together then and on said other days and times, there unlawfully and wilfully did cause and procure, and the said men and women in said house, at unlawful times, as well in the night as in the day, then and on said other days and times there to be and remain, tippling, drinking, gaming, cursing, swearing, quarreling, making great noises and otherwise misbehaving themselves, unlawfully and wilfully did permit and suffer, to the great annoyance, injury and danger of the comfort and repose of a great number of persons, good citizens of our said State there residing, and passing and repassing, to the common nuisance of the said citizens, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

THIRD COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

(Section 322
Penal Code.)

of the CRIME OF KEEPING A DISORDERLY HOUSE, committed as follows:

The said

Joseph Frank
late of the Ward, City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the *twenty-sixth* day of *March* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-*nine* and on divers other days and times between the said day and the day of the taking of this inquisition, at the Ward, City and County aforesaid, unlawfully did keep a certain ill-governed and disorderly house, the same being a place of public resort, and in the said house and place of public resort, for *his* own lucre and gain, certain persons, as well men as women, of evil name and fame, and of dishonest conversation, to frequent and come together, then and on the said other days and times, there unlawfully and wilfully did cause and procure, and the said men and women in *his* said house, at unlawful times, as well in the night as in the day, then and on the said other days and times, there to be and remain, drinking, tippling, gambling, rioting, disturbing the peace, whoring and misbehaving themselves, unlawfully and wilfully did permit, and yet continues to permit, by reason whereof the peace, comfort and decency of the neighborhood around about the said house were, and yet are, habitually disturbed, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

0847

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Frank, William C.

DATE:

04/16/89



3291

WITNESSES:

Wm. C. Drank

Counsel,

Filed

16 day of April 1889

Pleads

Argued 17

THE PEOPLE,

vs.

B

William C. Drank

VIOLATION OF EXCISE LAW
(Selling on Sunday, Etc.)
[III Rev. Stat. (7th Edition), page 1093, Sec. 21 and
page 1090, Sec. 6.]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

C. M. Murphy
Foreman.

Transferred to the Court of Special
Sessions for trial and final disposition.

Part 2... 6441... 2.2.1889.
W.C.

0849

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

William C. Franke

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse
William C. Franke
of the CRIME OF SELLING INTOXICATING LIQUORS AND WINES AS A BEVERAGE ON SUNDAY, committed as follows:

The said

William C. Franke

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the
third day of *March* in the year of our Lord one
thousand eight hundred and eighty-*nine*, at the City and County aforesaid,
the same being the first day of the week, commonly called and known as Sunday, with
force and arms, certain intoxicating liquors and certain wines, to wit: One gill of wine,
one gill of brandy, one gill of rum, one gill of gin, one gill of whiskey, one gill of cordial,
one gill of bitters, one gill of ale, one gill of porter, one gill of beer, one gill of lager beer,
and one gill of a certain intoxicating liquor to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown,
unlawfully did sell as a beverage to one

Ira B. Ryerson

and to certain other persons whose names are to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown,
against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of
the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

SECOND COUNT—

And the Grand Jury aforesaid by this indictment further accuse the said

William C. Franke

of the CRIME OF KEEPING OPEN ON SUNDAY a place licensed for the SALE OF STRONG
AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINES, ALE AND BEER, committed as follows:

The said

William C. Franke

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards, to wit: on the day and in the year
aforesaid, the same being the first day of the week, commonly called and known as
Sunday, being then and there in charge of and having the control of a certain place
there situate, which was then duly licensed as a place for the sale of strong and
spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, with force and arms, at the City and County
aforesaid, the said place so licensed as aforesaid unlawfully did not close and keep
closed, and on the said day the said place so licensed as aforesaid unlawfully did then
and there open, and cause and procure, and suffer and permit, to be open, and to remain
open, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the
peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

0850

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

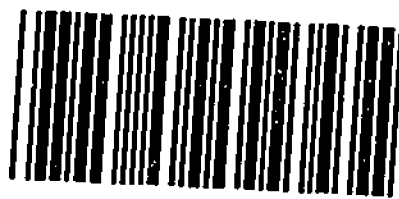
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Frankenstein, Henry

DATE:

04/16/89



3291

0851

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

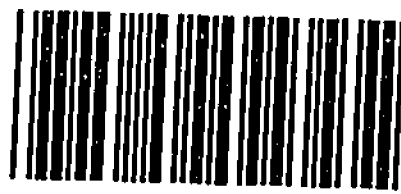
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Levy, Jacob

DATE:

04/16/89



3291

Witnesses:

Thomas M. Muel
Ed. D. Mc-Ginnis
Wm. H. M. Muel

Counsel,

Filed

16 day of *April* 188*9*

Pleads,

Chitiquit-17

THE PEOPLE

17 *E. Muel*
179 *Ed. D. Mc-Ginnis*

Denny Frankenstein

18 *Ed. D. Mc-Ginnis*
179 *Ed. D. Mc-Ginnis*

Jacob Levy

PETIT LARCENY.
[Sections 528, 529, 530 Penal Code.]

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

N^o 1 Pen 8 and

N^o 2 Pen 10 and.

A True Bill.

A. M. Muel

Forworn.
Part II April 22/89.

Both plead guilty.

Peter Larceny.

131.

0852

0853

Police Court—3—District.

Affidavit—Larceny.

City and County } ss.:
of New York,

Frank A. Stratton
of No 13 & 45 Walker Street, aged 32 years,
occupation Musical Instruments being duly sworn
deposes and says, that on the 1 day of February 1889 at the City of New
York, in the County of New York, was feloniously taken, stolen and carried away from the possession
of deponent, in the daytime, the following property, viz:

Two Musical Boxes
of the Value of Seventeen
Dollars

the property of

John F. Stratton and Son
and in care and charge
of deponent

and that this deponent
has a probable cause to suspect, and does suspect, that the said property was feloniously taken, stolen,
and carried away by Henry Frankenstein and Jacob

Levy both of New York from the
fact that previous to said
larceny the said property was
in deponent's store in said premises
and this deponent has noticed both
the defendants loitering about his
store frequently and this deponent
has been informed by Joseph Gillou
a clerk in the pawn shop of 76
Canal Street that the said defendants
came into the said pawn shop
and pawned the above Musical Boxes
and this deponent has identified
the said property as his and the
property was not stolen from his store
Frank A. Stratton

Sworn before me, this

1889

Police Justice.

0854

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

aged 20 years, occupation Joseph Gillen
Bank of No.

82 Canal Street, being duly sworn deposes and

says, that he has heard read the foregoing affidavit of Frank Stratten

and that the facts stated therein on information of deponent are true of deponents' own knowledge.

Sworn to before me, this 12

day of April 1889

Joseph Gillen

Don J. C. Kelly
Police Justice

0855

Sec. 198-200.

3

District Police Court.

CITY AND COUNTY }
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

Jacot Levy being duly examined before the under-
signed according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to
make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to
enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him
that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used
against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer. *Jacot Levy*

Question. How old are you?

Answer. *18 years*

Question. Where were you born?

Answer. *Russia*

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer. *414 Steuben Street 7 years*

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer. *Sailor*

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the
testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your
exculpation?

Answer. *I am guilty of the*
Charge and deny any fact of
any other kind

Taken before me this

12

day of August

188

A.

Police Justice

0856

Sec. 198-200.

CITY AND COUNTY
OF NEW YORK, } ss.

3 District Police Court.

Henry Frankenstein being duly examined before the undersigned according to law, on the annexed charge; and being informed that it is his right to make a statement in relation to the charge against him; that the statement is designed to enable him if he see fit to answer the charge and explain the facts alleged against him that he is at liberty to waive making a statement, and that his waiver cannot be used against him on the trial.

Question. What is your name?

Answer.

Henry Frankenstein

Question. How old are you?

Answer.

17 Years

Question. Where were you born?

Answer.

Russia

Question. Where do you live, and how long have you resided there?

Answer.

179 East Broadway 30 Years

Question. What is your business or profession?

Answer.

Shoe Maker

Question. Give any explanation you may think proper of the circumstances appearing in the testimony against you, and state any facts which you think will tend to your exculpation?

Answer.

I did not steal the property but I pawned it at 76 Canal Street I remained there 4 days

Henry Frankenstein

Taken before me this

12

day of June

188

Police Justice.

0857

It appearing to me by the within depositions and statements that the crime therein mentioned has been committed, and that there is sufficient cause to believe the within named.....

Defendants
guilty thereof, I order that ~~he~~ be held to answer the same and ~~he~~ be admitted to bail in the sum of *Five* Hundred Dollars,..... and be committed to the Warden and Keeper of the City Prison, of the City of New York, until ~~he~~ give such bail.

Dated *April 12* 188*9* *Doyle* Police Justice.

I have admitted the above-named.....
to bail to answer by the undertaking hereto annexed.

Dated.....188..... Police Justice.

There being no sufficient cause to believe the within named.....
.....guilty of the offence within mentioned, I order *h* to be discharged.

Dated.....188..... Police Justice.

0858

Police Court

562 District.

THE PEOPLE, &c.,
ON THE COMPLAINT OF

Frank A. Stratton
43 & 4/5th Walker St.
Henry Frankenstein
Jacob Levy

Officer
Lancaster

BAILED,

No. 1, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 2, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 3, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

No. 4, by _____

Residence _____ Street.

Dated April 12 1889

Wm. O'Reilly Magistrate.

M. Guinness & Sons Officer.

Central Precinct.

Witnesses Joseph Geller

No. 82 Canal Street.

James H. Gwynn

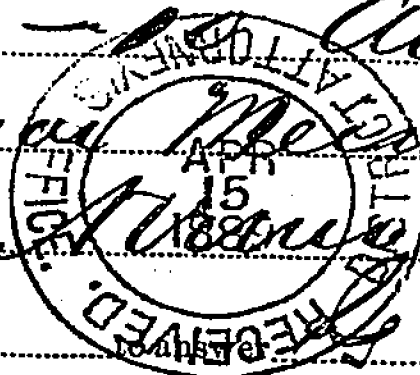
No. 203 - 1st Ave Street.

Ottoman Meeker

No. 150 Avenue A Street.

\$ 500

Committee



0859

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK

Henry Frankenstein
and Jacob Levy

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse

Henry Frankenstein and Jacob Levy
of the CRIME OF PETIT LARCENY committed as follows :

The said

Henry Frankenstein
and Jacob Levy, both

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *first*
day of *February* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and
eighty-*nine* at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

two musical boxes of the
value of nine dollars each

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Frank A. Stratton

then and there being found, then and there unlawfully did steal, take and carry away,
against the form of the statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace
of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

0860

SECOND COUNT--

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said

Henry Frankenstein and Jacob Levy
of the CRIME OF CRIMINALLY RECEIVING STOLEN PROPERTY, committed as follows:

The said

Henry Frankenstein
and Jacob Levy, both
late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: on the day and in the year aforesaid
at the City and County aforesaid, with force and arms,

two musical boxes of the
value of nine dollars each

of the goods, chattels and personal property of one

Frank A. Stratton

by a certain person or persons to the Grand Jury aforesaid unknown, then lately before
unlawfully stolen, taken and carried away from the said

Frank A. Stratton

unlawfully and unjustly, did feloniously receive and have; the said

Henry
Frankenstein and Jacob Levy

then and there well knowing the said goods, chattels and personal property to have been
unlawfully stolen, taken and carried away, against the form of the statute in such case
made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and
their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

0861

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

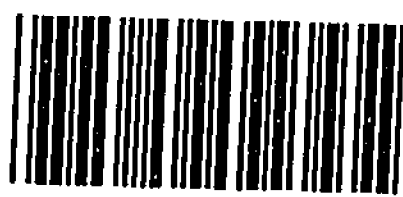
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Frebel, John

DATE:

04/24/89



3291

0062

Witnesses:

Louis Wilson

Counsel,

Filed, 24 day of April 1889

Pleads, *Guilty*

THE PEOPLE,

vs.

B
John Grebel

clerk
Sent to the Court of Special Sessions for trial by request of *the* Defendant.

422 Ave C

VIOLATION OF EXCISE LAW
(Keeping Open on Sunday.)
[III Rev. Stat. (7th Edition), Page 1089, Sec. 5.]

JOHN R. FELLOWS.

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

John R. Fellows
Foreman.

438

0863

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

John Trebel

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse John Trebel of the CRIME OF KEEPING OPEN ON SUNDAY a place licensed for the SALE OF STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINES ALE AND BEER, committed as follows:

The said John Trebel late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the thirtieth day of December in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight, the same being the first day of the week, commonly called and known as Sunday, being then and there in charge of, and having the control of a certain place there situate, which was then duly licensed as a place for the sale of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, with force and arms, at the City and County aforesaid, the said place so licensed as aforesaid, unlawfully did not close and keep closed, and on the said day the said place so licensed as aforesaid unlawfully did open and cause and procure, and suffer and permit to be open, and to remain open, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.

0864

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

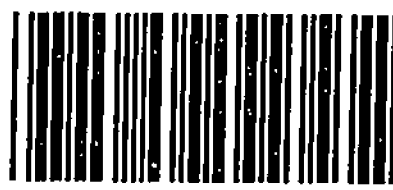
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Friend, Olive E.

DATE:

04/25/89



3291

0865

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Howard, William E.

DATE:

04/25/89



3291

0066

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Howard, Emily

DATE:

04/25/89



3291

0067

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

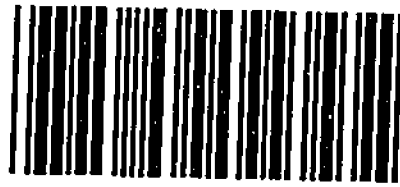
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Halstead, George

DATE:

04/25/89



3291

0868

BOX:

349

FOLDER:

3291

DESCRIPTION:

Halstead, Orrin A.

DATE:

04/25/89



3291

0869

April 18, 1944.

Mr. C. A. Lachaussee,
55 Jefferson Avenue,
Jersey City (6), N. Y.

Dear Mr. Lachaussee:

I am in receipt of your letter of April 16, 1944,
and glad to know that data previously furnished to you
answered your purpose.

Answering your further inquiry, allow me to state
that the records on file show three indictments against
(1) Olive E. Friend, (2) William E. Howard, (3) Emily Howard,
(4) George Halstead, and (5) Orrin A. Halstead, charging
Grand Larceny, First Degree, filed January 28, 1889. Complain-
ant Lawson N. Fuller. On December 5, 1889, defendants 1, 3,
4 and 5 Discharged on Own Recognizance. On June 18, 1889
defendant #2 convicted of Grand Larceny, First Degree. On
June 21, 1889, sentenced to State Prison for the term of nine
years and eight months by Recorder Smyth. An indictment was
found on April 25, 1889, against the same defendants for like
crime. On April 21, 1890, all defendants discharged on own
Recognizance except #2 defendant, who was sentenced to State
Prison.

Respectfully yours,

Clerk of Court.

JG:G.

0870

55 Jefferson Avenue

Jersey City, (6), N.J.

April 16, 1944.

Mr. F. Howard Barrett,

Clerk of Court of General Sessions,

100 Centre Street, N.Y. City

Dear Mr. Barrett:

I thank you sincerely for sending to me the dates I had requested in my letter of April 10, but one I had asked for is missing that of Judge Cowing. I can't very well use some and overlook my good friend Cowing. In my intercourse with him he always was gentlemanly, courteous and not disposed to bite a reporter's ear off, as some were. I hate like the mischief to bother you again but I have no other way to get the needed dates.

Now I dread to ask this added favor: Would your records give the name of a sugar refiner who was victimized by one "Professor" Friend Mrs. Friend and two other conspirators? They wheedled about \$50,000 (sum is from memory) out of this refiner by saying they had an electrical machine that could produce instantaneously pure refined sugar from raw beets. He fell for the swindle. All were convicted. Col. Fellows was District Attorney and he personally appeared in the case. The refiner's name, I believe, was Lawson N. Fuller, but of that I am not certain. I have made inquiries in the sugar trade but could find no one who even remembered the case. I recall the trial well, but the name of the complainant, so vital to the story, has slipped away completely.

Let me add that if this request would mean too much of a search or give your staff any trouble, please forget it. I feel like a burglar

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in asking for as much as I have.

Many, many thanks for your good wishes. They are deeply and sincerely appreciated.

Sincerely yours,

C. H. Lachance

P.S. I was about to mail this letter when yours of April 14 arrived, giving the data on Judge Cowing. Many thanks for your attention.

Again, regarding my request above. If an answer would cause too much research and extra work for any of the attaches of your office, kindly disregard it entirely. I will be none the less grateful to you for what you have done.

C. H. L.

0072

Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Olive E. Friend, William
E. Howard, Emily Howard
George H. H. H. and
Olive E. H. H.

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this

Indictment accuse Olive E. Friend, William E. Howard,

Emily Howard, George H. H. H. and Olive E. H. H.

of the crime of Grand Larceny in the first degree,

committed as follows:

The said Olive, William, Emily, George

and Olive, all

late of the City of New York, in the County of New York, aforesaid, on the

fourteenth day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand
eight hundred and eighty-eight, at the City and County aforesaid,

with intent to deprive and do grand larceny
Lawson T. H. H., who was then financially
interested in the development and successful
operation of the pretended process of
refining raw sugar described and mentioned,
and had contributed and expended large
sums of money toward the development
and operation of such process, of the
property, money and personal property
described and mentioned, and of the use and
benefit thereof, and to appropriate the
same to their own use, then and there

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fraudulently and knowingly, did I pretend and represent to the said Lawson, that one Henry Friend, husband of the said Olive, was the inventor of a process of refining raw sugar, and of producing thereby from raw sugar, refined sugar of a fine grade, at a cost of only about eighty cents a ton, whereas the cost of refining raw sugar by the ordinary and by any then known process was from eight to nine dollars a ton; that the said process invented by the said Henry was a secret process, and known only to him and to the said Olive; that on the 14th day of July, 1885, the said Henry had practically demonstrated the success of his said process, and had in the space of seven hours, by an apparatus set up in his house, and under unfavorable circumstances, refined eighty bags of raw sugar by his said process, and had thereby produced thereof forty pounds of refined sugar of twelve different sizes, from the finest granulated, up to about the size of small bird's eggs; that a great quantity of expensive and peculiar machinery had been constructed for the purpose of operating the said process, and to the rent of and located in a certain building in the City of Brooklyn in the

County of Kings, and whereby the said
 process could be made and operated
 on a great scale, and to its full extent,
 and whereby at least twenty thousand
 pounds of raw sugar could be refined
 by the said process in twenty-four work-
 ing hours; that all the said machinery
 was then completed and ready to be sent
 from the place of construction to the
 said building, and there set up and put
 in use, but that there was then due
 and owing for the construction of the
 same, the sum of ten thousand and
 eight hundred dollars, and that this
 sum must be paid before the said
 machinery could be delivered and placed
 in the said building, and before the
 same could be gotten ^{into} possession and
 utilized for the purpose of operating
 the said process.

And the said Dawson, then and
 there believing the said Hyde and
 fraudulent pretenses and representations
 so made as aforesaid by the said Olive,
 William, Lindley, George and Orrin, and
 being deceived thereby, was induced, by
 reason of the said Hyde and fraudulent
 pretenses and representations, so made
 as aforesaid, to deliver, and did then

and there delivered to the said Oliver, William, Emden, George and Orrin, the sum of five thousand and five hundred dollars in money, and of money of the United States and of the value of six thousand and five hundred dollars, of the money and personal property of the said Dawson.

And the said Oliver, William, Emden, George and Orrin did then and there feloniously receive and obtain the said sum of money, of the money and personal property of the said Dawson, from the possession of the said Dawson, by color and aid of the false and fraudulent pretenses and representations of goods, with intent to deprive and defraud the said Dawson of the same, and of the use and benefit thereof, and to appropriate the same to their own use.

Whereas in truth and in fact, the said Henry was not the inventor of any process of refining raw sugar and of producing therefrom refined sugar of a higher grade at a cost of only about eight cents a ton, and he had not invented any such process, and the same was not a secret process, and known only to him

and to the said Oliver, and the said Henry
 had not on the said 4th day of July,
 1885, practically demonstrated the success
 of this said process, and had not in the
 space of seven hours, by an apparatus
 set up in his house and under unfavorable
 circumstances, refined eight bags of raw
 sugar by this said process, and had not
 thereby produced therefrom forty pounds
 of refined sugar of the due degree of purity,
 from the refined granulated sugar to about
 the size of small bird's eggs;

And whereas in truth and in fact,
 a great quantity of expensive and peculiar
 machinery had not been constructed for
 the purpose of operating the said process,
 or to be put up or worked in the said
 building in the City of Brooklyn, or
 or whereby the said process could be worked
 on a great scale or to its full extent, or
 whereby at least four thousand pounds
 of raw sugar could be refined by the
 said process in twenty-four working
 hours; and no such machinery was then
 completed or ready to be sent from the
 place of construction to the said building,
 or there set up and put in use, and there
 was not then due and owing for the con-
 struction of the same, the sum of ten

thousand and eight hundred dollars, or any sum of money whatever, and the said sum need not be paid, nor need any other sum of money be paid, before such machinery could be delivered and placed in the said building, or before the same could be gotten into possession and utilized for the purpose of operating the said process.

And whereas in truth and in fact the pretenses and representations, so made as I foresaid, by the said Orie, William, Eudry, George and Orrin, to the said Dawson, was and were, then and there, in all respects utterly false and untrue, as then the said Orie, William, Eudry, George and Orrin at the time of making the same then and there well knew.

And so the Grand Jury I foresaid do say: that the said Orie, William, Eudry, George and Orrin, in the manner and form I foresaid, and by the means I foresaid, the said paper money and personal property of the said Dawson, then and there feloniously did steal, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

4.

Second COUNT:

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said
 Olive R. Friend, William E. Howard, Emily Howard,
 George Holstead and Orrin A. Holstead
 of the CRIME of Grand Larceny in the first degree, —

committed as follows:

The said Olive, William, Emily, George and
 Orrin, all —

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: On the day and in the year aforesaid,
 at the City and County aforesaid, with intent to deprive and
 defraud the Electric Sugar Refining Company
 a corporation duly organized and existing
 under and by virtue of the laws of this
 State, and which said corporation was then
 financially interested in the development
 and successful operation of the patented
 process for refining raw sugar known as the
 method, and had contributed and expended
 large sums of money toward the development
 and operation of said process of the
 process known and named as the
 process for refining, and by the use and
 benefit of the process, and to appropriate the
 same to their own use, then and there did
 unlawfully and feloniously and fraudulently

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and represent to the said commission,
That one Henry P. Friend, husband of
the said Eliza, was the inventor of a process
of refining raw sugar, and of producing
thereby a refined sugar, refined sugar
of a high grade, at a cost of only about
eighty cents a ton, whereas the cost of re-
fining raw sugar by the ordinary and
any other known process was from eight
to nine dollars a ton; that the said process
invented by the said Henry was a secret
process, and known only to him and to
the said Eliza; that on the 14th day of July,
1885, the said Henry had previously demon-
strated the success of his said process and
had in the presence of several persons, by an
apparatus set up in his house, and under
unfavorable circumstances refined with
sugar of raw sugar by his said process,
and had thereby produced therefrom
refined sugar of a high grade, and of a
different color from that of refined sugar
usually obtained, and of a small size, and
that a great quantity of expensive and
peculiar machinery had been constructed
for the purpose of operating the said
process, and to be put up and worked
in a certain building in the City of New
York in the County of Kings, and whereby
the said process could be worked and

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operated on a great scale, and to its full extent, and whereby at least four thousand barrels of raw sugar could be refined and the said process in twenty four months known, that all of said machinery was then completed and ready to be sent from the place of construction to the said building, and there set up and put in use, but that there was then due and owing for the construction of the same, the sum of ten thousand and eight hundred dollars, and that this sum must be paid before the said machinery could be delivered and placed in the said building, and before the same could be gotten into possession and utilized for the purpose of operating the said process.

And the said corporation then and there did receive the said false and fraudulent pretenses and representations so made as aforesaid by the said Ohio, William, Emory, George and Orrin, and being deceived thereby, was induced, by reason of the said false and fraudulent pretenses and representations, so made as aforesaid, to deliver, and did then and there deliver to the said Ohio, William, Emory, George and Orrin, the sum of six thousand and five hundred dollars in money paid

money of the United States and of the value of five thousand and five hundred dollars, of the proper money and personal property of the said corporation.

And the said Oliver, William, Emory, George and Orion did then and there feloniously receive and obtain the said sum of money, of the proper money and personal property of the said corporation from the possession of the said corporation, by color and by aid of the false and fraudulent pretenses and representations of Oliver, with intent to deprive and defraud the said corporation of the same and of the use and benefit thereof, and to appropriate the same to their own use.

Whereas in truth and in fact, the said Henry was not the inventor of any process of refining raw sugar, and of producing therefrom raw sugar refined sugar of a high grade at a cost of only about eighty cents a ton, and he had not invented any such process, and the same was not a secret process, and known only to him and to the said Oliver, and the said Henry had not on the said 14th day of July 1885, practically demonstrated the success of his said

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process, and had not in the process of removal
 however, by an arrangement set up in this
 house and under unfavorable circumstances,
 refined into sugar of raw sugar from
 this said process, and had not thereby
 produced therefrom a lot of refined sugar of
 refined sugar of twelve different sizes,
 from the finest granulated up to about
 the size of small bird's eggs;

And whereas in fact and in fact,
 a great quantity of expensive and
 expensive machinery had not been
 constructed for the purpose of operating
 the said process, or to be put up or
 worked in the said building in the City
 of Brooklyn as aforesaid, or whereby the
 said process could be worked on a great
 scale or to the full extent, or whereby at
 least four thousand barrels of raw
 sugar could be refined by the said
 process in twelve four working hours,
 and no such machinery was then com-
 pleted or ready to be put from the
 place of construction to the said building,
 or there set up and put in use, and there
 was not then due and owing for the
 construction of the same, the sum of ten
 thousand and eight hundred dollars,
 or any sum of money whatever, and the

said sum need not be paid, nor need any other sum of money be paid, and the said machinery could be delivered and placed in the said building, or before the same could be gotten into possession and utilized for the purpose of operating the said process.

And whereas in truth and in fact the pretenses and representations, so made as aforesaid by the said Olive, William, George and Orrin, to the said corporation, was and were, then and there, in all respects wholly false and untrue, as they the said Olive, William, George and Orrin, at the time of making the same then and there well knew.

And as the Grand Jury aforesaid do say: That the said Olive, William, George and Orrin, in the manner and form aforesaid, and by the means aforesaid, the said proper money and personal property of the said corporation then and there feloniously did steal, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York, and their dignity.

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7.
Third COUNT.

And the Grand Jury aforesaid, by this indictment, further accuse the said
Oliver E. Friend, William E. Howard, Rindge
George W. H. H. and Orrin A. H. H.
of the CRIME of **Grand Larceny in the first degree,**

committed as follows:

The said Oliver, William E. Howard, Rindge,
George and Orrin, all

late of the City and County aforesaid, afterwards to wit: On the day and in the year aforesaid,
at the City and County aforesaid, with intent to deprive and
defraud William H. Porter and James
H. Robertson, who were then financially
interested in the development and success-
ful operation of the pretended process
for refining raw sugar, the said Porter men-
tioned, and had contributed and expended
large sums of money toward the devel-
opment and operation of such process, of
the money, property and personal property
the said Porter described, and of the use and
benefit thereof, and to appropriate the
same to their own use, then and there
feloniously and fraudulently did they
steal and convert to the said William
H. Porter and James,

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That one Henry P. Friend, husband of
the said Olive, was the inventor of a process
of refining raw sugar, and of producing
therefrom pure sugar, refined sugar,
which costs at a cost of only about
eight cents a ton, whereas the cost
of refining raw sugar by the ordinary
and by any then known process was
from eight to nine dollars a ton;
that the said process invented by
the said Henry was a secret process,
and known only to him and to the
said Olive; that on the 14th day of
July, 1885, the said Henry had
practically demonstrated the success
of this said process, and had in the
space of seven hours, by an apparatus
set up in his house, and under very
favorable circumstances refined eighty
pounds of raw sugar by his said process,
and had thereby produced therefrom
eighty pounds of refined sugar. Of
these different facts, from the
first of which up to about the
size of small bird's eggs, that a great
quantity of expensive and peculiar
machinery had been constructed for
the purpose of operating the said
process, and to be put up and worked
in a certain building in the City of

Building, in the County of Kings,
 and whereby the said process could
 be worked and operated on a great
 scale, and to its full extent, and
 whereby at least 2000000
 pounds of raw sugar could be
 refined by the said process in twenty
 2000000 pounds of sugar, that all of
 said machinery was then completed
 and ready to be sent from the place
 of construction to the said building
 and there set up and put in use,
 but that there was then due and
 owing for the construction of the same,
 the sum of ten thousand and eight
 hundred dollars, and that this sum
 must be paid before the said ma-
 chinery could be delivered and placed
 in the said building, and before the
 same could be gotten into possession
 and utilized for the purpose of
 operating the said process.

And the said William H. Pottrell
 and James, then and there believing
 the said false and fraudulent re-
 penses and representations so made
 as aforesaid by the said Oliver, John
 R. Howard, Emily, Henry and Orrin,
 and having deceived thereby, were in-

duces, by reason of the false and
 fraudulent pretenses and representations,
 so made as aforesaid, to deliver, and
 did then and there deliver to the
 said Olney, William E. Howard, Emily
 George and Orrin, the sum of six
 thousand and five hundred dollars
 in money, lawful money of the United
 States, and of the value of six thou-
 sand and five hundred dollars, of
 the proper money and personal
 property of the said William E. Potter-
 ick and James.

And the said Olney, William
 Howard, Emily George and Orrin
 did then and there feloniously receive
 and obtain the said sum of money
 of the proper money and personal
 property of the said William E. Potter-
 ick and James, from the possession of
 the said William E. Potterick and James,
 by force and by aid of the false and
 fraudulent pretenses and representations
 aforesaid, with intent to deprive and
 defraud the said William E. Potterick
 and James of the same, and of the
 use and benefit thereof, and to
 appropriate the same to their own
 use.

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Whereas in truth and in fact
the said Henry was not the inventor
of any process of refining raw sugar,
and of producing therefrom raw
sugar refined sugar & of other articles
at a cost of only about eighty cents
a ton, and he had not invented any
such process, and the same was not
a secret process, and known only to
him and to the said Olive; and the
said Henry had not on the said 14th
day of July, 1885, practically demon-
strated the success of his said process,
and had not in the space of seven
years; and an apparatus set up in
his house and under unfavorable
circumstances refined eighty bags of
raw sugar by his said process, and
had not thereby produced therefrom
eighty barrels of refined sugar of
twelve different sizes, from refined
granulated up to about the size of
small bird's eggs.

And whereas in truth and in
fact, a great quantity of expensive
and peculiar machinery had not been
constructed for the purpose of effecting
the said process, or to be put up or
worked in the said building in which

of machinery and process, or whereby the
 said process could be worked on a
 great scale or to the full extent, or
 whereby at least four thousand
 pounds of raw sugar could be re-
 fined by the said process in twenty
 four working hours, and no such
 machinery was then completed or
 ready to be sent from the place of
 construction to the said building, or
 there set up and put in use, and there
 was not then due and owing for the
 construction of the same the sum of
 ten thousand and eight hundred
 dollars, or any sum of money what-
 ever, and the said sum need not be
 paid, nor need any other sum of money
 be paid, before such machinery could
 be delivered and placed in the said
 building, or before the same could
 be taken into possession and utilized
 for the purpose of operating the said
 process.

And whereas in truth and in
 fact, the pretenses and representations
 so made as aforesaid by the said
 Oliver, William F. Howard, Emily Howard
 and Orrin, was and were, then and there,
 in all respects utterly false and untrue,

as they the said Oline, William Howard,
Emily, George and Orrin at the time of
making the same then and there well
known.

And as the Grand Jury agreed
to say: That the said Oline, William
Howard, Emily, George and Orrin, in
the manner and form aforesaid, and
by the means aforesaid, the said paper
money and personal property of the
said ^{William H. Kettell and Jones,} ~~William H. Kettell and Jones,~~ then and there felon-
iously did steal, against the form
of the Statute in such case made and
provided, and against the peace of
the People of the State of New York,
and their dignity

John R. Fellows,

District Attorney

A careful consideration of the evidence given upon the trial of the co-defendant Howard and the statement made by the learned District Attorney, convinces me that the defendants should not be discharged under a suspension of judgment upon their pleas of Guilty. For obvious considerations it would not be proper at this time to give the reasons which induce me to deny the motion of the District Attorney. It may be that the defendants believing that the motion to suspend judgment would be granted, so such motions usually are, withdrew their pleas of Not Guilty and pleaded Guilty to the Indictment. I do not think that they should be held to their pleas and they will therefore be permitted if they are so advised to withdraw the pleas of Guilty and renew their pleas of Not Guilty to the Indictment. *Edw*
Dec 7/6; /89

of Grueby ~~is~~ ^{and then place} ~~not~~ ^{not} Grueby.

A careful consideration of the evidence given upon the trial of the co-defendant Howards and the statement made by the learned District Attorney, convinces me that the defendants should not be discharged under a suspension of judgment upon their pleas of Guilty - for obvious considerations it would not be proper at this time to give the reasons which induce me to deny the motion of the District Attorney. It may be that the defendants believing that the motion to suspend judgment would be granted, so such motions usually are, withdrew their pleas of Not Guilty and pleaded Guilty to the Indictment. I do not think that they should be held to their pleas and they will therefore be permitted if they are so advised to withdraw the pleas of Guilty and renew their pleas of Not Guilty to the Indictment. J.D.
Dec 7/89

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BOX:

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FOLDER:

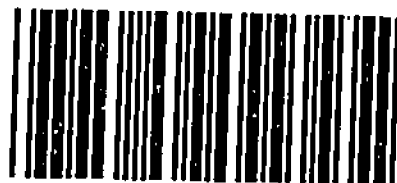
3291

DESCRIPTION:

Fuchs, Frank

DATE:

04/23/89



3291

Witnesses:

Off Meyer

Counsel,
Filed, *23* day of *April* 188*9*
Pleads,

THE PEOPLE,

vs.

Frank Bucher

April 23/89

VIOLATION OF EXCISE LAW

(Keeping Open on Sunday)
[III Rev. Stat. (7th Edition), Page 1889, Sec. 5.]

JOHN R. FELLOWS.

District Attorney.

A True Bill.

A. M. Barber
Foreman.

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Court of General Sessions of the Peace

OF THE CITY AND COUNTY OF NEW YORK.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK,

against

Frank Fuchs

The Grand Jury of the City and County of New York, by this indictment, accuse *Frank Fuchs* of the CRIME OF KEEPING OPEN ON SUNDAY a place licensed for the SALE OF STRONG AND SPIRITUOUS LIQUORS, WINES ALE AND BEER, committed as follows:

The said *Frank Fuchs* late of the City of New York, in the County of New York aforesaid, on the *third* day of *March* in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty-*nine*, the same being the first day of the week, commonly called and known as Sunday, being then and there in charge of, and having the control of a certain place there situate, which was then duly licensed as a place for the sale of strong and spirituous liquors, wines, ale and beer, with force and arms, at the City and County aforesaid, the said place so licensed as aforesaid, unlawfully did not close and keep closed, and on the said day the said place so licensed as aforesaid unlawfully did open and cause and procure, and suffer and permit to be open, and to remain open, against the form of the Statute in such case made and provided, and against the peace of the People of the State of New York and their dignity.

JOHN R. FELLOWS,

District Attorney.